Established 1887



oldiers carrying basket filled with food for the and gunmen into the Scheveningen prison.

lelease of Arab Hijacker

mates of Dutch Jail Hold **lostages After Freeing 5**

hostage."

walkie talkies.

a visiting choic.

hours last year.

pound, but that the freed man

remained inside Scheveningen be-

cause "his daughter, son-in-law

and grandchild are being held

After the first release the Justice Ministry announced that police had delivered rolls and

milk to the bostages. Soldiers were seen carrying plastic baskt:

filled with plates, rolls and bot-tles through the wooden door be-

police said they also gave the

gunmen new batteries for their

ilies to the prison services with

The four men detaining the

hostages were identified as Ad-nam Ahmad Nuri, Mohammed

Koudache, a 32-year-old Algerian

serving time for robbery, and two

Dutchmen, Daan Denie and Jan

Brouwers, in jail for holding a farmer's family hostage for 30

Nuri and another Arab guer-rilla, Sami Hussein Tamimah, 22,

were sentenced to five-year terms

for hijacking a British Airways

VC-10 on March 3 on a flight

from Beirut to London. They

diverted it to Amsterdam and

released the 102 passengers and

The four prisoners demanded

that Tamimah be allowed to join

them. He has been receiving

medical attention in the prison

hospital ward after a hunger

The police said they were sure

the Arabs had two pistols but

did not know where they got

crew before setting it afire.

AGUE, Oct. 27 (UPI) .- child later left the prison comand two Dutch contook over the suburban gen Prison chapel at vesterday released five lostages today, keeping emanded that a third mer be allowed to join

authorities, negotiating gunnen via walkie-d they would not give demand until the gunside the main entrance of the i all the women and mong the hostages.

during the they were her 9-year-old daughter -year-old man. They ted in good condition. ht two children were police spokesman sald ildren, Dorothy Korsen, r sister Ankie, 16, were ndition. The parents of ere among the hostages

ma began at 7:30 p.m. while a Roman Catholic in progress. The four d control of the chapel her convicts, apparently what was happening, ily out, the police said. rvicts included a Palesarilla airniane hitacker omplice is in the prison It is this man they ught to them in the

p.m., 24 hours after the egan, a Ministry of Jus-esman said, "We have negotiations. But the & very vague. The guntill demanding only the ict and we, for our side, emanding the release of n and children

ce Ministry spokesman the woman and her

ambique es 1,200 r Clashes

ENCO MARQUES, ue. Oct. 27 (UPI).-orces have rounded up 1 1,200 persons in weekdesigned to prevent of maial violence in il military sources said. rested persons incloded out the majority were whom the sources termtors who fomented the ubles." In street battles 49 persons were killed

ainees have been taken west of the city, and would be released and uld be charged with nnected with last week's

tical railles in African JUGAY. & spokesman for the Mozamblque Libernt said the front's polonracist. Armed Frelimo od Portuguese soldiers tey points in the capital

up roadblocks to search ats said the renewed ushes threatened to acan exodus of the white n because of fears of a n in security, but in burg, South African Inlinister Connie Muider i that all immigrants are to meet normal re-

ts for entry.

Schmidt's Foes Gain In Election

For Legislatures In Bavaria, Hesse

By Craig R. Whitney BONN, Oct. 27 (NYT).-A climate of economic uncertainty and the threat of growing unemployment today cost Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's Social Democratic party (SPD) seats in the state legislatures of Hesse and Bavaria, in the first test of the voters' mood since spring.

partners, the Free Democrats, out of power in the capital of Wies-

in Bavaria led by Franz-Jose Strauss, maintaine. its strong position in that state's legislature in Munich, even increasing its share of the vote to a record 61 per cent, according to preliminary

No Schmidt Comment

been encouraged by this evening's result, since they continued a trend of erosion of the Social Democrats' strength that began in an election in Hamburg last March, but he did not comment

Mr. Strauss, who has been talk-ing lately about making the Christian Social Union a nation-wide opposition party instead of the Bavarian branch of the Chris-

Alfred Dregger, the Christian Democrat who led his party to a record 47 per cent of the vote in Hesse, according to early returns, is also expected to be among the contenders for the opposition's

The police said the gunmen also by resentment about an unwere still holding one child, three popular reform of the state school system and losses by a state-owned bank, won 43.1 per cent of the Hesse vote, down from 45.9 per cent in 1970, while the CDU got 47 per cent. The SPD and women, a priest, an organist, two prison guards and nine men from The police said the choir hostages were members of the Pris-oners' Rehabilitation Choir, a the Free Democrats will have a volunteer Dutch group that visits total of 57 seats in the legislature against the Christian Demo-Scheveningen regularly, The crats' 53. children were those of choir members, who often bring their fam-

In the preceding legislature, the SPD had 53 seats, the Free Democrats 11 and the opposition

million voters in the two states -3.6 million in Hesse and 7.4 million in Bavaria-went to the (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

AT MEETING IN RABAT—Yassir Arafat listens to discussions at Arab summit meeting.

Wild Machine **Emits Flaky Pollution**

KING'S LYNN, England, Oct. 37 (Reuters).—Residents in this east coast town thought it was snowing but on closer inspection the white flakes looked more like instant mashed potatoes. They were. The flakes covered gardens,

cars, glued windows tight and turned black cats into albinos. A machine in a food factory had gone mad. Instead of pouring the stuff into neat little bags it was discharging it into the air.

The flakes soared into the clouds and descended over a wide area when it rained.

On West Bank Question

Hussein and Arafat Demand Arabs Choose Between Them

By Henry Tanner

PABAT, Morocco, Oct. 27 (NYT).—King Husseln of Jordan and Yassir Arafat of the Palestine Liberation Organization today told the Arab summit meeting here that it had to choose between them and could not hope for a compromise in their con-

The King addressed the assembled heads of state for nearly two hours in the morning. The Palestinian guerrilla leader replied at equal length in the after-

The meetings at the royal palace of Morocco's King Has-

Spokesmen for the two antag-onists conveyed the gist of their remarks to newsmen later. The Palestinian guerrilla spokesman said that "our position is clear: It is either Jordan or the

san II were held in secret.

PLO. We will accept no com-

Identical Terms

A member of the Jordanian delegation said at a briefing, in almost identical terms, that there were only two alternatives:

· Either the Arab leaders give King Hussein a full mandate to negotiate the return of the Israeli-occupied West Bank of the Jordan River, leaving it to the population there to decide later whether it wants integration with Jordan, federation or an independent Palestinian state.

· Or the Arab leaders must decide to designate the PLO as the authority exclusively responsible for regaining the West Bank from Israel-in which case Jordan could not play any role in the Geneva conference or any other negotiation

The other leaders listened to the two conflicting statements but did not discuss them at length in plenary session. All the maneuvering for a compromise was taking place in hilateral meetings and small groups.

Diplomats engaged most decply in the conciliation attempts remained hopeful that a formula could yet be found to reconcile the PLO's demands for recognition and territorial control over the West Bank with the Jordanian King's demand for a mandate and an international role.

Exclusive Issue Whatever the outcome, it was clear that the Palestinian issue has absorbed the attention of the Arab kings and presidents here almost exclusively, at the expense of all others. The same was true of the foreign ministers, who have been holding preliminary talks since Tuesday

The original objective of the summit, which opened yesterday, was to work out a comprehensive political, economic and military (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Ford, Brezhnev Meeting Slated Late Next Month

By Bernard Gwertzman

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (NYT).—Secretary of State Henry Kissinger left Moscow today believing that his three days of talks with Soviet Communist party leader Leonid Brezhnev had moved the United States and the Soviet Union substantially closer to finding a formula for putting new limits on each side's vast arsenal of strategic missiles

and bombers.

"We're siming for a strategic arms limitation agreement during 1975 and I think there is a reasonable chance," Mr. Kissinger said uboard his Air Force 707 jet en route from Moscow to the Indian capital. "I think these talks laid a good basis for next month's nummit between Mr. Brezhnev and President Ford and I expect the summit to make a useful contribution" to the movement toward an accord on weapons.

The meeting between President Ford and Mr. Brezhnev was announced by the two countries yesterday. The leaders have agreed to meet on Nov. 23 and 24 in the Vladivostok area of the Soviet Far East.

Mr. Rissinger said today that and he Mr. Brezimev, during nearly 20 hours of discussions covered not only Soviet and American ideas on how to proceed toward a comprehensive offensive-weapons limitation, but also the actual numerical limits that should be placed on Soviet and American strategic systems. New Delhi Arrival

Upon arrival here this evening, Mr. Kissinger was greeted by Foreign Minister Yeshwantrad Chavan, who gave a dinner in his bonor, launching a 2 1/3-day visit aimed at improving U.S.-Iudian relations.

However, Prime Minister Indira Gandhi reacted coolly to

Mr. Kissinger's visit.

Mrs. Gandhi, in a newspaper interview published today, said that the United States regarded India as "marginal" to its global strategy, and spoke with chilli-ness about American aid. In addition, the Indian ernment announced that Mrs. Gandhi was flying to Kash-

mir on Tuesday-during Mr. Kissinger's visit to address troops and visit a seed-development farm and Tibetan refugee camps. Indian officials strongly denied that any snuh was involved in the Kashmir visit, and said that it would be erroneous to interpret Mrs. Gandhi's remarks as

hostile to the United States. Mr. Kissinger is on the second leg of a three-week trip that will take him to more than a dozen countries

Progress' Seen Although Mr. Kissinger said he had made "progress" in the strategic arms talks, his discussions with Mr. Brezhnev were ap-

parently far from harmonious in

The Soviet leader was said to have reacted "violently" to the publicity given in the United States to the Soviet assurances on ending harassment of emigration applicants in return for congressional approval of trade benefits, Mr. Brezhnev was described as deeply offended by the impression given that the Soviet Union had "knuckled under" to the pressure generated by Sen. Henry Jackson, D-Wash, and

others. The Russians also were said to have resented deeply the cancellation and then the partial re-instatement of a Soviet grain purchase this month. Mr. Brezhney and his colleagues argued that these actions were not in keeping with the improved relations between the two countries. Mr. Kissinger also ran into sharp policy differences with Mr.

Brezhnev over Middle East is-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Russia Takes Positive Line On U.S. Links

By Peter Osnos

MOSCOW, Oct. 27 (WP),-The Soviet Union took a positive line ssing the state of U.S.-Soviet relations today following Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's three days of talks here with Kremlin leaders.

In the official communiqué on the visit, in a commentary in Pravda, the Communist party newspaper, and in a brief interview with Mr. Kissinger reported by the government press agency Tass, the Russians portrayed detente as progressing along a desirable path toward the easing of world tensions.

"The two sides noted with satisfaction," the communique said, that relations between the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. continue to improve steadily, in accordance with the course previously established."

That paragraph was regarded by observers here as a statement of a Kremlin view that in the talks, the transition from former President Richard Nixon to Pres ident Ford bad been successfully accomplished.

'Details' Cited

On the central questions of strategic arms negotiations, the communiqué said: "Useful exchanges took place on the details involved in such an agreement. Discussions on these matters will

The reference to "details" apneared to confirm that Soviet party leader Leonid Brezhnev and Mr. Kissinger discussed the relative numbers of weapons in the proposed 10-year arms agreement along with the "general guidefor negotiations that they had been expected to consider.

The three-page communique made no reference to the dif-ficulties and "divergencies" mentioned yesterday in a toast by Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. Pravda simply repeated the

usual formulations on the improvements over the last three years in U.S.-Soviet relations, and noted Mr. Ford's statements in support of détente. "This coincides with the Soviet viewpoint," Pravda said In the interview with Tass.

Mr. Kissinger said: "I think U.S.-Soviet relations are good and they will improve in the months ahead. Our administration is dedicated to continually improving these relations and I have the impression that this is true of the Soviet leadership as well." On the Middle East, the com-

muniqué reflected no change in existing U.S.-Soviet positions.

But Sees 'Positive' Work as Sessions End

Pope Rejects Many Proposals of Synod

By Israel Shenker

ROME, Oct. 27 (NYT),-Addressing the final session of the monthlong Catholic Synod of Bishops, Pope Paul VI yesterday pronounced its work "positive" and then rejected many of the principal proposals made at the

Reminding the bishops of his primacy, and on the task assigned by the Lord of "tending his lambs and sheep," the Pope said: "We would not be able to remain silent. We could not allow false directions to be followed,"

Warning that some points made by the bishops "demand a refin-ing," that "not all the elements are to be retained," and that pro-posals "need tr be placed in proper proportion," he listed first and foremost the proposals for changing "the relationship between the particular churches and the Apostolic See."

A number of hishops had pressed for greater freedom for local dioceses to decide more matters without asking the Vatican's approval. The Pope rejected this, saying 'No we say with trepidation, by reason of the responsibilremains the ordinary pastor of the church in her unity and en-

Passage Quoted Pope Paul quoted a passage

from the Dogmatic Constitution on the Church, a document ap-proved by the Second Vatican Council (1962-1965) which says that the Pope 'has full supreme and universal power in the church." He passed over the collegial statement from the next paragraph of the document which says, "Together with its head. Roman Pontiff, and never

Subscribers

Spreading strikes in the French postal service are causing serious delays in the distribution of the International Herald Tribune in the Paris area and elsewhere. The IHT apologises for the inconvenience caused by the delayed deliveries.

ity that falls upon us, that the without this head, the episcopal order is the subject of supreme and full power over the universal church.

Of demands, especially by African bishops, for expressions of faith corresponding to local cultures, the Pope said:

indeed a necessary requirement.

It would, nevertheless, be dangerous to speak of diversified theologies according to continents faith is either Catholic or it is not. All of us have received the feith of a constant tradition. Peter and Paul did not transform it to adapt it to the Jewisn Greek or Roman world."

Many bishops from Latin America had urged greater commitment to politico-economic liberation movements, but the Pope warned that "the totality of salvation is not to be confused with one or another aspect of liberation." He said that 'human acvancement and social progress is not to be excessively emphasized on a temporal level to the detriment of the essential meaning which evangelization has for the (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Immediately after the gunmen went into action, Dutch su-thorities set up an emergency procedure tested last month when three Japanese Red Army guerrillas occupied the French Embassy in The Hague for five days. Dutch marine sharpshooters took up positions in and around the Scheveningen jail today. Policemen and Justice Ministry officials shuttled in and out of the door beside the jail's main gate. Police jeeps croised nearby

> Scheveningen Prison stands only a few hundred yards from the ses. The town, a suburb of The Hague, is a popular sesside resort, semi-deserted at this time of the year.

Two Belfast Guumen Shoot Three in Bar

BELFAST, Oct. 27 (Reuters) .-Two masked gunmen opened fire in a bar here last night, injuring three people. The men walked into the bar, in the mainly Roman Catholic Market area of the city, and fired several shots, from automatic pistols before running

In Londonderry, three youths blee up a customs office after ordering officials out at gunpoint. Nearby, three other youths plant-ed a bomb in a gas station. The blast caused minor damage.

As expected, the opposition Christian Democrats knocked the Social Democrats out of their position as the biggest party in Hesse. for the first time in 28 years, but did not gain enough to push them and their smaller coalition

Also as expected, the Christian Social Union, the opposition party

Mr. Schmidt could not have

tian Democratic Union, has probably been strengthened by the

The Social Democrats, burdened not only by unemployment but

About four-fifths of the 11

U.S. Reportedly Would Agree To World Stockpile of Grain

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 (WP). starting Nov. 5, according to -U.S. policy makers have reached general agreement on the need to set up the world's first international grain stockpile, in the range of 30 to 60 million tons, as a means of stabilizing prices and assuring enough food to cope with emergencies in needy countries.

A U.S. "agreement in principle" to the grain reserve will be an-nounced at the UN-sponsored World Food Conference in Rome

Britain Wins Limited Support For a Cut in Its EEC Costs

BRUSSELS, Oct. 27 (Reuters). Britain's bid to renegotiate its European Economic Community entry terms now enters its crucial stage following the EEC Commission's qualified support for the British bid for a cut in its share of community operating

In a confidential paper, the commission is guarded in its conclusions and stops well short of backing the British position. But the clear political thrust of the 31-page document is that

under certain circumstances Britain could be paying a share of the EEC budget that is considerably higher than its percentage of the EEC's real wealth, as measured by the community's gross domestic product (GDP). The document does not project

member states' budgetary contri-butions through to 1980, as Britwanted. British officials based their demand for a revision of the KEC budget system on their forecast that by the end of the decade, when the community budget mechanism is fully operative, Britain would be paying 24 per cent of EEC administration costs while accounting for only 14 per cent of its

Hypothesis for 1980 Instead, the commission, stating that vast present-day eco-nomic uncertainties make accurate forecasting impossible, arrives at a hypothesis for 1980 on the basis of the 1974 EEC

On this basis, the commission calculates that Britain would be paying 22 per cent of the budget while its share of the Common Market GDP would be only 15.9 per cent.

The commission paper, already

under study in the national cap-

itals of the nine member na-

tions, is bound to cause contro-

versy, EEC officials here believe.

Those countries who stand to

bear the brunt of any cut decid-

ed in Britain's contribution-West Germany and France are likely to raise objections.

But the commission, which does the same calculation for all member states, shows that in con-trast to Britain, both West Germany and France would be paying a smaller share of the KEC budget than justified on the basis of their percentage of GDP.

Example of France France, for example, would contribute 18.2 per cent of the budget while accounting for 23.2 per cent of the gross domestic pro-

The Benelux countries would be

in a similar position to Britain, while for Italy and Ireland, bud-get share and GDP share more Community foreign ministers will have a first-round negotia-tion on the paper, which they request i last June, at their next regular session here, Nov. 11. The paper would not have included any political message but for the pressure put on their col-

leagues by several members of the commission.

the commission, especially two British commissioners, Sir Chris-

tonher Soames and George Thom-

The original idea was to issue the figures without comment. But during a session Friday, three paragraphs were added under the heading "final remarks."

These state briefly that the EEC growth rate will average about 4 per cent annually in coming years although certain countries, and especially Britain, are likely to have below-average

den is concerned," the remarks continue, "on the basis of data presently available and taking into account certain structural changes which will come about gradually, it cannot be excluded that problem will arise in the

"As far as the budgetary hur-

By Dan Morgan

senior officials. They said, however, that all details would have to be negotiated later in some other forum, such as the "Tokyo round" of trade negotiations, the International Wheat Council in London, the UN's Food and Agricul-

ture Organization, or a body formed by grain producers and

consumers and hopefully including the Soviet Union. The still unannounced position on the grain reserve was circulated among government agencies last week, along with U.S. pro-posals for long-range assistance to countries so short of food that they cannot wait for the stock-

But absent from the draft position paper was any commitment to provide substantially more food, either in tonnage to be shipped or in the values of commodities.

It noted that "we could face budgetary problem in making commitments on a quantity rather than a value basis." Officials said it was still undecided whether Secretary of State Henry Kissinger will pledge

an increase in the value of U.S. fcod assistance when he addresses the Rome conference. Earlier this year, former President Richard Nixon proposed to ship about four million tons of food abroad, at a cost of \$900 million. Officials calculated that because of rising commodity

prices it would require an additional \$500 million to meet that goal now. Some of the highlights of the position paper:

. The United States supports the UN-sponsored proposal for an international effort to provide needy countries the wherewithal to obtain up to 10 million tons of grain annually, "if other donors increase their contribution over past years." Officials said that It was hoped that Arab and other oil-producing nations would par-ticipate in this part of the program. The draft warned there could be problems in the U.S. committing a fixed quantity of grains in any annual period,"

The United States "should oppose" another UN-backed pro-

posal, to set up 500,000 tons of emergency grain stocks in dif-ferent locations in the world, Cfficials said the general international reserve system should be adequate to deal with emergencies An official said that the Agriculture Department was concerned that the release of such stocks could disrupt world prices

. In general, the United States (Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)

Inter-Continental Cologne

3(0511) 16911

Phoenicia Inter-Continental **2** 369100

☎(040) 44108I

throughout Europe and 50 major cities all over the world. if you're going to any one of these cities today, or anytime, you can count on a good night's sleep.



Inter-**Continental** Hotels

For reservations anywhere, call 5117627 in Brussels, 4917181/6 in London, 225.4300 in Paris.

Where else?

Fearing a Red Take-Over

To Check on Lisbon's Politics

By Miguel Acoca

LISBON, Oct. 27 (WP).—Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, >parently skeptical of reports from the U.S. Embassy here that minimized the possibility of a Communist take-over in Portugal, sent high-level intelligence and diplomatic experts to this country to make independent evalua-

Informed sources said that Mr. Vernon Walters, deputy director of the Central Intelligence Agency, to Lisbon in August for a

Jetliner Fall Off Greece Is Tied to Blast

By Richard Witkin NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (NYT).

Strong evidence has been found that an explosive device caused a Trans World Airlines crash off Greece on Sept. 8 in which all 88 persons on board a Boeing 707 The disclosure was made yes-

terday by a member of a British team of investigators whose aid was sought by the U.S. government's crash-inquiry agency, the National Transportation Safety

The FBL according to officials here, had largely discounted earlier reports from the British that they had found evidence of an explosion. The FBI's parallel nination of wreckage, using different laboratory techniques had failed to corroborate the finding that a blast apparently destroyed the Boein, 707 jet.

But the British team has reported that a prolonged investigation has strongly reinforced the explosion theory. And the safety board in Washington is reported to be nearly convinced that the British are right.

The British investigator, contacted in London, told The New York Times that it was believed the device had gone off in the back of the four-jet plane, probably in the baggage hold. He said a microscopic examina-

tion of particles culled from the very limited amount of wreckage left floating on the surface of the sea had shown them to be "explosive evidence foreign to air-

Pending final laboratory tests here, the board was withholding any official verdict on what had produced the accident. But in a traditionally cautious progress report," it put an on-board explo-sion first in a list of potential causes still being looked into. Among the other possibilities on the list were malfunction of flight controls, engine problems, and structural failure.

The airliner had originated its trip, Flight 841, in Tel Aviv. After an intermediate stop in Athens, it was en roote to Rome when It airliner to pitch up suddenly into a sharp climb. Then the crippled craft went into a steep nose-down spin, or spiral, and crashed into the Ionian Sea, about 60 miles west of the island of Cephalonia. The island is about 215 nautical miles west of Athens. A little-known Arab guerrilla

groop immediately claimed credit for having downed the airliner. But the claim was dismissed by the Palestine Liberation Organization, the umbrella group for major Arab guerrilla unita as a "Zionist fiction" aimed at discrediting the Palestinian cause.

'Ne Possibility' of Bomb TEL AVIV. Oct. 27 (AP) .-Israeli airport officials said today that the TWA airliner which plunged into the Ionian Sea had no bomb on board when it left

Commenting on the reports that the plane had been blown up by a bomb, Elieser Cohen, the director of Ben-Gurion Airport, said:
"There was no possibility that any kind of explosive could have been put on board."

Majority Party In Italy Still

Seeking Coalition

ROME, Oct. 27 (Reuters).— Italy's majority Christian Democrats have voted to keep on trying to form a center-left govern-ment despite the collapse of efforts by Premier-designate Amintore Fanfani.

But the revival of the centerleft formula which has dominated Italian governments for 10 years looked doubtful Mr. Fanfani was considered to be the only man in the country with sufficient power and influence to pull together the center-left parties and his failure left a con-

The next stage in the crisis. which has already lasted more than three weeks, will begin tomorrow when President Glovanni Leone will start two days of talks with the political parties. In another development, riot police fired tear gas and staged baton charges to break up groups of extreme leftist students who

terday, police said. The incidents took place during a march through the city by several hundred students protesting the shooting dead of a leftist by a neo-Fascist in the southern town of Lamezia Terme last

were stoning them in Rome yes-

Deputies Sent by Kissinger

personal appraisal. The general, who speaks excellent Portuguese and is considered a specialist on Portugal, was in Lisbon Aug. 9-12 for meetings with high officials

and senior U.S. Embassy staffers. The CIA would not comment on the persistent reports of Gen. Walters's visit, refusing even to confirm that it took place, A CIA spokesman said that the agency Kissinger dispatched Lt. Gen_ never comments on the travels of its top personnel. .

4-Man Mission

Two weeks ago, Mr. Kissinger sent a four-man State Department mission to Lisbon for another independent assessment of Portugal's future course, the sources said. The group, headed by Alan Lukens, director of the department's Iberian section, included Robert Ryan, a department monetary expert, and Michael Samuels, an authority on Portugal's African colonies The identity of the fourth mis-sion member was not disclosed. The pro-Soviet Portuguese Com-

munist party has become an important factor in Portugal since the rightist pro-U.S. dictatorship which ruled Portugal for 48 years was deposed in April. The young military officers who have been running the country since then have given the Communists a cabinet post and full participation in the country's new military-controlled government. Much of the strength and popularity of the Communists derives from their cohesion in their ong underground fight against the dictatorship, which had outlawed the party.

While nothing could be learned of Gen. Walters's report to Mr. Kissinger, sources said that the Lukens group diverged from the embassy's appraisal. The extent of the differences was not disclosed, but sources said that the embassy's reporting had grown more cautious as a result.

Domine Theory

The sources said that Mr. Kissinger and others in Washington feared that Portugal would be the first country to go Communist in what was called "a Southern Europe domino theory" also involving Spain, Italy and Greece, This fear apparently has been fed by pessimistic intelligence assessments, press reports stressing the power of the left in Portugal and the anxieties of multinational mpanies with interests in Portugal and its African colonies

Washington seems to fear that the emergence of the Portuguese amunists following the fall of the dictatorship will be duplicated in neighboring Spain, the last pro-American rightist government in Western Europe. Since his visit to Portugal, Gen.

Walters has also been in Spain for secret talks with high Spanish officials, the sources said. The CIA deputy director's latest visit reportedly took place two weeks ago when he had a briefing on Portugal with senior Spanish military and civilian authorities. Spanish and U.S. officials are known to be concerned by the potential for Communist infiltration from Portugal, which has with Spain, The Communist party

a long and hard-to-guard border has been banned in Spain since the end of the Civil War in 1939, but it has remained a major clandestine political force in industrial urban centers and the backbone of opposition to Generalissimo Francisco Franco. Another recent visitor to Spain

was William Colby, the CIA's director, but sources said that he merely stopped in Madrid on his way east. One source, however. pointed out that visits to the Iberian peninsula by high U.S. intelligence officials could become more frequent because the Mediterranean has risen in U.S.

New Council Formed LISBON, Oct 27 (Reuters) .- A

council, further increasing the authority of the leftist officers of Portugal's Armed Forces Movement, was announced by the

presidency today.

Headed by President Francisco
da Costa Gomes, it is called the
Higher Council of the Armed
Forces Movement and is described as a study group aimed at help-ing the seven-man military junta in constitutional affairs.

Meanwhile, 247 people were taken to police stations for questioning in the north of Postugal during the weekend in a military security operation af-fecting about three million peo-ple, a military spokesman said today.

Votes Setback For Schmidt

(Continued from Page 1) polls today despite cold and miny weather.

Analysis by West German news organisations of the vote in big cities like Frankfurt, in Hesse, and Munich—both Social Democratic strongholds showed that even there some voters deserted the SPD for the opposition. The Social Democrats' chairman, Willy Brandt, whom Mr. Schmidt replaced as chancellor after he resigned in May, said

tonight that the results were "not fully satisfactory" for his Mr. Schmidt is flying to Moscow tomorrow morning for three days of talks with Soviet Communist party leader Leonid



the synod of bishops, which ended deliberations Saturday.

Pope Calls Synod 'Positive,' Rejects Many of Its Proposals

(Continued from Page 1) Church of Christ, the announce ment of the good news." Commenting on the Pope's 35-minute address in Letin, the Most Rev. Donal Lemont, the Irish-born bishop of Umtali, Rhodesia, noted: "It was the Pope saying, I have not been appointed the Lord's first minister in order to preside over the liquidation of the Roman Empire.' It was the Pope speaking as the boss man. Tm in charge,

Ford to Meet Soviet Leader

(Continued from Page 1) ies. American officials left Moscow this morning convinced that the Kremlin was trying to pressure Egypt and other Arab states into discontinuing the step-by-step approach favored by the United States in negotiations with Israel, and instead pushing a return to the Geneva peace conference, where the Russians would be represented

Nevertheless Mr. Rissinger still hopes to visit the Middle East at the end of this trip, about Nov. 7-10, and announce a new round of Egyptian-Israeli and possibly Jordanian-Israeli talks if the Rabat summit meeting of Arab leaders gives him a mandate for the moves. A foint communique issued to-

night by Soviet and U.S. representatives glossed over any differences that srose during the Moscow talks. It emphasized that "relations between the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. continue to improve steadily." The communique said that both

sides "expressed their mutual determination to continue to make rupted progress in Soviet-American relations." It also noted the various subjects discussed, such as the Middle East, the European security conference and arms-control talks.
Officials aboard Mr. Kissinger's

plane said that the communique was drafted Friday night, before the talks had reached their decisive phase on strategic arms, and was not meant to be taken as an important document.

Overall, despite the disagree-ments and occasionally sharp words in the talks, the U.S. dele gation believed that the advances made in the strategic arms discussions were much more significant than the expected problems. For this reason, the mood of Mr. Kissinger's official party seemed much more optimistic than on his departure from Moscow last March, when he falled to get what he regarded as a realistic counterproposal from the Russians on strategic arms.

Yesterday's talks, which lasted from 4:30 p.m. to midnight, were regarded as particularly important ecause Mr. Brezhnev came to the session with Mr. Rissinger after meeting with key Polithuro members and military advisers in the morning. Mr. Brezhnev was precise in his responses to the American propositions Isid out by Mr. Kissinger on Friday, suggesting that the Polithuro had approved his statements.

Mr. Kissinger made a critique of Mr. Brezhney's proposals and further talks were deferred. Both sides now will review their positions, and are expected to exchange views through diplomatic channels so that further progress —perhaps a statement of purpose —can be announced at the Ford-Brezhnev meeting next month.

Scientific Accord WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 (UPI). The Soviet Union and the United States signed an agreement yesterday to cooperate on scientific research in various fields, ranging from computers to city management and water

Dr. Guylord Stever, President Ford's science adviser and the director of the National Science Foundation, halled the exchange as "an important building block in détente between the two coun-

Soviet Tele-Satellite MOSCOW, Oct. 27 (AP).—A. communications satellite, "Molniya-1," was launched Thursday, Tass reported. The satellite will relay telephone, telegraph, radio and television signals.

and I'm very grateful to you people for helping, but I'll make up my own mind. I'm not Ham-let."

Maurice Cardinal Otunga, arch-bishop of Nairobi, suggested that "the Pope was really telling us to be careful."

Before leaving the final session, the hishops learned the results of Friday's voting on final documents prepared by two working groups. The groups were set up when a document was reject-ed Tuesday for being too general. Approved was a similarly general, but new and shorter, "Declaration of the Synodal Fathers, by a vote of 183 to 11. A list of concerns expressed at the synod also was approved, 170 to 21, with one spoiled ballot and one abstention. The documents are intended to serve the Pope as advice on evangelization in the modern world, the theme of the synod.

More Argentines Receive Threats

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 27 (Renters). - Fight Argentine opposition politicians and 11 sports and show business personalities, including the world middleweight boxing champion, Carlos Monzon, were reported today to have received death threats from a rightist assassination aquad: The Argentine Actors' Associa-

tion said the threat against Mr. Monson and 10 of Argentina's best-known stage and screen personslittles, had been received yes-The opposition Radical party said it had received a letter Fri-

day giving eight of its leaders 72 hours to leave the country or be killed Both threats came from the "Argentine Anti-Communist Alliance," which has claimed reponsibility for assessinating more

than 20 persons. At the same time, the police said a rightist Peronist professor. Bruno Jordan Genta, was killed today by gummen. His death brought to at least 125 the number of political assassinations since the death of President Juan Peron on July 1.

Castro Speeds New Constitution

HAVANA, Oct. 27 (Reuters). -Premier Fidel Castro, whose revolutionary movement suspended Cuba's constitution when he assumed power in 1959, says that a new constitution will be completed in four months, the party newspaper Granma has reported. The newspaper said Premier Castro told a constitutional drafting committee last Wednesday to finish its work as soon as possible so that the constitu tion can be submitted to the Polithuro and the Council of Ministers on Feb. 24, 1975, and to the first party congress, scheduled in the second half of

Gramma quoted Mr. Castro as saying: "We hope the congress will take the decision to submit it to all the people by way of a

By Henry Kamm

stand the nomads," he explained.

nomads had three or four nation-

The minister said that most

"It is a double-edged matter."

patrols in white residential areas at night, the spokesman said.

Mali Says Niger Detains Nomad Refugees occasion showed whichever conbe repatriated and that the two ferred the most immediate ad-

BAMAKO, Mali (NYT),-Mali's vantage. defense minister has accused Niger The exodus and nonreturn of of preventing the return of tens important numbers of Tuareg berdsmen from Mali constitute thousands of Malian nomads who had sought refuge in the the most troublesome inter-Afrineighboring country from the drought and famine that have can diplomatic problem caused by the drought. Diplomatic and other afflicted this region in recent observers fear that the regional approaches to drought recovery and development that offer the The minister, Maj. Kissims Doukara, disclosed also that Algeria and Nigeria had similarly best hopes may be compromised by the issue.

refused to comply with Mali's requests to repairiate nomads who Maj. Donkara asserted in an interview that President Seyni Kountche of Niger had left untook refuge in those countries. He put the number of Malians in Alanswered letters demanding the geria at 2,000 and in Nigeria, return of the Tuaregs from Ma-lian President Moussa Tracre. The which does not border on Mali, at last such letter, the minister said. The minister said that he did was dispatched last June, Similarnot know whether the only reason ly, Maj. Donkara continued, apfor the Malian nomads' nonreturn proaches from him to Niger's dewas the attitude of the governfense minister and by various ments of Niger, Nigeria and Alother Malism officials to their geria or their own inclinations. Niger counterparts had gone Even we do not often under-

without reply. Col. Kountohe, who seized power in Niger last March, said in an interview last month that Niger

move. His implication appeared to be that Mali had made no approach to Niger. But Maj. Doukara asserted the opposite. Bars Armed Conflict

governments should negotiate the

"What is there left for Mali?" he asked, "Armed conflict?" The Malian minister rejected his own suggestion, saying that it would be foolish to get other Malians killed to recover citizens who might not want to return. Maj. Doukars, who as minister

of defense, interior and security is in charge of Mali's extensive droughi-relief effort, said that Niger's interest in preventing the return of the Malians lay in speculation that their presence in Niger would raise the amount of drought relief Niger could obtain from foreign donors. "This can be the only reason,"

he suggested. But later, the min-ister speculated that the host governments of Malian refugees might be restraining the nomada return in order to populate their al identity cards and on any given definitely wanted the Malians to least densely inhabited regions.

Plan to Rebuild Saudi Forces DETROIT, Oct. 27 (AF).-Two Saudi Arabia could run into bil-

State Department documents re-yeal that the United States is lions of dollars. A Sept. 16 "action memorandum" from two State Departconsidering an elaborate program to rebuild the armed forces of ment officials to Under Secretary of State Joseph Sisco said Sec-Sandi Arabia, the Knight Newsretary of State Henry Kissinger Despite previous State Departapproved the idea of a Pentagon study of the Saudi armed forces ment denials of plans for a major escalation of arms sales to Saudi and "master plans for their de-Arabia, the Detroit Free Press velopment" on March &

The Knight Newspapers said the document recommends "the design of a balanced, modern force structure by 1984, which, if If adopted, State Department plans would provide mechaniza-tion of the Saudi Army with the properly trained and command should provide the SAG [Saudi Arabian Governmenti with the capabilities to (1) deter aggresslon (2) defeat an enemy. . (3) assist in maintaining internal or-der and security (4) contribute to mended expansion of the Sandi Navy with 26 new ships, the Knight Newspapers' report the SAG moderating role in the Middle East."

The newspapers said the memo was written by Alfred Atherton, assistant secretary for the Mid-die Bast, and George Vest, head of the Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs.

Air Expansion In a Sept, 13 cable sent to Mr. Sisco by the U.S. Embassy in Saudi Arabia, plans for modern-ization and expansion of the Saudi Air Force were discussed, the newspaper report said.

The cable referred to plans for.

eventual delivery to Saudi Arabia of "advanced multipurpose fighters," the newspaper report said. It said the cable contained the phrase, "Delivery of the advanced fighter is anticipated" in 1980. The State Department information officer declined to discuss the report on the cable on the grounds that the department never comments on classified

Hussein and Arafat Demand Arabs Choose Between Them

(Continued from Page 1) strategy for the Arabs and to get it adopted by all the governments of the 20 Arab League states as well as by the Palestinians. The summit is scheduled to end tomerrow night but may last into

Two Documents Cited

papers have reported.

consideration.

let sireraft.

said on Friday, the documents

prove such a program is under

addition of 440 helicopters and

A State Department memo also

No Deals

State Department officials in

Washington said yesterday that the United States has made a

detailed study of the military

needs of Seudi Arabia for the

next decade, but said no secret billion-dollar deals have been

are no proposals," a State De-

A State Department informs

tion officer noted that the United

States had announced previously

that it was undertaking a study at the request of the Saudi gov-

ernment to determine Saudi mili-

The official said the study

makes no mention of plans to

sell any additional arms to Saudi

A congressional arms expert

told the Knight Newspapers that

any modernisation program for

partment spokesman said.

There are no secret plans, there

U.S. Is Reported to Consider

King Russein was quoted as having told the assembly that the Palestinians should secept the liberation of the West Bank as the first tactical objective, leaving saide the question of which Arab authority would control it. If this happened, he was understood to have said; it would be possible for the Arabs to decide which of them had the best chance of getting the territory back from Is-

The Jordanians and others keep repeating that the Israelis might be willing to return the West Bank to Jordan, but will not turn tt over to the PLO.

Some of the mediators among the delegates were siming at a formula that would recognize that the PLO has the ultimate right for a transition period during which it would be under international control; perhaps by the

Palestinian officials today said that they reject this approach They pointed out that international acceptance of the PLO is growing rapidly. They cited the overwheiming vote in the UN two weeks ago as well as French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing's decision to have his foreign minister meet formally with Mr. Arafat in Behrut last week.

The Arab leaders cannot very well stay behind the United Nations and the Western Europeans in their recognition of us," a PLO Palestinian leaders here have

Special Police Force Revived in Rhodesia SALISBURY, Oct. 27 (UPI):-Rhodesia is forming a force of 10,000 police reservists as a pre-

a police spokesman said yester-The spokesman confirmed the revival of the special constabuabout 10 years ago. The object of the move is to establish police

caution against urban terrorism,

ter of weeks before the PLO will form a provisional government The decision has been made and the announcement is expected to come after the UN debate on Palestine in mid-November. Israeli Comment on Summit

TEL AVIV, Oct. 27 (UPD.—Israel finds little immediate prospect of advance in Middle East peace negotiations because of a hardened Arab line in Rabat against interim political settle-ments, Foreign Minister Ylgal Allon told the cabinet today.

A government source, quoting Mr. Allon, said the trend of developments so far at the Arab summit was to isolate Jordan and entrench the status of the Meanwhile, military sources

said that combined army and air force units ended their first 24 hours of large-scale maneuvers near the Syrian and Jordanian borders. The war games are due to continue for several days.

Palestinian Court

BEIRUT, Oct. 27 (UPD .-- A Palestinian guerrilla court has sentenced a guerrilla official to death and four other guerrillas to detention at hard labor for trying "to incite armed insurrection" within the el-Fatah guer-rills organization, the Palestinian news agency Wais said yesterday. It identified the guerrilla official sentenced to death as Sabri el-Banna, head of the Fatah office in Baghdad. He was sentenced in absentia

Mrs. Klarsfeld Arrested

RABAT, Morocco, Oct. 27 (WP) Mrs. Beate Klarsfeld, who was convicted in July of attempting to kidnap a former Gestapo chief in Cologne and bring him to Paris, was arrested here today after distributing pamphlets critical of the Arab summit.

The pamphlet, which she brought with her when she arrived in Morocco last night by air from Paris, charged that the summit was bent on "the destruction of the state of Israel." Mrs. Klarsfeld, the 35-year-old Christian wife of a French Jew. was shie to distribute her tract for only a few minutes before she was taken into custody in front

approve a resolution 'speedy withdrawal of The General Assemb

on the Cyprus questlo (il. i.) gression and in against Cyprus, is ain of the 40,000 Turkish landed on the island coast to head off a with Greece after the that overthrew Pres

were exchanged today few hundred more ci to be freed, a UN said. He said the sold today were captured is stages of the fighting Meanwhile, thous Greek Cypriot women silently through the Nicosia today, dema support to end the ?

Zulfikar Ali Bh

Moscow B Bhutto Bi

A-Free Zo By Hedrick Sm. ... MOSCOW, Oct. 27 Prime Minister Zu Bhutto flew home to yesterday after three da with Soviet leaders wh his proposal to turn & into a nuclear free zon In a speech at a ban in his honor by Prem Kosygin, Mr. Bhutto "profound concern" ov cent Indian nuclear

oped world. But a joint communi by the two sides last r Mr. Bhutto had begun back to Karachi, on reference to the idea of free zone, which Mosoc vanced in other area Letin America and th ranean

warned of the dangers

proliferation to the r

Mr. Bhutto did win Kremlin a pledge of negotiate and conclus trade agreement betwe countries, and there plications of econom Pakistan, where Mosc ready building a onesteel plant. But despite the empl

Soviet press on impre

tions with Pakistan, wi ed a low after Soviet i India in the 1971 Bangladesh, the two sie ed not to have bridged political differences. Mr. Bhutto's major : the Kremlin's lack c to his fears over India ment of nuclear weapo banquet, Mr. Bhutto less nuclear prolifera fectively checked, the the spread of nucles will be broken. In view, such developmen ruinous, particularly f veloping countries."

Soviet press accoun talks omitted any re Mr. Bhutto's concern clear proliferation in ! This was seen as a sig cow's lack of sympath Pakistani approach ar sion to accept India's that the atomic test : purpose of developin

i kr

U.S. Mayl Food Res

(Continued from F said that food aid she "interim measure," po time when developing can increase their ow

legislation permitting cate food aid for "n terest or humanitaria in the event export c imposed on the grain · The United Stat any expansion of the World Food Program under UN direction, a against increasing the of food aid that is g rather than granted on terms,

Shipments under

Food Program, in United States is by far

donor, have dropped f.

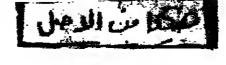
tons in 1970 to an esti-

Cyprus Ask To Get Fore **Troops Rem**

000 tons this year.

UNITED NATIONS Oct. 27 (AP).—Cyprus General Assembly ye armed forces" from the

karios. In Nicosia, 260 Gree Turkish Cypriot prisor



portedly Yous a Crackdown

ks Tell Ford His Stand voked Violence in Boston

MGTON, Oct. 27 (NYT). of black civil-rights told President Ford nguage that his recent ement on the Boston ence had the effect of g whites to violate the

replied that he underconcern. He promised would be full enforcecivil rights law which . I federal crime to in-h court-ordered school

lange of views, as rethe black leaders and the President, occurred ng Friday in the Oval nior statesmen" of the 's movement had re-e meeting with Mr. der to give him their

on Stand ourt Plea Retrial

lartin Waldron

S Oct. 27 (NYT) -Ray, who had pleado the assassination of Dr. Martin Luther as taken the witness federal court to ask

hours of his testimony not provide "sensane of his lawyers had Instead, Ray was led series of publishing

t adjourned late Friuesday while Ray was ting how he had not ited about contracts ind magazine articles wyers had arranged. he contracts, he said. been shown to him ' afternoon,

ar and Rifle

: in his testimony did close to alluding to tances around the ason April 4, 1968. He when one of his atthat he wanted title e Mustang automobile ad driven to Memphis ore Dr. King was shot rifle that the state used to kill the civil r, Ray said that he orney, Percy Foreman that he was not sure

mod some corthe Mustang, but I about the rifle," Ray

ed to mean that he the Mustang. Often testimony, Ray used tid not seem to make

d filling the courtd to hear Ray's words his attorneys, James shington, D.C., began him Many expectfirst question asked Ray had killed Dr.

Ar Lesar asked him came involved with nes of Birmingham, torney who was first end Ray after he was the United States in following his arrest while trying to flee

re had written to ask and Lee Bailey of idely known criminal icy could defend him. rote that he could not was an attorney for n Christian Leaderence, the civil rights that Dr. King head-

s said he would and the lawyer began im almost immediate- William Bradford bama author, to write ory of the as:assinaid Mr. Hanes insisted huld be the only way tens of thousands of ed for his defense. battery of lawyers— Bernard Fensterwald ton and Robert Liv-Memphis—claim that Hanes nor Mr. Foreerested in seeing that ers said Mr. Hones

By John Herbers

They expressed gratification that for the first time since 1968 they were able to meet on a regular basis with the President, The leaders said Mr. Ford assured them that there would be other such meetings in the

Controversia! Stand

The statement at issue was one Mr. Ford made at a news conference on Oct. 9 in which he said, "I deplore the violence that I have read about and seen on television." But he added, "The court decision in that case, in my judgment, was not the best soln-tion to quality education in Boston. I have consistently opposed forced busing to achieve racial balance as a solution to quality

Vernon Jordan jr., executive director of the National Urban League, said the group expressed its strong "dissatisfaction with that statement."

Bayard Rustin, executive director of the A. Philip Randolph Institute, said he told the President: "Which is more important, your personal opposition to bus-ing or your obligation as President to both support the law and encourage, by your example, the rest of the nation to adhere to

Clarence Mitchell jr., director of the Washington office of the Na-tional Association for the Advancement of Colored People, said the group asked for enforcement of the Criminal Code against interference with legal desegrega-

"He made it abundantly clear that federal power would be used against people who unlawfully in-teriere with school busing in Bos-ton," Mr. Mitchell said of the

The meeting, requested by Roy Wilkins, president of the NAACP, lasted an hour and 10 minutes. according to Stanley Scott, the presidential aide who joined the visitors, in describing the meeting, They said Mr. Ford was asked to find a public forum to make a "ringing reaffirmation" of the nation's commitment to racial

However, the rights leaders did not ask for an answer on this and other requests they put to the President, and they received none. The leaders said what they wanted was an opportunity for "con-tinuing dialogue" with Mr. Ford and expressed satisfaction at his willingness to grant that.

Guard Arrested In \$4.3-Million Theft in Chicago

CHICAGO, Oct. 27 (AP) .-- A security guard sought in connec-tion with a \$4.3-million theft from a Chicago firm was arrested last night, the police said.

FBI agents and local police picked up Ralph Ronald Marrera, 31, at the suburban Oak Park home of his mother-in-law. He was served with a federal warrant charging him in connection with the theft from the vaults of Purolator Security Inc. in downtown Chicago on Oct. 20. He was employed there.

Purolator Security is the parent firm of Armored Express Corp. which was previously identified as the site of the theft. Previous reports also indicated that \$3.9 million was taken, but that estimate was revised upward on Friday by

The authorities said that a member of the family reported Mr. Marrera's whereabouts to local police, who waited for FBI agents to arrive before entering the home.

Mr. Marrers is charged with bank robbery, larceny my use of explosive devices.

Oil Spill Off Ireland Is 'Under Control'

"The situation is now under control for the first time," an official said. The crude oil, estimated at nearly a quarter of a million gallons, spilled from the Gulf Oil terminal at Whiddy Is-

ttion-Shocked Florida Family lugs Electric Home and Saves

I MYERS, Fla., Oct. 27 (AP).—Members of the Webbie ig family bave decided to beat the high cost of elecunplugging their all-electric home.

tink it's something that everybody may have to do later." Mrs. Armstrong said. The family has been sower for three weeks. now have no operating air-conditioner, television set,

ryer, stereo, stove, but water heater, electric can opener, r. clocks, refrigerator or toester. Instead, there are a kerosene stove and cold showers at the Armstrung

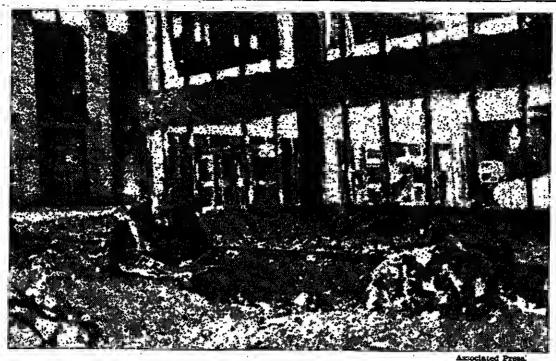
me it's not an imposition at all," said Mr. Armstrong,

of an actomobile repair business. "About the only miss is that hig bill."

Armstrong had the electric company turn off the power monthly his topped \$100. He said the lights will stay i the rates go down, which "probably won't happen i."

stimated his present fuel costs at \$9.70 a week.

Armstrong insisted that the entire family, including and a daughter, are enjoying their new life style, and I've got more time now," he said. "I'm less tense, axed. I talk to my kids. We do things together."



Remains of automobile on New York's Wall St. after a bomb explosion on Saturday.

Bombs Jolt Wall Street, Rockefeller Center

Five bombs went off at or near banks in Manhattan early yesterday in what a Puerto Rican na-tionalist group called an offen-sive against "Yankee monopoly capitalism."

No one was killed or injured by the blasts. Four were in and around Rockefeller Center and the other in Wall Street.

The series of blasts began at 2:56 a.m. and ended at 3:30 a.m. "We have just bombed imperialist banks," a woman told the As-sociated Press by telephone minutes later. "Free all Puerto Rican political prisoners!"

Acting Chief of Detectives James Sullivan said he believed that the five bombings were the work of one group because of the rapid sequence of detonations.

Biggest Blast

The biggest of the explosive charges, Chief Sullivan said, was the one in Wall Street, which was planted under a car. Sullivan said that the device used in that explosion was the equivalent of 40 sticks of dynamite or 20 pounds of plastic explosive.

The explosion shattered windows of the Marine Midland office np to the 11th story and windows of four other banks within 300 feet. The broken glass zone took in the Chase Manhattan Bank headquarters, the Chemical Exchange Bank Federal Reserve Bank and the Barclay Bank,

The timing of the blasts in the early morning hours indicated "that the people responsible had some consideration for human life," the detective said.

A letter left in a telephone booth to which the caller directed the Associated Press was titled "Communiqué No. 1" of the Armed Forces of Puerto Rican National Liberation. It used the acronym FALN, for Fuerzas Armadas de Liberacion Nacional.

New Name

Chief Sullivan said that the name FALN was new to the Police Department.

"There is unfamiliarity with the organization by us, but not necessarily with the people in it," he said. "We have some idea that the people have been involved with other Puerto Rican nationalist organizations." Mayor Abraham Beame de-

nounced the bombing as "outrageous acts of terrorism." Rep. Herman Badillo. D-N.Y., the first Puerto Rican elected to Congress, said that he deplored "the appalling acts of destruction by a small group of self-styled terrorists who do not have the support of the majority of Puerto Ricans in New York or do not have the support of the Independence party members in Puerto Rico."

Other Goals

The group taking responsibility for the explosions said that it was

supporting not only Puerto Rican independence, but also Third

World liberation and freedom for

the five Puerto Ricans in jail for

the 1950 assassination attempt on

the life of President Harry S Tru-

man and the gunning of U.S. congressmen on the House floor. It also proclaimed support for a Puerto Rican solidarity rally at

Rep. Albert Says

CORK, Ireland, Oct. 27 (UPI). -Cork County officials said today a vast mop-up operation off Ireland's southwest coast has controlled the spread of a 22-mile oll slick which has ruined fishing, fouled beaches and threaten-

Ford Surcharge land in Bantry Bay Tuesday as Has No Chance the 80,000-ton tanker Universal Leader was lying at the terminal. money and Mr. Fore-the publicity. TULSA, Okla., Oct. 27 (AP).-

House Speaker Carl Albert, D-Okla, said Thursday that Presi-dent Ford's 5-per-cent tax surcharge proposal would never be passed by Congress.

Rep. Albert said at a news con-

ference that the surcharge, one point in Mr. Ford's 10-point antiinflation campaign, was "just a program of gimmickry."

"I can tell you one thing—that Congress, as it sits now and it sits next year, is not going to make the man who makes \$15.000 pay 5 per cent and the man who

makes \$250,000 pay 5 per cent,"
Rep. Albert said.
"That bill will never get out
of committee," be said. "It will never get onto the floor of the House in the shape that Mr. Ford has described."

Rep. Albert also challenged Mr. Ford's statements that Congress was to blame for increased gov-criment spending. "Not one year since Mr. Nixon took over has Congress appropriated more money that was sent up [by the Nixon administration]," he said.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (AP). Madison Square Garden today, at which speakers were expected to include activist actress Jane Fonda and, according to the Com-

munist Daily World newspaper, Angela Davis.

The letter left in the telephone booth said that the FALN was

department stores in New York last spring and for the bombs set Sept. 28 in Newark, N.J. One bomb exploded that day outside Newark police headquarters and another, planted outside City Hall, did not

Dr. Lungren said, is stabilized at

However, Dr. Lungren also said

that surgery may be performed if there is a new embolus—or

runaway blood clot-or if tests

show that Mr. Nixon is a diffi-

cult patient to control with oral

anti-coagulants alone, Mr. Nixon

has been taking Coumadin, an

oral anti-coagulant, at home, but

apparently needs the constant

addition of heparin, a blood-thinner administered intraven-

Venogram of Pelvic Area

ed by clots.

mean many months."

Tests This Week Will Decide If Nixon Needs an Operation

By Robert Meyers

LONG BEACH, Calif., Oct. 27 process . . . or whether they are (WP).—Former President Richard due to new activity in the clotting process in the leg in spite of the anti-coagulants," Dr. Nixon still faces surgery if "sophisticated tests" scheduled Barker said. for this week reveal the forma-tion of new blood clots in his If there is new clotting activity, then surgery will be performed. The former president's condition,

left leg, bis doctors said today. Dr. John Langren, Mr. Nixon's personal physician, called a press conference after consultations with Dr. Wiley Berker, a spe-cialist in diseases of the veins. Dr. Barker, professor of surgery at the UCLA School of Medicine, examined the former president early this morning. Mr. Nixon has been hospitalized at Memorial Hospital here since last Wednesday evening with a recurrence thrombophlebitis, or blood

clots in swollen veins. In a statement read by Dr. Lungren, Dr. Barker said that there are several problems facing the former president's doctors.
"First is that of controlling the clotting mechanism," he said, adding that clots have almost totally blocked a major vein in Mr. Nixon's lower left thigh.

"The second is to identify leg . . . are due to the old clotting

Simon Predicts Anti-Inflation Results by Spring

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 (AP) -Treasury Secretary William Simon predicted today that specific results in the battle against inflation will begin to appear by

Appearing on television, Mr. Simon was asked if the country is "close to the point where inflation begins to turn back?" "Well, it's difficult to say the

worst has been acen. I frankly believe you'll begin to see specific results . . by the spring of next year. But it's going to be stub-He said administration eco-

nomic policies have to be given time to work and complained that in past years such policies have

Reds in France Ease Attack on Socialist Allies

PARIS, Oct. 27 (Reuters) .- The French Communist party ended its congress here today, apparent-ly ready to end a squabble with its Socialist allies.

The four-day congress was characterized by attacks on tha increasingly powerful Socialist partners in France's leftist front. But today the congress accepted a bid by the party chief, Georges Marchais, to soften the criticism. This was an amendment to a clause in the main resolution, the original draft of which would hava "condemned the pernicious and seriously prejudicial charac-ter of any action which aids atnpts to reduce the influence of

the Communist party." But Mr. Marchais's amendment adopted by the congress, merely noted that the Communists should tactics were

The congress centered on a call to widen the appeal of the party to such partners as "patriotic Gaullists." The Socialists have been stressing their appeal to centrist voters in their own bid to broaden their political base.

PUBLISH YOUR

EXPOSITION PRESS, INC.

Prosecutors Considered Opposing Pardon By Bob Knttner

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 (WP) The special Watergate prescu-tor's office at one point con-sidered challenging the pardon of former President Richard Nixon as a violation of the prosecutor's charter, which guar-anteed that "constitutional powers" would not be used to inter-fere with investigations of the

"That was one of a number of issues we researched," said Henry Ruth, who was sworn in yesterday as the third special

"But it did not raise a legal issue to the heights of probable success," Mr. Rnth said. "Some people say that if a proseculor has a 1-per-cent chance of suc-cess, he should proceed. I don't happen to share that."

Mr. Ruth, who has been deputy special prosecutor since the office was created in June, 1973, takes charge at a time when the office has been criticized for acquiescing to the Nixon pardon and for winding down with its work still incomplete.

Other Probes

In a long, philosophical dis-cussion on the eve of his swearing-in, Mr. Ruth would say little else about the pardon, except to insist that it will not hamper the cover-up trial or other in-

vestigations still in progress.

Defending the special prosect tion force against charges that it has gone too easy on illegal campaign contributors, most of whom received \$5,000 fines, Mr. Ruth said that all of the cases had involved some degree of cooperation by the defendants. "Wa still have a number of cases under investigation," he

Mr. Ruth would not comment on reports that former Nixon

N.Y.C. Gunman Gets \$50,000 in Jewelry

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (AP),—An Indian maharani and a French viscountess were robbed by a gunman of about \$50,000 in jewerly on the way home from a ball

early yesterday.

The jewelry was taken from
Mrs. Gayalri Devi, maharani of Jaipur, and from the wife of Viscount Paul de Rosière, who works with the Harry Winston jewelry firm in Paris.



SWEARING IN - Henry Ruth takes the oath of office as Watergate prosecutor from Judge Byron Skelton.

fund raiser Maurice Stans is bar-gaining to plead guilty to mis-demeanor charges. But he defended the practice of permitting several key Watergate figures, including John Dean 3d, Charles Colson, Jeb Magruder and Richard Kleindienst, to plead to a single count in return for

their cooperation. Asked whether it made sense any longer to permit former Nixon aides to plea bargain in exchange for information, Mr. Ruth said that obtaining information on "the top guy" is not the only consideration, "A prosecutor has to assess the state of his evidence. He may not have been able to win the more serious charge," be

With the cover-up trial expos-ing much of the evidence on Mr. Nixon's role in Watergate, there is nonetheless pressure for the special prosecutor to tell a more complete story in his final report, Mr. Rnth is giving much

thought to these conflicting obli-

gations as prosecutor and his-

"Can a prosecutor just gather together the evidence and make it public? I don't see anything in the law that permits it," Mr. Roth said

But he is also aware that his report will be regarded as the final official word on Watergate, that an accounting will be expected. And without saying so directly, Mr. Ruth hinted that he would welcome congressional action to permit the final report to include tape transcripts, documents and related information about Watergate figures who were never prosecuted, such as former acting FBI director Patrick Gray.

"I always respond to congressional invitations to testify," be

White House Aide Quits WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 (UPD. -Raymond Price, 44, a top White House speechwriter who wrote former President Richard Nixon's resignation speech, has resigned himself, the White House said.



The tests to be conducted on Mr. Nixon will include a venogram of his pelvic area. Mr. Nixon last week had a venogram from his left ankle through part of his thigh. In the venogram, a liquid contrast material and its passage is monitored by X-ray. The resulting picture will show where the passage of the contrast material has been block-Dr. Lungren said that if there is no new clothing activity, then his patient could probably go home "at the end of this week." In his statement, Dr. Barker had said that Mr. Nixon was going to require "close medical supervision for a protracted period of time, and by 'protracted period' I The doctors' conclusion that Mr. Nixon would require several months of close medical attention -while not necessarily in the hospital-cast further doubt on whether Mr. Nixon, who resigned as president Aug. 9. would be able to testify at the Watergate cover-up trial of his former aides in Washington, D.C. He has been

subpoensed as both a defense and prosecution witness. Comments by Ziegler Nixon aide Ronald Ziegler said in a brief interview later today that the former president has first hospitalized in September for three weeks.

Mr. Nixon is "not bedridden, but chair-ridden," Mr. Ziegler said. "He was told to walk a little distance each day. Ha follows the doctors' orders to the

Wally Findlay Galleries International exhibition

bernard

oct. 18 - nov. 23 exclusiva rapresentative

SIMBARI - FABIEN - KLUGE MICHEL-HENRY - SEBIRE - LE PHO impressionists, post-impressionists

2, av. Matignon - Paris 8º fon. thru Sat 10 a.m.-7 p.m

Wally Findlay George V

exhibition JEAN LAREUSE

oct. 1 - nov. 5 Hôtal George V - 225,35.30 31, av. George V - Paris 8° daily - 10 a.m. - 9 p.m. sunday - 7 p.m. - 9 p.m.

PRINCETON, N.J., Oct. 27 (AF). The latest Gallup poll continues to indicate a Democratic landslide in next week's congressional elec-

The survey, taken between Sept. 27 and Oct. 14, shows Democrats with 55 per cent of the vote for congressional seats and Republicans with 35 per cent. The

Melchior Lengyel Dies at Age 95, Was Playwright

PARIS, Oct. 27 (NYT).-Melchior Lengyel, 95, the Hungarian playwright who two years ago was considered for the Nobel Prize in Literature, died Friday in Budapest.

The Lengyel comedies "The Czarina," a satirical cortratt of the Russian Empress Camerine. "Sancho Panza," "Antonia" and many others were hits in Europe and on Broadway.

An imaginative and versatile author, Mr. Leogyel wrote in ali theatrical forms with success. He provided Bela Bartok, a close friend, with the libretto for "The Miraculous Mandarin." Its audacious sex situation caused the banning of this ballet ov both the Nazis and the Communists. but today it is a showpiece of the Hungarian State Opera's ba!let and is regularly performed by many dance companies.

In 1934, Ernst Lubitsch firmed "The Czarina" as 'Forbidden Paradise," with Pola Negri. He later directed screen versions of three other Lengyel plays: "Niwith Greta Carbo, "Angel." with Marlene Dietrich, and "To Be or Not to Be," with Jack Benny and Carole Lombard. Lubitsch also supervised a talkie of "The Czarina," entitled "A Royal Scandal." "Ninotchka" also served as the book for Cole Porter's last musical, "Silk Stock-

Leon Kroll

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (NYT) -Leon Kroll, 89, artist and muralist, died yesterday in a hospital in Gloucester, Mass.

Mr. Kroll executed the murals for the Justice Building in Washington, the War Memorial in Worcester, Mass., the mosaic dome of the U.S. Military Cemeterv at Omaha Beach, one of the Allied landing sites in France in World War II, and the murals for the Johns Hopkins University

percentages were nearly identical to those the organization reported three weeks earlier.

The results will mark tha demise of former President Richard Nixon's "new majority," George Gallup said, Disillusioned by inflation and Watergate, bluecollar workers and Catholics who supported the Republican president two years ago are leaning back toward the Democrats, he

The Democrats' lead also recalls their showing in 1964, when they captured two-thirds of the House with the widest margin since 1936. Landslide in Making

"The latest findings indicate a landslide in the making, with Democratic seat gains likely to be considerably in excess of the normall off-year gains for the party out of power," Mr. Gallup

Voters were asked, "If the elections for Congress were being held today, which party would you like to see win in this congres-sional district, the Democratic party or the Republican party?" Those who said they were undecided were asked, "As of today, do you lean more toward the Democratic party or to the Re-

Flity-five per cent said they preferred Democrats, 35 per cent favored Republicans, 2 per cent said they would vote for other candidates and 8 per cent said they were undecided.

publican party?

Ford's Campaign Tour

The polling period included only the first week of President Ford's cross-country campaign tour for fellow Republicans, which began Oct. 7. The results of a final poll to be announced before the Nov. 5 election should indicate the effect of Mr. Ford's campaign speeches, Mr. Gallup said.

The latest survey was based on personal interviews with "likely in a sample of 3.113 adults at more than 350 locations, the Gallup organization

The survey showed a one-percentage-point rise for the Democrats over a poll taken Aug. 16-Sept. 9 The increase falls within an error margin and is not considered statistically significant. The poll included the finding that eight of 10 American adults consider the cost of living to be the nation's top problem. Seven of 10 predicted that the economy would worsen and half predicted

a depression. Fifty-one per cent said Mr. Ford's economic programs should be tougher, while only 8 per cent said the programs were too tough.

~...**:**

UNVEILED - The B-1 prototype leaves its hangar in Palmdale, Calif., on Saturday.

U.S. B-1 Strategic Bomber Makes Its Debut

By Michael Getler

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 (WP). -The Air Force's controversial B-1 jet bomber made its public debut yesterday in Palmonle, Calif., with Defense Secretary James Schlesinger telling onlookers that new bombers, despite high costs, are needed in the missile age to maintain the arms

balance with the Soviet Union. It was learned that the Russians have stepped up production of a new but less sophisti-cated bomber, known by the code name "Backfire," from one to two or three planes monthly. The B-1's first flight is scheduled for

While the superpowers continue the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks, it appears that vast sums will still be spent by both on

For the United States, the B-1 represents one of the largest. most expensive and ootentially most controversial arms projects ever undertaken. It is estimated that the 244 planes wanted by the Air Force between 1976 and 1985 will cost about \$18.6 billion. The planes would replace some f the existing B-53s, most of

Bonn, Iceland Cut Off Fishing-Rights Talks

BONN. Oct. 27 (AP). - Talks between West Germany and Iceland on disputed fishing rights broke off Friday, apparently with-

out an interim agreement. The Bonn Foreign Ministry said that both sides would review the discussions. There was no indication that the two-day meeting had resulted in a temporary agreement on the rights of West German trawlers in fishing banks np to 50 miles off Iceland.

which were built in the iste 1950s and early 1960s. As the first experimental model

of the four-engine B-1 was rolled out of its hangar at Rockwell International Corp. yesterday, Mr. Schlesinger reminded his audience that well over half of the total atomic destructive power of U.S. missiles and bombers is carried by 400 B-52s and 75 FB-111 bombers now in service. (Another 114 B-52s are in mothbalis.)

The rest of U.S. nuclear warheads are mounted on 1,710 land-based and submarine-based missiles. They generally carry smaller nuclear force than the bembs aboard the aircraft.

Mr. Schlesinger noted that the 1972 arms agreement with the Russians, which allowed them numerical superiority in muscles (2,358), was based in part on the offsetting U.S. numerical superiority in bombers.

The earlier SALT pact, he said, was "widely justified" in estab-lishing a rough balance between the superpowers on what is called "equivalent megatonnage" — a measure of the power of atomic weapons. To the extent that such a criterion continues to be applied he said, "It points directly to the need for a bomber replacement for the B-52.

Advocates of the B-1 argued that the 400,000-pound plane, which can fly flaster and farther and carry 2 1/2 times the bomb load of the B-52, is vital to

nnclear deterrence, Unlike missiles, bombers can be launched and recalled. The B-1 will be able to get off the ground in about four minutes, far quicker than the B-52, It will be smaller than the B-52, less vulnerable to nuclear radiation and, because of its design, less visible on radar. Aside from bombs, the plane missiles able to hit targets up to 100 miles away. Another 1,000mile "cruise missile," which flies like a miniature jet plane, is being developed, with which the B-I could hit targets far to either alde of its flight path.

missiles, and can easily switch to other targets while in flight.

Thus far, Congress has approved \$1.6 billion for development of the B-1, but as the cost soars with inflation, there is increasing concern over the project on Capitol Hill.

In November, 1976, the Pentamass production.

Ethiopia Police Kill 1, Wound 2 at Rally by Jobless

ADDIS ABABA, Oct. 27 (UPI). strators outside the headquarters of the Confederation of Ethiopian Labor Unions yesterday, killing one man and wounding two,

1,500 workers gathered outside the CELU headquarters, demanding jobs, and refused to disperse. They began stoning the police, who countered with tear gas and gun-

Meanwhile, Lt. Gen. Aman Andom, chairman of the ruling Military Council, announced that the future of the monarchy would be decided by a referendum. He said the military had appointed Crown Prince Merid Azmatch Asfa Wossen as a temporary successor to former Emperor Haile

The 58-year-old crown prince is in Geneva, recovering from a stroke which has left him partly

SOUL, Oct. 27 (NYT).—All seven national newspapers published here and three commercial radio stations carried statements by their editors and reporters Friday calling on the government of President Chung Hee

know what the matter is," the new Information Minister, Lee Won Kyong, was quoted as hav-

ried by the papers expressed "shame that we have not been reporting facts." To present a fresh image to the readers, they published accounts of Thursday's anti-government Catholic rally in Scoul. Such political rallies have previously been ignored, provoking students and dissident church leaders to accuse the press of maintaining "an im-moral silence" on repressive poli-

The Brussels-Sheraton is in the

heart of the fast-growing Manhattan Center, near the

Bombers, supporters said, can hit their targets more accurately than They also can be used for conventional warfare, and force the Russians to continue spending heavily for anti-aircraft defenses.

gon and Congress will have to decide whether to go shead with

-Security forces fired on demondiplomatic sources said.

The trouble started after about

in a prepared satement. The specimens were found

Press in Seoul Decries Curbs

Park to end press restrictions.

A government spokesman de-clined to offer an official com-ment. "I have nothing to say at this moment because I don't

The front-page statements car-

'Breakthrough' Discovery Made in Ethiopia

3-Million-Year-Old Human Fossils Founc

By David B. Ottaway

ADDIS ABABA, Oct. 27 (WP). -An international team of scientists has found three extraorlinarily well preserved human fossils dating back more than three million years in the Afar region of northeastern Ethiopia.

The find is an "unparalleled" breakthrough in the search for the origins of man's evolution and will bring about a "major revolution in all previous thinking" about the genus homo, according to the French, American and Ethiopian discoverers of the

The specimens are a complete upper jaw, a half upper jaw and a half mandible, all with their teeth still intact. They are "definitely" older than three million years and may approach 4 mil-lion years in age, the three scientists said at a press conference here Friday.

3-Month Expedition

The three-man team is part of the three-month international Afar research expedition and includes Maurice Taieb, a French geologist from the National Cen-ter for Scientific Research in Paris; Carl Johanson, an American anthropologist from Case Western Reserve University and the Cleveland Museum of National History, and Alemeyu Asfew from the Ethiopian Antiquitles Administration. It was Mr. Asfew who actually spotted the fossils.

Specimens in Cigar Box

At the press conference, Mr Johanson pulled out of a cigar box the three specimens another jawbone pelieved to belong to a creature called austraiopitheous, contemporary in time to the genus homo from which modern man descended.

By far the most remarkable of the four fossils is the complete upper jaw whose size and teeth appeared to be very similar to those of humans today.

The find is likely to shift the center for the search for the cradle of homo sapiens from the southern portions of the Great East African Rift in Kenya and Tanzania to the northern Ethiopian Afar region of the same

Previously the oldest human fossils found in Tanzania and Lake Rudolf by the late Louis Leakey and his son Richard were no older than 2 million to 2.8 million years and the latter dating is seriously contested.

Extended Our Knowledge'

"We have in a matter of merely two days extended our knowledge of the genus homo by nearly 1.5 million years. All pre-vious theories of the origin of the lineage which leads to modern man must now be totally revised," the three scientists said

Oct. 17 and 18 on the ground surface at a volcanic deposit on the Hadar, a tributary of the Awash River, situated about 20 miles from the road leading from Dessie to Asab, directly south of the small village of Aloha.

They were in a stratographic level 150 feet below a volcanic basalt recently dated by the potassium argon technique at 3.01 to 3.25 million years.

Treasure of Fossils

The Hadar region is dotted with towering volcanic deposits, 300 feet high and more, which contain a veritable treasure of animal fossils, including extremely well-preserved remains of elephants and pigs.

The specimens are certain to touch off a lively debate in the world of paleontology, the science dealing with the fossil remains of early life, about the origins of

The fossils, still in excellent condition for their age, are the strongest evidence to date that

Draw in Chess Match

MOSCOW, Oct. 27 (AP). Anatoly Karpov and Victor Korchnol agreed to a draw in the 16th game of their world chess challengers' finals yesterday after 67 moves. Mr. Karpov leads 2-0 in the 24-game series and there have been 14 draws.

What has Sheraton done for you lately?

man's origins date back to a far more distant past than anyone had previously suspected: four million years and perhaps more. The small size of the teeth has led Mr. Johanson to the nypothesis that the genus homo "was walking eating meat, and probably using tools, perhaps bones, to kill animals" three to four

million years ago. "It also means there was probably some kind of social cooperation and some sort of communication system," he said.

Furthermore, Mr. and his colleagues believe the genus homo or "true almost certainly coexisted the "near man" sustraion in the Afar region.

Their finding would also were more likely outsi Africa and that he mi from the Arabian Peninsu

Low Advance-Sale Air Far On North Atlantic Is Scrapt

GENEVA, Oct. 27 (NYT).-Regular sirline operators an-nounced yesterday that they were abandoning an advance-purchase excursion fare that was scheduled to go into operation Thursday for passengers on North Atlantic

scheduled airlines answer to competition from charter operators. It was dropped, officials said, because of disappointment over a Washington decision increasing minimum charter rates less than was expected.

balance.

Similar Cut A similar cut of \$20 ts to be made on the group excursion fares to be introduced on Thurs-

airlines had originally planned.

fares agreement they reached in August under the auspices of the International Air Transport Association, a trade organization grouping most of the world's airlines, because the U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board approved smaller than expected increases in minimum North Atlantic cnarter

spokesman said, was set at what was expected to be only \$40 to \$80 higher, depending on the season, than the minimum charter rate. But as a result of port and sewage works

to suggest that the crar mankind was hero in Ethior the Afar team has str enough come to the opposit clusion: that the origins o

By Victor Lusinchi

the U.S. regulatory agency ommendation, the different in favor of the charter

flights.
The plan was the regularly

The officials said they hoped to put into effect an entirely new North Atlantic fares package by Feb. 1 to meet the new competitive situation. It is thought that some fares will go up and some down, striking a sort of

In compensation for canceling the so-called Apex fare that was to be the cheapest offered to the individual traveler, the airlines are cutting by \$20 the "ound-rrip rates they had agreed upon to begin on Thursday for stays abroad of not less than 22 days and no more than 45 days.

The \$20 cuts in the two economy fares are the only changes being made in the fares that become effective on Thursday. But the fare schedule introduced on that date will be valid for only three months, instead of through March 31, 1976, as the

The airlines are scrapping the

The Apex fare, an IATA

will be \$100 to \$190, he sa Not Competitive .It means, according spokesman, that the fai airlines proposed to introc the individual traveler we

be competitive. To avoid the "chaor would result if the airlin to cancel their new fare s completely, the spokesn plained, it was agreed to tain it for three month only the limited chaoges

economy rates. Meanwhile, the North airlines are to meet ap ginning Nov. 6 to neg new long-term fares pac place, in time for the pe mer-travel season, the o is being canceled.

Apex tickets already or that are purchased than Tuesday, will be the airlines said.

As a result of the the New York-London day excursion fare will proximately \$320, instead \$340 lt was scheduled during the next three me

Garbage Stril Ends in Glass

GLASGOW, Oct. 27 (-Clasgow garbage-truck yesterday decided to month-old strike which l ed thousands of tons of to pile up.
At a meeting, the 38

decided to resume work row after being given at that there would be furth tiations on their pay cla A spokesman for the said that it would to six weeks to remove the Priority will be given to fire hazards,

Meanwhile, a strike by truck drivers, which h 13,000 workers being strikes by Glasgow pub

Kennedy Terms His Actio At Chappaquiddick Irratio

BOSTON, Oct. 27 (UFI).—Sen. Edward Kennedy sald in a copyrighted interview in today's Boston Globe that his conduct immediately after the 1969 incldent at Chappaquiddick Island in which a woman companion drowned was "irrational and indefensible and inexcusable and inexplicable."

Sen. Kennedy denied that

either he or his companion had been under the influence of alcohol. He also denied that he really was driving to the beach with her instead of to the ferry. The woman, Mary Jo Kopechne, died when the car Sen. Kennedy was driving went off a narrow bridge into the water af-

ter a party they had attended.
In the interview, the first that
the Democratic senator from Massachusetts has given to the news media concerning the inci-dent of July 18, 1969, Sen. Kennedy acknowledged that he was wrong when, in reporting the accident to police, he failed to

inform them that tw cue Miss Kopechne. Sen. Kennedy, who withdrew from 1976 p consideration, said tha quest judge's report the terized his driving of i probably criminal was and mistaken.

Exonerates Compa

The story said that nedy granted the inte Monday to a three-i from the newspaper ir tion with its two-mon gation of the accident Sen Kennedy denie had asked a cousin, Jo gan, to take the blan accident. He denied th left the party at a later he testified and that efforts of Mr. Garge companion, Paul Mark made the following rather than moments 'il'

Sen Kennedy, who port the accident to until the following concrated Mr. Garga Markham for not re saying he had told would do it. He told the Glob almost drowned while

across the 500-foot-wifrom Chappaquiddick Edgartown and was when he reached the He also repeated ear that the party of workers had been : man's night out." H his wife, Joan, had i be present out "becau: related to her pregnao unable to be there,

GI in Germa Charged as

KAISERSLAUTERI meny. Oct. 27 (UPI soldier has been ch espionage, an Army said last week. The spokesman s Leslie Payne was Oct, 14 and charged

ing classified docum he allegedly intender East Germany. Spec Payne "has with esputation of the street with espionage for 5



ubiting News Leaks in Tokyo

ack of Japanese Text Is Said o Hide A-Arms Transit Pact

By Richard Halloran

weapons into Japan. When the

new treaty was negotiated, what

is known as the "prior consulta-tion" formula was added. It says

deployment into Japan of United States armed forces, major

changes in their equipment, and

the use of facilities and areas in

Japan as bases for military com-

bat operations... shall be the subjects of prior consultation with the government of Japan."

yama and Ambassador MacArthur, who is a nephew of the late

Who is a nephew of the late Gen. Douglas MacArthur, and their staffs defined what con-stituted the major changes that would require prior consultations.

They agreed that major changes

in deployment meant bringing

into Japan an army, division of

15,000 to 20,000 men, or an air

wing or a naval task force. They further agreed that a major change in equipment would be

involved by the bringing in of

medium or long-range missiles and nuclear warheads for us

by American forces in Japan.

Loosely Defined

Mr. Fujiyama and Mr. Mac-

Arthur further agreed that minor

were not covered by the prior-

consultation formula and could

The prior-consultation formula

is so loosely defined that it has

never been invoked during its 14

Japanese officials today vig-

orously assert that, in response to press reports of the secret

agreement, they have searched

through the files and archives and can find no written mention

But in 1960, U.S. officials wrote

down the understandings. The transit agreement turned up on

paper again in 1969, when a na-

tional security study memoran-

dum was written by a group of officials from the National Secu-

rity Council staff, the Depart-

ments of State. Defense, Army, Commerce and Treasury, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Central

Intelligence Agency and the U.S.

The memo covered all U.S. relations with Japan, with particular emphasis on the possible rever-

sion of Okinawa to Japanese

control. In that context, the pa-

per noted the necessity of pre-serving the nuclear transit agree-ment and extending it to Oki-

The Japanese sources said that during the negotiations for rever-

sion of that island, the entire mi-

clear issue was thoroughly dis-

ficials together for the first time,

Thus, the current Japanese lead-

ership was reminded of the agree-

ment and the American practice

of transiting nuclear weapons

Leftists, Police Clash

About 300 leftists clashed with

riot police today amid protest

marches against the suspected bringing of U.S. nuclear weap-ons into Japan and against a

Japanese Self-Defense Forces' pa-

Police said two policemen were

injured when they tried to con-

trol leftists armed with hamboo poles for their flags. Officers re-ported arresting 16 persons on

charges of interfering with

French Note Big Rise

PARIS. Oct. 27 (API.-The number of armed robberies multiplied by 38 in France in a

decade, according to official sta-

tistics. There were 39 holdups re-corded in 1963 and more than

1.100 in 1973, the Ministry of the

Banks were hit 776 times last year, post offices 144 times and armored cars transporting funds

on 92 occasions, the ministry

PARIS

AMUSEMENTS

CALAVADOS BAL 95-38

JOE TURNER - LOS LATINOS

OYSTERS OUR SPECIALTY

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT — Air cond-

GRANDJEU

In Armed Robberies

ASAKA, Japan, Oct. 27 (AP),-

Information Agency,

nawa after reversion.

through Japan.

of a transit agreement,

be effected freely.

years of existence.

Then Foreign Minister Fuji-

thet "major changes in

)EYO, Oct. 27 (NYT).-Autative Japanese sources have used that a secret "transit ment" permitting the United is to bring nuclear arms orarily into Japan was con-d without a Japanese text so it could be denied in this ar-sensitive nation.

1.344

e agreement was made in by Alichiro Fujiyama, then n's foreign minister, and las MacArthur 2d, the Amerambassador. Only American als recorded the oral agree-, it is now understood. Mr. ama today denied that there :n agreement.

eached in Brussels, where he w a businessman, Mr. Macir denied that there had

illows U.S. warships to carry ar weapons into Japan dur-outine port calls and U.S. ift to bring them in during the United States to deploy re fruclear arms here withhe permission of the Japa-

Kept Secret

agreement was kept secret se of Japan's "nuclear al-" the anguish that remains result of the atomic bombof Hiroshima and Nagasaki end of World War II. A al dispute has flared up ly over evidence that the i States, under the transit nent, has been bringing ur weapons into Japan.

having the agreement writilowed Japanese leaders to its existence without fear comeone will leak a docu-to prove them wrong. This rement also makes it aphat the United States alone onsible for bringing nuclear nto Japan.

cials of the U.S. Embassy ieclined comment except to o enrier State Department is to comment.

1959 and 1960 Japanese in positions then , to know what happened als murky plece of diplotook place during the itions in late 1959 and 1960 .ft a new security treaty n Tokyo and Washingtou. re 1960, the United States o restrictions on bringing

ance Minister Bangladesh Is ed by Mujibur

Oct. 27 1AP1.-Prime r Mujibur Rahman yesterred his firance minister, in Ahmed, who in the lays of Bangladesh led a nent faction opposed to cs will the United States. Tajuddin was the leader igladesh's provisional govit in India during the ninccivil war against Pakistan sheikh Mujib was jalled in in. He remained in power the government came to but stepped down when Mujib returned from

in January, 1972, ed finance minister. Mr. n opposed the sheikh's to obtain financial aid ar United States because of agton's lack of support for bei government, hut the prevailed.

atly, Mr. Tajuddin had ritical of the government's ig of the country's food Bangladesh is facing a that experts say threatens ion for 5 million of its 77 peopic.

e was no immediate in-1 who would succeed him Finance Ministry in the if a serious economic crisis has left the country y bankrupt.

na Is Using bs in Fight inst Cancer

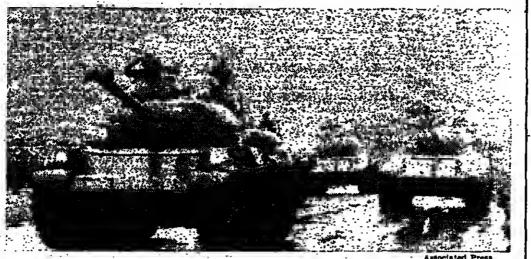
MENCE, Italy, Oct. 27 China is using traditional medicine and acupuncture with modern herrpy in its fight against two Chinese physicians the 11th International

u Lu-li of the Shanghai Institute said that the d method occasionally has fective. He said research r way to determine the reperies of the herbs se rhaps can be used in the nent of new anti-cancer

Plug, the director of the Cancer institute said the i has included the screen-100,000 persons for cancer over and a study in North n a population of 50 mil-h a high rate of cancer of

Chinese reported the dis d a new anti-cancer agent, hane, which they said has a definite therapcutic on carcinomas of the lung, malignant lymphoma





MILITARY MIGHT-Tanks of Japan's Self-Defense Forces rolled through Asaka yesterday in a parade celebrating the 20th anniversary of the forces' founding.

Thieu Warns Opposition of Red Infiltration

SAIGON, Oct. 27 (AP),—President Nguyen Van Thieu warned . yesterday that the failure of the Communists to win a military victory in South Vietnam has led them to support the political opposition to his government.

In statements reported by the official government news agency. Vietnam Press. Mr. Thieu cautioned opposition groups to be-ware of Communists in their changes in forces and equipment

He called on the people to be vigilant—"not to listen to any instigator, not to make any errors, so that the Communists cannot poison us with beautiful words or incite us to act wrongly and thus lead us to the loss of Opposition demonstrations have

escalated during the past seven weeks, with Euddhists, Catholics. other politicians and segments of the press calling for Mr. Thieu's resignation, an end to the fight ing, an end to corruption and that restoration of civil liberties.

Danang Protest in Danang more than 100 people marched peacefully today in continuing demonstrations against Mr. Thieu. The demonstrators accused Mr. Thieu and his family of personal corruption. Meanwhile, the Viet Cong bombers had attacked their headquarters at Loc Ninh, 75 miles north of Saigon, killing and wounding an undisclosed number of civilians,

It said bombs fell in the cen-

ter of the city and that the

Paper Folding SAIGON, Oct. 27 (NYT).-Dai Dan Toc, one of Baigon's leading opposition newspapers, announced yesterday that it will suspend publication "indefinitely" because government confiscations have driven it into bankruptcy. Vo Long Trieu, the outspoken publisher of the paper and an opposition deputy, accused outgoing Information Minister Hoang Duc Nhs of conducting a "petty vendetta" against the paper. In the last month, Mr. Trieu said, it had been seized 11 times. Mr. Nha has resigned, effective when a new cabinet is

dramatic Australian court hearfederal senator John Kane, a rightist, over an article published ing, a former American prisoner of war in Korea has claimed thet in November, 1971, which accus-ed him of working as a spy for Wilfred Burchett, one of the best-known foreign correspon-dents specializing in Asian afthe Chinese and Russians during the 1940s and 1950s.

By Christopher Sweency SYDNEY, Oct. 27 (WP) -At a

bloc rather than be repatriated

to America in September, 1953. Mr. Kmss told the court along

with three other former POWs that he had seen Mr. Burchett

in Chin.e Army uniforms in

North Korea in 1952. "He is a traitor to the allied cause," Mr.

Kniss snapped during the hear-

ing. "I personally feel that Mr. Burchett was very high in the organization which was running

the propaganda about germ war-

Libel Hearing

The accusations against Mr. Burchett, aged 63, have been

made in a libel hearing before the New South Wales State

Supreme Court in Sydney. For

more than 20 years a correspon-

fare.

Tells Trial of Brainwashing in War

dent for the London Daily Ex-press and other newspapers, he is suing a former Australian

fairs, was actually a Communist agent who participated in the Although Mr. Burchett has acknowledged his Communist sympathies and openly supported the Viet Cong during the Vietnam war, his role in Asia has brainwashing of Americans cap-tured in North Korea. One former U.S. fighter pilot, close to tears, accused Mr. Burlong been an enigma. However, Mr. Burchett, Australian-born, has vigorously denied that he ever worked as an espionage chett of personally editing a false confession made under intensive interrogation in 1952 which claimed that the American

Air Force was participating in For three days last week a germ warfare.
Paul Kniss, a U.S. Air Force lieutenant shot down in North succession of witnesses told the packed court of meetings with Mr. Burchett in East Berlin, Mos-Korea in May, 1852, accused Mr. Burchett of playing a leading role in the North Korean propcow Pyongyang and South Viet-nam Bui Cong Toung, a former province chief of the Viet Cong who defected in 1970 after 20 aganda campaign during the war. He also alleged that Mr. Burchett had tried to convince him to defect to the Communist years as a member of the Vietnamese Communist party, told the

> Thailand Reds Attack Outpost for a Week

BANGKOK, Oct. 27 (UPI).-Fighting beetwen Communist insurgents and government forces has broken out in northeastern Thailand, the Bangkok Post newspaper reported today. It said the insurgents had mounted a weeklong attack against a government outpost at Tambon Koktum, about 360 miles northeast of here east of here.

The attack has included insurgent mortar attacks on the outpost. Three villagers and a government defender have been wounded in the fighting.

Ex-POW Says Burchett Aided North Korea court through an interpreter of meetings with Mr. Eurchett in the Mekong Delta in February,

companied by Viet Cong officers, attended a propaganda school in

the delta and gave advice to

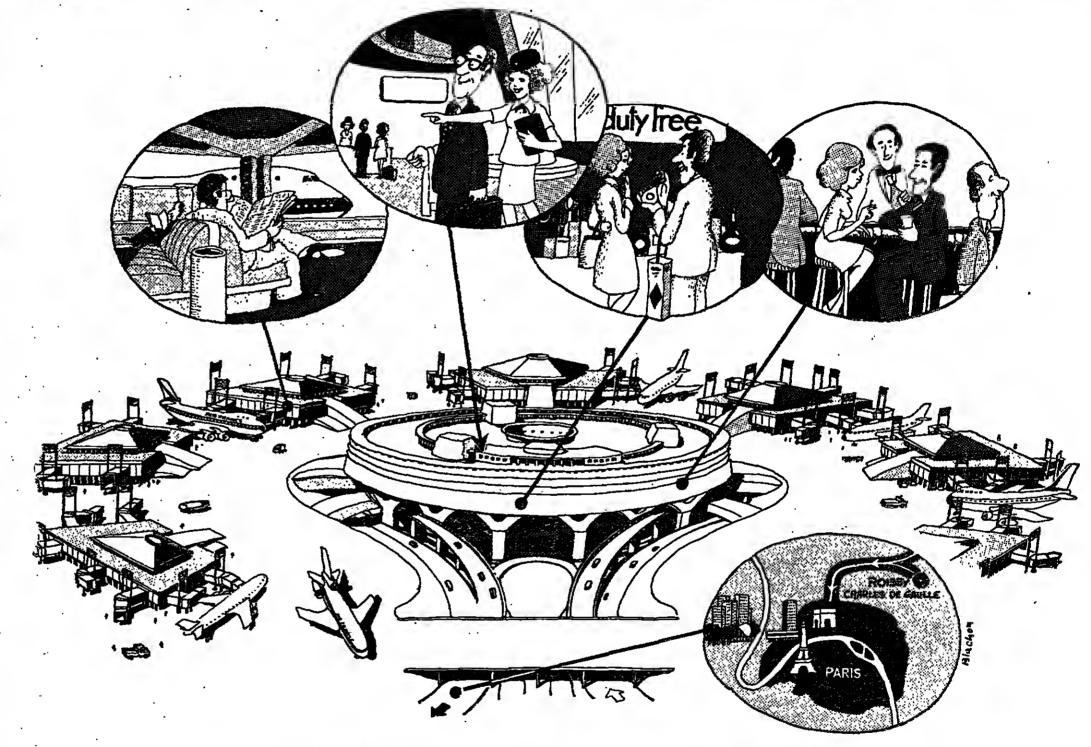
Soviet Agent

Earlier, a statement by former Soviet secret police agent Yuri Krotkov, who defected in London in 1963, was read to the court. Mr. Krotkov testified that during the early 1960s, Mr. Burchett boasted that he was "on the payroll of the party in Hanoi' and that during the Korean war he had driven "rery valuable" information to the Chinese while ostensibly working as a Western

foreign correspondent. While the London Daily Express's correspondent in Moscow in 1957, the statement said, Mr. Burchett lived m a luxurious seven-room apartment in a block reserved for very important Rus-

The court was told by other former prisoners of war that Mr. Burchett appeared on a number of occasions in a Chinese Army uniform and in 1952 had addressed 1,400 POWs from a table set on a camp football field One former British POW said that Mr. Burchett had warned him "I can have you shot." Although there have been no allega-tions that Mr. Burchett took an actual part in the main interrogations and torture, witnesses have alleged that he was involved in the process of extracting false confessions and their use for propaganda purposes.

The hearing is expected to last through this week,



Charles de Gaulle airport. Paris'newest attraction. Enjoy it.

As of November 1st most Air France Paris flights land at Charles de Gaulle. So much the better for you. Because it'd be worth visiting even if it weren't an airport.

But its striking architecture wasn't designed for looks alone. It encompasses a great many innovations for your comfort and convenience.

Spacious boarding and arrival areas arranged like satellites around the main terminal; moving carpets to whisk you effortlessly from place to place; shorter waiting time between check-in and boarding.

Charles de Gaulle is not only close to Paris. but you arrive at the Terminal Porte Maillot near the major business and tourist areas of the right bank. And right across the street from the new Meridien. our four-star hotel with 1023 de luxe rooms.

And since it's Air France's new home base. we didn't spare any effort on our installation. Three of the seven satellites are exclusively for Air France passengers. Thus you avoid crowds and confusion. You have the most direct access through customs to taxis and buses. Plus the fastest most convenient transit facilities. With all our personnel trained to handle any kind of travel problem, from writing a ticket to reserving a hotel room.

Air France to Charles de Gaulle airport. Don't miss it.

AIR FRANCE We understand.

Page 6-Monday, October 28, 1974 *

Thanksgiving for Vladivostok?

Henry Kissinger's visit to Moscow (so far as the public knows) was the agreement that President Ford will meet with Communist party leader Brezhnev in the Vladivostok area on the weekend before the U.S. Thanksgiving holiday. Whether the results of that gathering will give any special sance to the traditional turkey is, of course, anyone's guess. The subjects of international discussion these days, whether in Moscow, Rabat, Geneva or wherever, are, as Foreign Minister Gromyko described the general situation, of "exceptional complexity." So long as governments are willing to try to unravel such complexities, rather than throw up their hands and let the slogans and the guns take over, there is still hope.

Among the intricacies facing the Soviet and American negotiators, the very nature of controlling armaments in a period when these are of truly devilish sophistication and versatility stands high on the list. The search for methods of comparison among different kinds of missiles is almost as difficult as getting defense officials to agree to any form of treaty control.

Then there is the stark fact that economics ean be as deadly to the human race as nuelear weapons; there must be found some method of reorganizing global trade. The Soviet Union and China have been pointing

The most positive single achievement of to the existing economic disarray as the product of capitalism, and have been very smug about their own Marxist, or semi-Marxist, approach to the problems of distribution. But they, too, are certain to be affected by the broader laws of supply and demand in the world, and they, too; are far from unaware that capitalism has produced superior techniques of production.

And there are those crisis points where reason has abdicated to force or to the threat of force-Indochina the Middle East, Cyprus-or where political tensions might create revolutionary situations: Portugal, Greece, Italy and even Britain. To play these knife-edge regions as part of a cold war game could lead very abruptly to catastrophe; to change the rules of that game now calls for a degree of statesmanlike foresight and courage that has seldom been demanded of diplomats.

So there is reason to look forward to the Viadivostok summit, not for simple answers to world problems that will satisfy everyone. but for further signs that the recognition by both the Soviet Union and the United States of the suicidal folly of nuclear war also implies a study of the causes, as well as the tools, of such a war. One cannot apply to global politics Goethe's phrase that over every summit there is peace-but from the summit it might be possible to find the



For the last 16 years the wagon-train of in all matters. Giscard d'Estaing proposed European unity has had to move with the majority voting on a list of issues that did speed of its slowest mule, France. Gen. Charles de Gaulle's stubborn insistence on preserving French sovereignty and "independence" in decision-making was little challenged by his first successor, President Pompidou, although he did lift De Gaulle's veto on British entry into the Common Market. Now a new non-Ganllist president, Valery Giscard d'Estaing, is lifting De Ganile's veto of merged sovereignty and political union.

Giscard d'Estaing took a low-key approach . to this issue in his press conference suggestion this week that the nine Common Market countries move politically toward a Pompidou had also used—in reference to a distant goal. But his remarks made it clear that a complete break with the Gaullist tradition was involved.

France has proposed to its Common Market partners that there be frequent meetings of a "European Council" of heads of government. The function of these meetings, the French President has now explained, would not be merely to exchange views but to exercise the "supreme responsibility" for concerting policy.

Majority voting on some issues would replace the Gaullist-imposed rule of ananimity

not involve vital national interests; but lest there be any mistaking of his intention, he noted that the drawing up of this list would involve a first "transfer of sovereignty for current questions" from national governments to the Common Market's Council of Ministers. Another French suggestion that breaks with the Gaullist past is that a date be set for the first direct elections to the European Parliament, whose members now are drawn from national assemblies.

Immediate action on these proposals is unlikely. Britain's Labor government will not want to inject the sovereignty issue into domestic debate at this time. Other Common Market governments, such as West Germany's, are less concerned with institutional questions right now than with Europe's urgent economic problems-inflation, payments deficits, declining growth rates, mounting unemployment and rising social

But the likelihood of common policies on these economic questions undoubtedly has been increased by the new perspective opened toward political union, a goal long-sought by most Europans but blocked for almost a generation by France.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Europe's Oil Fund

tion to the world's excruciating oil-money problem should be brought a step nearer by agreement of the nine Common Market countries on a collective effort to help their weaker members finance oil - payments deficits.

The plan to set up a big new European Economic Community loan fund, with an initial \$3 billion in money borrowed jointly by the Nine from the oil-producing countries. should serve a double purpose. One is to help lock up in five-year EEC bonds or in longer-term money instruments some of the Arab petro-dollar surpluses that have been going into volatile short-term bank deposits abroad, mostly in such financially strong countries as the United States, West Germany and Switzerland. The other gain would be to make these funds available to Common Market countries in trouble-Italy now. probably France. Britain and others next year-as they exhaust their ability to borrow in private capital markets abroad

The \$3-billion target is small compared to the projected \$60 to \$80-billion-a-year surplus of the oil-producing countries, funds they cannot spend on imports and must in-

Both the integration of Europe and a solu- vest abroad. It is also small compared to the annual deficit of \$20 billion or more in foreign payments now being rung up by five Common Market countries alone: Italy. France, Britain, Denmark and Ireland. But it is understood that \$3 billion is only an initial goal. Bonn, which will be carrying the chief risk in the event of heavy default, rejected proposals for an initial fund as large as \$10 billion, but it has left the door open for increases next year.

Administration of the new EEC fund will be entrusted to the Common Market's Executive Commission, strengthening this supranational body. Loans to Common Market countries will be accompanied by guidelines for domestic measures to reduce non-oil payments deficits, a provision that could move the community toward harmonization of economic policy and ultimate economic and monetary union

The speed with which fears over the precedent-setting implications of the new fund were resolved at a one-day ministerial meeting augurs well for future off-money cooperation both within Europe and among the oil consumers throughout the world.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

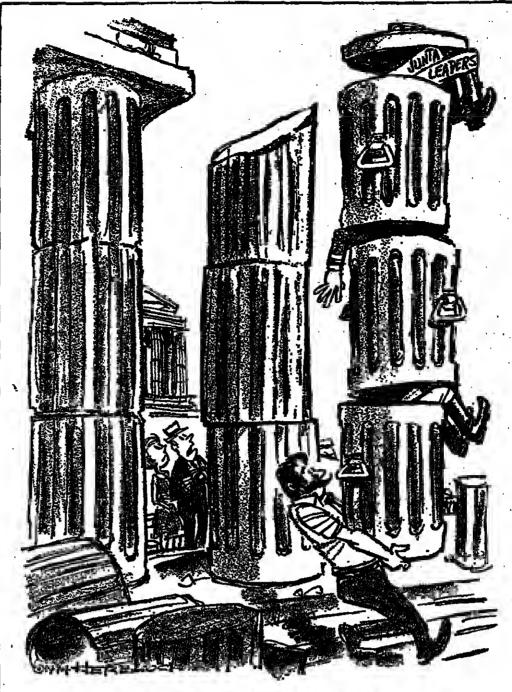
In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago October 28, 1899

BERLIN-A telegram to the Berliner Tageblatt from Vienna reports that nothing is known there regarding a meeting of the three Emperors in Russian Poland. There have been no preparations made for the Austrian Emperor's journey. The report in question was to the effect that among the Tear's bunting guests at Spala Castle would be the Emperors William and Franz Josef and the Archduke

Fifty Years Ago October 28, 1924

NEW YORK-Miss Helen Keller, who has been blind and deaf from early infancy, is turning to the radio as a possible means of causing the deaf to "hear" and as an aid in comforting the blind. She has found that she herself is able to "hear" in the sense of distinguishing to the utmost esthetic nicety, musical sounds broadcast by wireless, by means of vibrations from the disphragm of the receiver.



'Some of Those Greek Ruins Are Moving.'

Three Men in an Aegean Boat

By C.L. Sulzberger

The secretary of state's chances

of cutting the Cyprian knot de-

pend almost wholly on two men:

Ecevit as premier in Turkey and

Caramanlis as head of the first

parliamentary government Greece

Curiously enough, although both

may seem to symbolize vigorous

nationalistic and somewnat anti-

American feelings in their own

countries, they are also acknowledged to be realistic, strong-willed and possessing broad vision.

And Kissinger's reputation as a

diplomatic miracle-maker rides

Words for It

political intricacies inside Greece

passions involved, was quietly

proceeding along lines desired by

an emotional Congress --sponsi-

ent complexities or the past his-

Kissinger himself, aware of the

has had since 1967,

along with them.

PARIS-The most urgent task Henry Rissinger has set himself on his current diplomatic foray is moving the Cyprus crisis along the path to peaceful settlement, thereby healing a serious breach in NATO. The undertaking's magnitude may not compare with the ultimate goals sought in continued talks with Russia; but the immediate dangers of failure are great.

Kissinger's efforts to get some motion on Cyprus have been de-layed by two things. First, the U.S. Congress sought to impose a handicap on presidential policymaking by abrupt termination of aid to Turkey. This would have removed a principal trump from the secretary of state's hand as began negotiations. Even now he has very limited leeway but least he is not in a position appearing an outright builty to the Turks, something he must

The second obstacle has been Turkey's failure to replace the Eccvit government after it resigned. Ecevit's widespread popularity, stemming from the landings in Cyprus, nevertheless has not yet enabled him to make a deal with other party leaders and his parliamentary backing remains a minority until next spring's elections.

Turkish Hurdle

Thus, curiously, the politics of Turkey, where a strongman seemed to be emerging, have proven to be a greater hurdle than the politics of Greece, where an en-tire system of government has been replaced. Kissinger desperately hopes to see a new Turkish cabinet formed under Ecevit within the next few days so be can include Ankars and perhaps Athens on his forthcoming schedule and pull Cyprus away from the brink.

No contemporary Greek leader save Constantine Caramanits, provisional premier running for formal leadership in the Nov. 17 elections, first in many years, has the strength and prestige to get a sensible deal with Turkey accepted by the Greeks. Therefore Kissinger hopes to obtain some yield from the Turks by early November, in order to improve Caramanlise vote-getting position and set the stage for Greco-

Before Ecevit's resignation, he had already promised Kissinger initial concessions. It wasn't entirely simple for him because of his political situation and also use he had initially offered a contonal solution after the first Turkish landing in Cyprus. This agreed to split the island

into mixed provinces with the largest of the five dominated by Turkish-speakers situated in the north. But when Kissinger passed the formula on to James Callaghan, chairman of the first Cyprus peace talks in Genera, the British foreign secretary fall-ed to present the paper.

Restricted

Kissinger's margin of maneuver is very slender. Congress has put time limit on future Turkish aid—unless Ankara budges considerably on Cyprus. This has irked many Turks who talk of quitting NATO completely. The Greeks themselves have already withdrawn from the alliance's military commands but are moving very slowly to implement their decision.

torical background. Prof. Arnold Toynbee wrote in 1923 ("The Western Question in Greece and Turkey") words that could apply today in Cyprus:

"The Greeks have shown the same unfitness as the Turks for governing a mixed population ... the herd instinct can be relied on, as it cannot be in the West, override the interest and dement of the individual . . . Each nation fears that its own hostages in the other's territory may be ill-treated and that the other's hostages in its own territory may undermine its soversorch e have a fatal tendency to realize

The U.S. Congress is perhaps and Turkey and of the ancient less acquainted with this background than it ought to be. But then, as Toynbee also wrote: "Western sentiment about the ble to well-organized U.S. lobbies. Greeks and the Turks is for the But Congress did not suffi-ciently appreciate either the presmost part ill-informed, violently sed and dangerously influ-

themselves ..."

Any really serious agreements

and Chou En-lai.

There is another change in the propaganda of both Moscow and Peking recently. They seldom agree these days in their relations with one another, but lately they have been agreeing about the economic crisis in the capitalist world. Both have been dramatizing the problems of infiation in Europe, the United States, and Japan; the crises of colonialism in Portugal, the transition from fascism to monarchy in

Both have also been supporting the Arab oil states against the industrial capitalist states, and seeing in the "energy crisis" a new economic opportunity to weaken the free world, and a new strategic opportunity to blockade Europe, Japan, and even the United States at the sources of their oil and industrial power in the Middle East.

Brezhnev, by all reports, was very tough on Elssinger in Mos-cow. He was hitter about Jack-son's insistence on the immigration of 60,000 Jews a year from the Soviet Union to Israel, and astonished that Jackson would be allowed to come out on the White House steps and define, inacsinger was furious about all this; Ford ignored it at first and finally had to correct it, but Kissinger had to deal with this political confusion in Washington when he got to Moscow.

publicans in the House and Senate, is not really putting his mind to this world problem. He is looking for Republican seats in

Subtle Changes

Ford, Moscow, Peking

By James Reston

between the United States and both the Soviet Union and China have changed in subtle ways since President Ford moved

into the White House. Washington's policy toward the two major Communist states remains the same, but Moscow and Peking are being very cautious about Ford, who is a new figure on the world stage, and they are wondering what he's like, how long he will last, and who will

succeed him. All the civilities and diplomatic courtesies of the last couple of years were extended to Secretary of State Kissinger in his latest mission to Moscow, but progress arms was slight at best, and for obvious reasons.

to end the nuclear arms race could not begin to be effective for two or three years, and would limit the freedom of action of the major nuclear powers thereafter. But who would be president of the United States in three years? Ford, whom the Soviets don't know, or maybe even "Scoop" Jackson, the Democratic sensior from Washington, who is regarded in Moscow with almost as much suspicion as Mao Tse-tung

So there is a pause now in the talks among the representatives of the big continental and nuclear nations. Nobody knows what is going to happen after Ford in Washington or after the aged leaders in Peking. They are all willing to meet but not to decide, and particularly, not to lock themselves into long-range poli-cies for a future nobody can

Ford, out campaigning for Re-

WASHINGTON The relations the House and Senate, and arguing that somehow this will deal with these larger world ques-

The truth is that even his own cabinet, trying to deal with infistion, the balance of payments, the Russians and the Chinese, thinks he is not only wasting his time but raising doubts about his

In the next two or three years, the leadership of the United States, China and probably the Soviet Union, is going to pass from the old generation to the new. In the United States, it may pass from Ford to Rockefeller, to Jackson, or even to a third-party conservative coalition of Reagan and Wallace. In China, it may even pass from the anti-Soviet leadership of Mao Tse-tung and Chou En-lei to a new military junta that will revive the Soviet-Chinese Communist alliance

against the West. Nobody knows, so everybody is waiting. Kissinger hoped when he came to Washington that he was going to define and organize the arrangements of the coming world, but it is not working out exactly as he had hoped.

There is no political, economic or financial stability in the world today. The central political figures are insecure in Washington, Peking, Moscow, Tokyo, London and most of the other major capitals. So everybody is waiting. Everybody is talking but not deciding. The Russians and the Chinese, just as much as the Americans, the Europeans, the Japanese, the Indians and the underdeveloped nations, are strug-gling with their immediate prob-

major powers were coming to-gether on the control of arms, and the avoidance of war, and they are still trying to do so. But on the problems of food, energy and population, and on the organization of a new order of the world, they are still deeply divid-

In fact, the political trend now is toward division and confrontation. The Communists are seeking economic disarray of the capitalist world as confirmation of their Marrist prophecies. The Jacksons and Reagans in America are swinging American pol-itics toward nationalism and anti-Communism, and the Russians and Chinese are watching all this with their usual skepticism

The result is that no big deals about disarmament or anything else are likely to be made in the next few years with either the Russians or the Chinese or even the Europeans. They know that American power in the world is probably decisive, both economically and military, but they don't know how Ford is going to use that power or who is going to succeed him.

So the Russians have been and the Indians will probably do the same in the next few days and so will the Chinese when he goes to Peking later on, But nobody is in a mood now to make any long-range commitments. We are now in a holding-operation for the next few years. Waiting to find out who is going to come after the temporary leaders who now preside over the major capitals of the world.

Ramsey Clark — a Real Phony

By George F. Will

NEW YORK—Remsey Clark is a triumph of contemporary American fiction. A Texan who transplanted himself in Manhattan, he seems to have sprung fullblown from the brow of Truman Capote who created the archetype, the hillbilly who left Tulip, Texas, as Lulamae Barnes and arrived in Manhattan as Holly Golightly, the piquant playgirl of "Breakfast at Tiffany's."

Like Holly Golightly, Clark fled a past that confined and embarrassed him (He was Lyndon Johnson's faithful servant, the attorney general who prosecuted baby-doctor Spock for anti-war conspiring) Holly Golightly lodged in an Upper East Side brownstone; Clark goes her one better, lodging in Greenwich Village, Ha like she, has redecorated himself,

Someone -- Capote, perhaps -- said Holly Golighily was a phony, but a real phony, meaning that the self she created for herself was her real self: it just could not be born in Tulip, Texas. Similarly, Clark, 46, the former establishment lawyer who now is shuf-fling to a different flutist, is an artifact, but not artificial

A self-creation, he is a phony, but a real phony—a work of art. And having risen on the stepping stone of his dead self to what he considers higher things, he now wants to rise to the U.S. Senate, where a real phony would be an improvement.

New Pope

Clark's intellect is an invitation to circular reasoning. It is true that if an idea is liberal, he will accept it. But no idea can safely be called liberal until he accepts it. He is the new pope of that

He thinks President Ford's amnesty program is harsh. He likes forced busing to achieve integra-tion. He thinks maybe the New York City subway should be "free" (that is, people in Tulsa and Omaha and elsewhere should pay for it through federal subsidies. even more than they already are paying). He seems to think that

a business making a profit is vulgar. But he wants to tax business profits to finance new social Today he is wearing Hush Puppies (but not "earth shoes"-

he's out of uniform), Argyle socks, gray denim wash pants, a suit jacket of a discordant shade of gray, a white button-down shirt, and e dollar tie no more than two inches wide. It isn't clothing; it It is post-Watergate haberdashery-part of the anti-pose

pose, a sincerity gambit from Robert Hall. It is the carefully calibrated "uncalculated" look for politicians cunningly convinced that dishevelment serves the symbolism of candor. This may be Nixon's unwitting revenge on American sophisticates—politi-cians wearing Argyle socks, to create the image of people who disdain image.

Javits at Sea

Clark's opponent, Sen Jacob Jevits, 70, is seeking a fourth term. But Javits is bewildered by the experience of being flanked on the left, and flanked by someone at least as sanctimonious as

Clark, radiating righteousness from every fiber of his humble self, has focused attention on his refusal to accept contributions of more than \$100. Javits, who receives large contributions, has become defensive about them

The international Herald Tribune melcomes letters from readers Short letters have t better chance of being published All letters are subject to condensation for space rea sons Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writ-er's complete address.

arguing, in effect, "I'm not a

Javits, having flown to Castro's police state to prove that his liberalism is impeccable, now is in Manhattan denouncing Clark's 1972 trip to Hanoi, where Clark announced that U.S. prisoners of war in North Vietnam were healthier than he was. (Clark was more accurate than he meant

Clark is in a telephone be

along Queens Boulevard, shouting above the roar of traffic, so a telephone-loudspeaker hookup at an upstate college can carry his dience. And a Clark staffer is confiding to me, as every politiclan's staffers confide to writer, that the candidate is "really" an "intensely" private, even shy, man. Now private, shy Clark is back in his Dodge bus, careening through Queens, in search of the public.

Clark and Javits, like most

politicians who don't disagree fundamentally, say that if the other is elected there will be drought, famine, pestilence, and the death of first born followed by litigation upon inheritancesyes, verily, ory "havoc!" and let slip the dogs of higher subway Clark and Javits equally correct.

The trouble with M.T. Mehdi's

"Oil and Food, Goose and Gander (IHT, Oct. 8) is that he writes an article about the Middle East without touching the essence of the problem, namely that the aim of the Palestinian organizations who are supported by all the Arab states—is the destruction of Israel and a new tragedy for the Jewish people. This aim has been clearly stated in their national covenant of 1968 and has been reconfirmed many times since. Has Mr. Meh-di ever considered that perhaps the American people do not want to support organizations or states whose aim is to make refugees (of those who survive) of Israel's

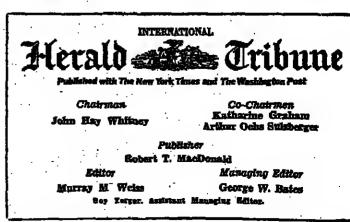
—Letters—

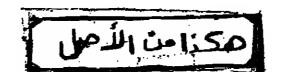
Palestinian Aims

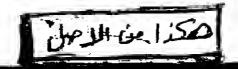
three million Jews? Israel also provides a barrier against Soviet and Arab imperialistic interests. Should Arab and Soviet imperialism succeed in destroving Tarnel, the question then asks itself: Who's next? The ways of blackmail and the methods for dealing with blackmail are well known and the American people are aware that if Israel were to disappear from the face of the earth, the Arab oil policy of high prices and political blackmail would not stop.

While millions starve in India and the economies of the West slowly crumble thanks to Arab oil policy, only forceful action now can prevent greater disaster later

PHILIP SHEPRERD. Lynghy, Denmark







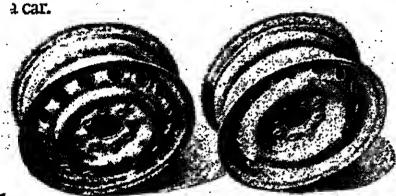
The biggest selling car in Europe in 1962,1963,1964,1965,1966,1967, 1968,1969,1970,1971,1972,1973.

For a year or two, it could have been the price. After that, it had to be the car.

You can get people to buy a car because of ce. But you can only do it once.

If the car isn't everything people expected it to they simply won't buy it again.

Therefore, there can only be one conceivable son why Fiats have been the most popular cars in rope for so long. It can't be that we give people of a price. It must be that we give them more



Mheet Fiat Restpreating. With Fiat Rustpreating.

lot of car for the money.

With few exceptions, a First gives you more an then other cars in its class. More legroom, more advoors, even more leggage space.

A Mat gives you features you wouldn't expect a car in its price range.



In Sweden, where the winters last six months, its last 10 1/2 years.

Disc brakes, front-wheel drive, and all independent suspension aren't only on our most expensive cars. They are on some of our least expensive ones too.

A Fiat is great fun to drive. If Fiats have become famous for anything, it's for this.

These are reasons people buy Fiats in the first place. But there are other reasons why they keep buying them. Year after year.

A lot of quality for the money.

In a test conducted by the Swedish government, it was found that the Fiat you buy today can be expected to last 10.6 years.

(Since the test was run on Swedish roads, through Swedish winters, in this country perhaps you can expect more.)



The Touring Club of Switzerland rated 34 makes of cars for breakdowns. They found 80% of them broke down more often than Fiats.

In a separate test conducted by the Touring Club of Switzerland, they found that of the 34 makes of cars they rated, 80% of them broke down more often than Fiats.

In still another study comparing every car currently being sold in the United States, they rated the Fiat 128 as the best compact car on the road today.

The results of these studies aren't really as surprising as they seem once you consider these facts:

Fiats are the only cars in Europe taken off the assembly line at random every day and tested for 50 km.

They're the first cars that offer a warranty against rust on all major body parts.*

Every Fiat engine, before it is put into production, is tested continuously for 1,000 hours. This is the longest, most punishing engine test in the world.

Fiat is the first of the world's car makers to make every worker responsible for quality control. And the cost of this quality control is the highest of all its competitors.

We could talk about our special valves, our advanced safety systems, our strenuous torture tests. We could go on forever.

But the best way to take advantage of these advances is the way millions of others have. Stop reading about them, start driving them.



*See your dealer for details.

FIAT

The biggest selling car in Europe for the last 12 years.

PARIS, MONDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1974

Trade a Key Factor

Taiwan Beating Relations Cutoff

By Don Oberdorfer

to Peking.

lion for China.

ferent,"

templating the switch from Taipei

In theory, Taiwan should be

an international pariab but, in fact, it is not. The island trades

with 126 nations, with a total

volume close to that of mainland

China: \$8.2 billion for Taiwan

last year compared with \$9.3 bil-

Moreover, Taiwan is reported

to have unofficial offices in about

70 countries which do not rec-

ognize it. Some of the offices

handle visas and other travel

documents, conduct cultural, public relations and information-

gathering programs, and in fact operate with great similarity to the embassies which have been officially closed.

Expressed Regrets

"Ordinarily, severance of dip-lomatic relations is a serious matter which means two coun-

tries have conflicts in their vital

of us, and usually they expressed

the wish to maintain friendly re-

When Spain recognized main-

land China and cut its ties with

Taiwan last year, for example,

the No. 2 man in the Nationalist

Chinese Embassy remained be-

hind to operate the "Sun Yat-

missions have been exchanged and

new cultural ties established since

the termination of official rela-

A private trading company established in Australia is headed

by a recently retired Chinese Na-

tionalist ambassador, although

government sources here deny that this particular "trading

firm" is the unofficial Nationalist

Chinese mission. Trade between

Australia and Taiwan has nearly

doubled since the diplomatic

West Germany, which recogniz-

ed the mainland regime and severed ties with Taiwan in

October, 1972, has more than

doubled its trade here so far this

year, becoming the island's third most important trading partner. Although embassies have been

withdrawn, a West German cul-

tural center is maintained in Tai-

pel and a Far Eastern Informa-

tion Service (formerly Free China

Information Service) operates in

Travel Service

German businessmen and tou-

rists traveling to Taiwan obtain

stamped and sealed "letters of

recommendation" from the Tai-

wan Travel Service operating in

conjunction with a trade mission

in Frankfurt. A separate im-

migration booth at the Taipet

International Airport has been

set up to grant immediate entry

visas to "recommendation" holders

from West Germany, France, the

Netherlands, Switzerland, Austra-

lia and other countries where

Taiwan has no diplomatic rela-

Unquestionably, the champion

case of shadow diplomacy is the

link with Japan, which has been

the No. 1 source of tourism and a

very large source of trade and

formal relations with Taiwan

when it recognized Peking in

September, 1972, but close in-

Under an agreement between

the two sides, Japan established

an Interchange Association in

Talwan to look after its interests

and Nationalist China set up an East Asia Relations Association to

do the same joh in Japan, Some

of the diplomats of the former

embassles remained on the job

in each other's capitals or at the

former consulates (now "associa-

tion" branch offices) in smaller

citles. Visas issued by the Taiwan

"association" offices in Japan bear the imprint of the "Republic

of China Embassy, Seoul." Those

issued through the Japanese "as-

sociation" in Taiwan are stamp-

ed "Japanese consulate-general

Despite the change in formali-

tics. Japan-Taiwan trade rose to

a record \$2.2 billion last year

(compared with Japan-mainland

China trade of \$1.9 hillion, and It

has nearly matched the 1973 total

in the first eight months this

year, largely due to price changes,

Last November, Japanese and

Taiwan businessmen established

the East Asian Conference of En-

trepreneurs to coordinate and

promote their trade, reportedly

with the quiet blessings of their

governments. Japanese new in-

restment in Taiwan has recently

surpassed new U.S. investment

here for the first time in seven

Arrangements of convenience

for doing business are nothing

now, particularly in the Orient,

and so far the pride and prestige

of the Nationalist Chinese have

suffered more from the diplomatic

changes than their pocketbooks.

Hong Kong."

formal relations have continued.

foreign capital, Japan severed

tions and thus no consulates.

West Germany,

break in December, 1972.

Center" in Madrid, Trade

TAIPEI (WP).—In the three years since it was expelled from the United Nations and lost many of its diplomatic ties, the Chinese Nationalist regime on Taiwan has created a new international life for itself through a variety of ingenious devices.

Only 32 nations, of which the United States is the major power, etili recognize the Republic of China government here. By con-trast, 93 nations have established relations with the Communist government on the mainland. Several more countries are con-

Protesting Rebuilding In London

By Richard Eder

T ONDON (NYT) -So much of London bas come down—some under bombs and some under bulldozers-to be replaced by tinand-glass boxes, that even modest proposals for changing the rest arouse grief and fury.

Last week the actor Sir John Gielgud put on a blue veivet-collared topcoat to deliver a pctition to the Department of the Environment. London will be a bland place with an airport nearby," declared actress Fennella Fielding, who went with him, "All the little shops will go and it will be like '1984'.'

The stage delegation was protesting the Westminster City Council's decision to allow the rebuilding of the Criterium Theatre as part of an effort to rehabilitate Piccadilly Circus. Other groups are supporting the

Meanwhile, the last three issues of the Architects' Journal have joined battle against a proposed reconstruction of the southeast corner of a grander London landmark; Trafalgar Square.

Up to Public

"It is up to the public to per-suade Westminster that this is the moment when we cry halt to further wanton destruction. crude gigantism and scuseless misuse of resources," the journal

Some of the vehemence of this pent-up an what builders and property developers have done in London over the past quarter-century rather than at what they propose to do in this particular case.

Two curving stone huildings on either side of Northumberland Avenue where it joins Trafalgar Square are to be replaced, according to their owners' proposals, with two modern buildings of roughly the same height and with the same curving features. The visual impact would not be a blatent skyscroper assault on the lovely downhill sweep of the

More Concrete

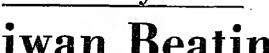
Aesthetics apart, the campaigners have more concrete arguments. There are vast holes all over central London where developers have torn down existing buildings while trying to raise money to put up new ones. In a drastically worsening economic climate the objectors argue, the same thing could happen in Trafalgar Square.

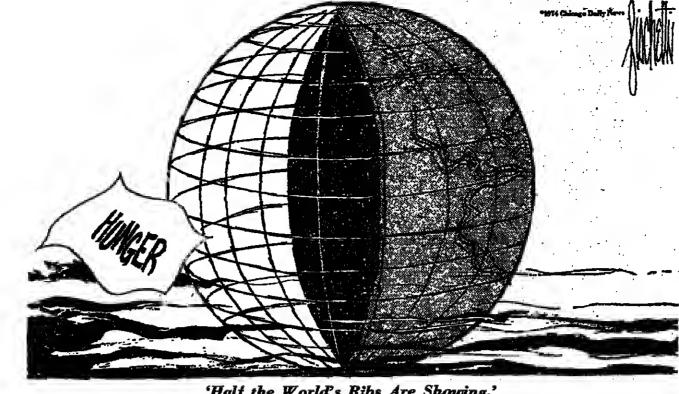
More fundamentally, they object to the forcing out of hundreds of small-husiness tenants who are now paying low rents and would tenfold increases in new buildings. "Central London will have lost another element in its social mix and taken a further lurch toward total occupation by big husiness," the Architects' Journal said.

In Piccadilly Circus the situation is more complicated. The gaudy crossroads remains more or less untouched. The developers have not been allowed to tear it down, hut-having bought up a good part of it-they seem to be letting it fall down. It is an increasingly decrept and tawdry neighborhood-sex shops, adult movies, penny arcades. But the tawdriness remains cheerful and lacks a sense of late-night menace.

The conservationists want restoration rather than demolition. London authorities seem likely to endorse, eventually, a combination of restoration and rebuilding.

The only decision made until now has been to allow the rebuilding of the Criterium Theatre block. The theater's facade and auditorium will be retained and so will a Victorian department store next door. Offices, shops and a residential area will be added. but the new buildings will be designed to harmonize in style and scale with the retained facade.





'Half the World's Ribs Are Showing.'

Food Resources of Sea Are Not Limitléss

By Harold M. Schmeck Jr. WASHINGTON (NYT),-New

interests, hut our case is dif-ferent," said Vice-Minister of England haddock has been a staple of American fish markets Foreign Affairs Ts'al Wei-ping. since Colonial days. Today, the "These countries [which have severed diplomatic relations] were fish are so scarce that stocks are not our enemies or even critical endangered and commercial fishermen are forbidden to seek them regrets that they had to take this action. Most of them expressed anywhere off the East Coast.

There used to be a large-scale sardine fishery off California. Today, California sardines are commercially extinct. There are a few left, but so few that it is not worth going after them.

Herring have virtually disappeared from the North Sea and the Atlantic coast of Europe. Fishermen learned all their migration points and systematically fished them out.

Such is the reality behind the popular conception of the teeming seas as a source of limitless food, Mankind is already putting a strain on the resources of the seas and showing these resources to be

The possibility of getting largescale supplies of food from the sea has led to the development of big ocean-going fishing fleets capable of going anywhere on the high seas and virtually fishing

E. Germans Ease Costs for Visitors

BERLIN, Oct. 27 (AP) -East Germany announced last night that it will reduce the minimum sum of money that visitors from the West must exchange into East German currency.

The official news agency ADN said that effective No. 15, each visitor from a non-socialist state would have to exchange-and presumably spend—the equivalent per day of 13 West German marks (about \$5.50) for a visit into East Berlin and 6.50 marks per day into East Germany.

A year ago, the East Germans had doubled such amounts, from 10 and 5 marks to 20 and 10. The matter became an issue of scrious strain between West and East Germany. The West Germans accused the East Germans of reneging on terms of agreement covering visits.

By Alvin Shuster

LONDON (NYT) .—The British

some chap who wears the right

clothes, appears in the right

places at the right time, carries

the right weapons, drinks martinis of the right mix and

In reality, what he does is a

complete mystery. And the

British these days are learning

far more about the activities of agents of the CIA than they

could ever hope to learn about

their own espionage establish-

The controversy over the covert operations of the CIA has

once more underscored major

differences between the 400-

year-old foreign intelligence service here and its much

younger counterpart across the

Britain's intelligence service,

popularly known as MI/ 6, oper-

ates under tighter restrictions

than the CIA, and with far less

money and much greater

secrecy. Even if it did subvert

foreign governments, the British

public would not read about it

in newspapers or hear politi-

In Their Glory

There are no significant

checks by committees of the

House of Commons, no open

appropriations for its activities.

Books published by former agents usually deal not with

recent history but with experi-

ences during World War II,

when British spies were in their

A government rule barring

cians demand explanations.

ment.

never does anything wrong.

spy, in fiction, is a hand-

out any stock of fish at any depth. The Soviet Union and Japan have been notable for the development of such fleets. Only in its tuna fleet does the United States compare with them, ex-

Near the Limit

Specialists say most of the bestknown food species of fish and shellfish are already being harvested close to the practical maximum. Some operations have been pushed beyond that.

Experts here singled out some striking examples of fisheries that should be made more productive hy taking species that are either ignored or even thrown back.

One such case, according to Donald Whitaker of the National Marine Fisheries Service, is the so-called "by-catch" of shrimp fishing in the Gulf of Mexico. The by-catch means the fish taken incidentally in nets set for something else.

For every pound of shrimp taken in the gulf, Mr. Whitaker said, a shrimp boat is likely to haul in five to 10 pounds of other kinds of fish, most of them a source of edible, even tasty, food. Thus, he said, in a catch of 200 million pounds of shrimp, as much as 3 billion pounds of fish may be thrown away.

Another example of seafood species largely wasted is the tanner crab, plentiful in the seas off Alaska. A fishc es expert of the National Oceanic and Atmo-spheric Administration said the Japanese catch more than 100 million of these edible crabs each year in the course of fishing for pollack, but throw them all back.

National Property

This is not caprice on the part of the Japanese fishermen, but part of an international agreement that defines crabs as creatures of the continental shelf and therefore the property of the nation on whose coast they are found.

Having no agreement with the United States allowing them to take the tanner crab, the Japanese cannot keep them. Meanwhile, American commercial fishermen fish for the tanner crabs hardly at all.

Several specialists say there ap-

ments for 30 years—relaxed a few years ago from 50 years—

World War II has become

tightly controlled despite the lack of parliamentary watch-

foreign intelligence service is responsible to the Foreign Of-

fice and it just doesn't run off

and do things on its own with-

There is some question any-

way as to just how active the

service is these days in such "black arts" as financially

backing foreign politicians or

engineering military coups. The

general assumption is that

covert operations of that nature

arc kept to a minimum and left

more and more to the United

States, which can afford far

more closks and daggers, not

to mention expensive satellites

Shrinking Service

"If anything, our service

probably has been shrinking

over the years as the CIA ex-

panded," sald a former acent.

electronics but I guess our

strongest point now is in

limited in funds. The estimates

of its annual budget, well hid-

den in spending figures ap-

proved by Parliament, range

from \$25 million to about \$100

million a year. The CIA's ex-

penditures are believed to be

Moreover, the British foreign

about \$750 million annually.

For one thing, the service is

We make our contribution on

and electronics.

analysis."

ings," said an expert.

out all-around clearance."

"Our agents today are more

available.

pear to be large quantities of squid available for the catching if more people could be persuade to eat them. Squid are considered delicious in some countries. notably Spain and Italy, but seldom used for anything but bait in many others.

Five years ago, a National Commission on Marine Resources estimated that the total harvest of food from the sea might go as high as 500 million metric tons and added that this estimate would be "too conservative if sufficient technological breakthroughs are achieved." Hardly snyone believes that this opti-mism is justified today.

In 1969, when the report was completed the huge anchovy fishery off the coast of Peru was growing year by year. The potential seemed all but inexhaustible-and was treated that way.

Used for Fish Meal

Not until the mid 1950s did commercial fishermen in Peru hegin serious efforts to exploit the anchovy that grew in incredibly large numbers off their coast, By 1958, the anchovy harvest had grown to more than one million metric tons a year and, by 1962, to over seven mil-lion-making Peru the world's foremost fishing nation. By 1967, the Peruvians took more than 10 million tons of anchovies from the nutrient-rich waters. Most of the catch was used for fish meal.

But in 1971 It became clear that this resource was not endless. A combination of over-fishing and a shift in the ocean current cut the anchovy population drastically.

By April of 1973, the Peruvian

fishery was in deep trouble. At midvear, anchovy fishing was prohibited to preserve the species. By then only 1.8 million tons had been caught despite the efforts of a huge fishing fleet and much of the industry was near bankruptcy.

Some anchovy fishing was permitted again this year, but only on a tightly restrictive quota basis. In only three seasons, the Peruvian anchovies had dropped from more than a fifth of the world's total fish catch to less than 3 per cent. Most of man's effort to gather

food from the sea is essentially bunting-whether this be gathering clams by hand or capturing

under a bureaucratic structure designed to confine the scope

for freewheeling activity. Some

control is exercised by a per-

manent under secretary at the

Other branches of the British

secret service report in different

ways. The security service, known as MI/ 5, deals with

counterintelligence at home and report: to the Home Office,

which is responsible for the

Military intelligence works

under the director-general of

Three Branches

Although the work of the two

civilian intelligence services is

thus scrutinized, their directors

have the right to go directly to

the prime minister and bypass

the formal chains of command.

An intelligence assessment staff

in the Cabinet Office is also

understood to feed information

to the prime minister, who is

at the top of the whole struc-

Members of Parliament rarely

make demands for more con-

trol over the intelligence com-

munity and seem content with

the present system. Questions are raised politely on those in-

frequent occasions when the

spies get in trouble or their

tactics are revealed.

police and law enforcement.

the Ministry of Defense.

three branches

Foreign Office.

whole schools of ocean fish with power-driven purse seines. But in recent years there has been increasing interest in sea food production of a kind more akin to agriculture. The general name for it is aquaculture. It has been practiced in various times and places for thousands of years. These efforts to pro-duce fish and shellfish under controlled conditions give the world some four to five million tons of seafood a year and the UN's Food and Agriculture Organization has estimated that the total might be increased several

Oysters are produced in large quantities under these semidomesticated conditions in Eu-rope, Japan, the United States and elsewhere, Milkfish are raised for food in brackish ponds and enclosures in many parts of Southeast Asia. Large quantities of mussels are raised in Spain and Portugal. The United States the world's biggest producer of hatchery-bred tront.

Such aquaculture of many other species is under study for commercial development here and elsewhere. They include shrimp, salmon, scallops and abalone.

It seems clear that the nations of the world are becoming more and more interested in the seas as a major source of food. But the pressure increases those resources, food from the sea may increasingly become a source of dispute as well as nour-

Botswana Regime Wins Re-Election

GABERONES, Botswans, Oct. 27 (Reuters) —President Seretse Khama and his Botswana Democratic party were returned to power today for five years after winning yesterday's general election by a landslide.

With the results of seven constituencies still outstanding, the BDP had won 21 seats in the enlarged 32-seat National Assembly. The opposition People's party and the National Front had won two each, while the Independence party had yet to gain

It was the second election here since Botswana achieved independence in 1966.

British Intelligence Remains a Mysterious Business The image of the intelligence service was, for example, badly tarnished in 1956 when a Royal Navy frogman, Comdr. Lionel Crabb, disappeared after diving near Soviet ships in Portsmouth harbor at the time of the visit to Britain of Nikita Khrushehev. Even then, the government said little. Prime Minister then, Sir Anthony Eden, announced that it "would not be in the national interest to disclose the circum-

Rare Debate

stances" of the frogman's death.

intelligence, whose office is in In one of the rare public debates in the House of Commons on spying, the late Hugh Gaitskell, Labor party leader, The foreign esplonage and demanded "adequate control" domestic counteresplonage agencies also fall under a direcover the secret service. The Times of London joined in the tor-general of security services. call for "a tight hand of policy A Joint Intelligence Committee on the adventures." coordinates activities of all

Some steps were taken at that time to pull in the reins, and more followed after the spy scandals in the 1950s and 1960s involving the British defectors Dotald MacLean, Guy Burgess, Harold Ph'by (known as Kim) and others. British espionage and counterespionage seemed in total disarray and fell under suspicion shared by the CIA which traditionally cooperated with British agents.

"The CIA probably feels better about our service these days," said an expert here, "But I would still doubt whether your people tell ours everything. They work closely together, but the Americans prohably hold some stuff back and perhaps we do, too. That's understandable."

U.S. Historians Forecast a Low Mark for Nixon

By Jack McCurdy

LOS ANGELES - John M. Blum, a professor of history at Y University, was considering how to assess Richard Nixon's ni

"My own prediction is it [Mr. Nixon's reputation] is going to a low and get lower ... when the full impact of what he did fine penetrates the minds of people who are still too young completely

Henry Steele Commager, probably America's best-known living historian, put it this way:

"Other things being equal, we haven't had a bad president be-fore now. Mr. Nixon is the first dangerous and wicked president." Richard H. Rovere, who has written books and essays on the presidency, said Mr. Nixon is "the first president, to my knowledge, who has really been a grook."

William Appleman Williams, a "new left" historian, said, "He's disgraced the office, disagraced his own career, disgraced the country. He's down, man, he's down.

Robert K. Murray, author of a favorable history of Warren G. Harding's conservative presidency in spite of its scandals, concluded: "There is not a chance, not a chance, of Mr. Nixon emerging at any time from the shame and

disgrace and the penalty under which his administration existed." These comments, from a group of America's leading historiansliberals, conservatives and those of the so-called new left-many of whom will be writing the record of the Nixon administration, seem to bode ill for Mr. Nixon's great wish to be judged favorably in history.

Tentative Views

Their predictions are necessarily tentative and frequently qualified, chiefly because many of the government documents which will help tell the full story of the Nixon administration are not yet

But their verdict, even taking into account the qualifications, Most of the historians inter-

viewed think Mr. Nixon's conduct in office posed the gravest threat yet in the misuse of presidential power. All think the threat was of major proportions, With few exceptions, they

lieve the scandal that forced Mr. Nixon to resign will dwarf any positive accomplishments of his dministration. One reason the historians think

Mr. Nixon will fare so poorly is the seriousness with which they regarded the Watergate episodes. "I think it was damn serious," Mr. Williams, of Oregon State University, said

Mr. Nixon attempted to invest the presidential office with far greater power than any of his predecessors, Mr. Williams said, and it posed the threat of "interest-group government"-the process through which various groups and segments of society influence executive policy-making. When such an attempt is made, Mr. Williams said, "you're in big trouble. And I think that's clear-

ly what Nixon and his group set out to do. So I think it was a major crisis . . an attempt to depoliticize politics literally . . . which means that 99.9 per cent of the people get cut out of the

process and become objects of manipulation," Mr. Minray, of Pennsylvania State University, said, "I didn't think it would lead to an Adolf

Hitler, as I heard some of my colleagues get very excited about. "But I do believe that the tendency was of such a nature that, had the precedent been set, another president could have enlarged and expanded upon Mr. Nixon's loose use of presidential power because that's the way the presidency works." There is a lot of continuity in the last three administrations "

may be that in the future the real aberrant president [for the growth of executive power] is going to be Eisenhower," But Arthur M. Schlesinger ir., of City College of New York, said: Watergate can't be blamed on

Christopher Lasch of the Uni-

versity of Rochester said

the growth in the presidential "On the other hand, the growth of presidential power undoubtedly

generated illusions . . . which fed into Nixon's agitated psyche . . . I think Nixon and his crowd thought they could get away with anything and they came damn near doing it." Although the former president

has said he is banking heavily on his record in foreign policy to outweigh Watergate on the historical ledger, the nustorians are convinced that this will not

"I think there will always be this blot on the man as president no matter how long we see his foreign policy working out," Mr. Degler said.

Watergate aside, most are skeptical about the lasting effects of Mr. Nixon's widely acclaimed diplomatic triumphs-most norably the improvement of relations with Russia and China and the settlement of the Mideast fighting of last year.

They are plainly critical of



other aspects of Mr. Nixon's eign policy, such as CIA invoment in Chile, support of di torships in Greece and Port and the treatment of Japar an ally while making overt to China.

Popular Opinion

Most of the historians of that popular opinion landing Nixon administration's force policy achievements is very z guided.

"I think where history disagree with contemporary ing is on the question of low affairs," Mr. Schlesinger said On China, for example, Schlesinger said, "Once the tural Revolution was over, C for its own reasons wanted perately to break out of c matic isolation . . . and negit in 1968 they started ser signals to Washington to te reopen things . . . It tool diplomatic genius or virtuosi bring about the China police

Mr. Schlesinger and others nam, international monet problems, Latin America, European Economic Commi Japan, the United Nations the Strategic Arms Limit Talks.

"The one place where I .

give the Nixon administr some credit is in the A East," Mr. Schlesinger said. Mr. Commager added, "I know what the achievement yet. It is by no means cir have had a détente with Ru As for the Middle East, he "Who knows if it's a settlyet? I think the Jews and may have different views of Barton Bernstein, of Sta known as a new-left his although personally siding the critics of Mr. Nixon's f policy, thinks the majori historians will give it high I

A Distinction

"They're going to disti between the man, whom find blemished or corrupt the administration, which I going to find successful [b of its record in foreign aff he said. His contention seems of

borne out by the opinic William E. Leuchtenburg, lumbia University, and other conservative historia Mr. Leuchtenburg sais Nixon administration or credit for the "general the of the cold war," and a ments with respect to Chi: the Middle East. He and however, are sharply wit Mr. Nixon for the delay ir drawing the United State Vietnam.

Mr. Murray said that, & extent, historians one lay balance foreign policy Watergate and "Mr. Nixnot seem to be quite as t bète noire as he does present."

Mr. Degler said he "the ending of the cold w be given to Nixon. I this rapprochement with the R and the turnaround in the policy as well as the and Vietnam war cannot bu make the Nixon admini: a turning point in Ar

foreign policy."
But Mr. Leuchtenburg Murray and Mr. Degler tute a minority in this vie all three strongly share th ion of the others that Wa will heavily overshadow a complishments in foreign

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

omarket.

lew-Issue Business Revives

By Carl Gewirtz

starts this year, shortst rates have finally move lower in a way the most skeptical at the downtrend is

rate at U.S. comks fell another quarter reek—the fourth drop eeks-to 11 per cer West Germany cut its umbard rates and aneat it plans to provide al 2.5-billion deutsche siquidity to the na-The Netherlands h a one-point drop rate to 7 per cent expect that Britain will soon shnounce

many factors prompt-on the financial certainly one of the ant is the devastatthat high short-term business and pility to borrow long-This has driven borrow from the short-term debt and

try heavy burden on ability to meet the er clients. ity points to a lestabilizing rise in int. Because it takes ths for the effects g in credit to work ough the economy, to be taken now if

ons of a winter of ere to be avoided. :ate considerations a role. Once the ies decided to pursue

Short-Term Rates Decline

oct. 27 (IRT).—After that had been attracted to the dollar for the high yield were beginning to move into the deutsche mark and guilder-the Continent's two strongest cur-

rencies. The West Germans and the Dutch are not eager to see their exchange rates move up (and the dollar down), jeopardiz-ing the ability of their industry to find markets abroad and threatening to undermine the careful management of the money supply by the central banks. The Germans were obviously very concerned about thwarting an inflow. By lowering the Lom-

bard rate Cloans from the cen-tral bank collateralized by securities) to 8 1/2 from 9 per cent and by raising its rediscount quota (loans secured by bilk) by 25 billion DM, the Bundssbank made certain that there would be no incentive for West German banks to borrow funds in the Eurocurrency market, since it would be cheaper at home. All of this means that the

downtrend in short-term rates looks durable. The decline is reestablishing the normal credit relationship, with short-term money now less costly than long-term funds. This means that banks and securities firms can begin to think about taking a position in the bond market, since they can coce again borrow shortterm cash to finance their in-

ventory and show a profit.

Given the backlog of corporate demand for long-term funding, few bankers hold out any hope of any significant decline in bond rates. But they are confident that borrowers can begin to come to the public market.

The first test will take place this week-the first in the dol-

Economic Indicators

WEEKLY COMPARISONS

1972 191,1 \$69,077,000 \$111,176,000 2,015,000 211,213 Prior Week 221.5 \$75,949,000 \$132,212,000 2,829,000 130,839 Commodity index *Currency in circ. *Total loans *Total loans Steel prod. (tons). Anto production: Daily oil pr'd(bhis) Fr'ght ear Fdings *Elec Pwr. kw-hr.

tings, steel,

MONTHLY COMPARISONS

*Sept. \$6,538,860 5,312,000 170 \$139,347,600 \$8,270,000 \$9,501,800 \$136,731,800 \$114,907,099 \$8,397,280 \$6,942,000 \$9,035,600 \$6,016,500 Costrein contrets. *Exports *000 omitted. †Figures subject to revision by source.

Commodity index, based on 1967=100 the consumers price index, based on 1967=100, and employment figures are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Industrial production is Federal Reserve Board's adjusted index of 1967=100, Imports and emports are compiled by the Department of Commerce. Money supply is total currency outside banks and demand deposits adjusted as reported by Federal Reserve Board. Bosiness failures compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Construction contracts are compiled by the F. W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill information Systems

E-Estimated

lar sector since late July, when Singer floated \$50 million in three-year notes carrying an 11per-cent coupon.

This week, the market will be offered \$15 million from a French government entity. The issue is uniquely tailored to the current reluctance of investors to commit themselves to long-term obligations. It offers them a number of options-redemption in

five years or in six and eight

two installments, A and B. Investors must buy both, meaning that the minimum investment is \$2,000. At the end of the fifth year, any bondholder can cash in both securities. Those wishing to extend the loan will find that one installment will mature

The Economic Scene

New York Stock Market

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (NYT).-The growing possibility that the

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange finished higher Monday,

recession and inflationary spiral would intensify weakened stock prices last week in modest trading.

ended mixed the next session and then mostly declined during the rest of the week; the Dow Jones industrial average fell 18.69 points

A number of negative news developments contributed to the market's malaise. One was the statement on Wednesday by Paul

McCracken, an unofficial economic adviser to President Ford, that the

nation was in a recession which would get sharper and continue

October were down considerably from the year-earlier period. On Wall Street the shares of Ford, General Motors and Chrysler were under selling pressure throughout the week.

prime interest rates to 11 1/4 per cent from 11 1/2 per cent early in

the week, thus continuing the general decline in interest rates that began several weeks ago. High interest rates and inflation have been

oil companies reported record profits and sales for the third quarter.

The weakness in the group was attributed partly to a statement by

a White House spokesman, who said President Ford believed that "current profit levels of some unnamed United States oil companies"

blamed for the market's drastic declins this year.

Also the auto producers reported that their new-car sales for mid-

On the positive side of the news, several banks lowered their

Oil stocks were one of the week's largest losers, even though most

Time Has Come to Call a Spade a Spade

By Thomas E. Mullaney

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (NYT).— Winter has arrived on the ecopomic scene—and is becoming more chilling with each passing day. Despite the contrary proclamations of the administration's wordsmiths, a recession has been under way in the U.S. economy for at least the last 10 months and may not even be at its mid-

It is hardly surprising that President Ford and his top economic aides have carefully avoided the politically sensitive word "resion." To call it such might make a bleak picture even darker and cause more turbulence in the troubled financial markets.

A White House admission of a recession might also unleash greater pressures in Congress and elsewhere for excessive corrective measures' that would seriously exacerbate inflationary forces at the very moment they seem to be subsiding a bit,

Nevertheless, it is "ill-advised," as the President's own unofficial economic adviser, Prof. Paul Mo-Cracken, said last week, for the administration to refrain from "calling a spade a spade" and pub-licly recognizing that the sixth sion since the end of World War II is upon the nation.

Secretary of Commerce Freder-ick Dent has persisted in maintaining that the economic downturn that started late last year is merely a "sideways waffle." Others in the administration have also tended to minimize the business shimp, much the way the Nixon men kept referring to the 1969-70 recession as only "a rolling readjustment." But it is significant that Arthur Burns, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, showed his own independence a few weeks ago by stating that a recession, albeit an unusual one, was now in progress,

Until a month or so ago, it was a strange one—with as many strengths as weaknesses in various sectors of the economy. But the evidence of a real and broad-ening recession in the usual sense has been accumulating recently.

It was particularly compelling in the last few weeks in the depressing report on the gross na-tional product for the third quarter, in the disclosure that durable-goods orders for September had plunged 6.4 per cent to a low for more than six years, in the significant declines in consumer spending, in the spreading pro-

for the week, finishing at 636.19.

the auto industry and in the less exuberant pace of capital spend-ing by many corporations.

The latter may be most critical. Capital spending had been a particularly bright spot in the ecooomy, the major source being relied upon to prevent a deep re-cession. The official estimates a few months ago etill showed great strength in that area, but several economists are maintaining that the next estimates will be disappointing. Norman Robertson, economist

for the Mellon bank, said a few

tinn, orders for capital goods (non-defense) have been flat down the last three months."

Equally disturbing has been the trend in consumer spending. The public is simply fed up with high prices. As a result, the consumer's outlays for a broad range of products and services especially au-tos, new homes, large appliances, furniture, carpets and apparelhave been significantly curtailed.

This is showing up in the weekly sales reports of the country's biggest merchandisers, whose gains over 1973 have trended downward more closely to the inflation rate of about 10 per cent in consumer goods. In real terms, many are showing no gains at all. This will tend to show inventory accumulation of many products further hobbling the economy.

And the general unemployment rate could go substantially higher than its current 5.9 per cent

If there is a coal strike of more than three or four weeks' dura-tion starting next month—a strong possibility—the picture could be seriously worsened.

Meanwhile, the Ford administration is procrastinating on ecca-nomic problems, with the Presi-dent himself out in the hustings campaigning for Republican camdidates. So far, the administration is resting on its very timed 10-point economic program presented to Congress two weeks ago, though William Seldman, a top economic adviser to the President, hinted this week that the administration would be flexible in trying to meet objections to its proposals and in adjusting to changed economic conditions. It is certainly time to shift gears. Perhaps the Ford group will be more decisive and aggressive after

Sales in 1886 High Low Last Chiga

the election.

metary policy, funds (API — Weekly Over the rices for the week with the ra the previous week's last quotations supplied by the ission of Securities Dealers actual transactions but are interdealer prices at which is could have been sold, at include retail markup, commission,

Seles in Low High Low Property is a selection of the property in the property is a selection of the property in the property i

Sales in 100s High Low Last Ch'ge | Broadwafin | 12 | BrockfTGae 2.24 | BrooksScanin | 40 | 45 | 414 | 414 | 46 | 46 | BrowkTGae 2.24 | BrooksScanin | 40 | 45 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1814 | 1 | DiamSh | Dielis | St | St | 174 | 174 + 16 |
DickeyClay	76	28	8	74	8		
DickeyClay	76	28	8	74	8		
DickeyClay	76	28	8	74	8		
Discounty	2,90a	22	42	24	24	14	14
Discounty	2,90a	25	374	395	374	375	
Discounty	2,90a	26	27	37	37	37	37
Discounty	20	14	14	14	14		
Documer	Corp	36	374	374	374	4	
Domain	16	50a	50	51	51	51	
Domain	16	50a	50	51	51	51	
Domain	16	50a	51	51	51		
Domain	17	18	18	18	18		
Domain	18	18	18				
Domain	18	18	18				
Domain	18	18	18				
Domain	18	18					
D							

ColMaine Foods
ColWaisver 3.44
Colmbrose Mem
Comeronimith With Comprison 1.20
Canandaig Wine Cancondimit n.73
Capoline 25
Cardocapoline 25
Cantivipsver 1.28
Cantivipsver 1.29
Cantivips

Decompt Inc 1a
Durkin Denuits
Durkin Counts
Ended
Ende The bonds are to be sold in

Continued on Page 11, Col. 1

Over-Counter Market

Seles in Net 100s High Low Last Cityge Highee Co 1.46
Hittes:Lumber 2
Hollywork 1
Homewodca Joke
Hooker Co 95
Hoover Co 95
Hoover Co 19
Hooker Co 19
Indeed Co 19

| MajorRity | JSe | 201 | 174 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134

emphasize the need for a windfall profits tax, In the credit markets, bond prices moved higher last week as the corporate calendar in particular picked up a sizable number of large new offerings planned for upcoming weeks. Sales in Net 100s High Low Last Chigo | 100s High Low Last Chrose | Pak Well Jale
Pake Corp Joe
Panslask Fishrs
Partensoning Joe
Partensoning Joe
Panslask Jale
Pay I Save JS
Pay I Save JS
Pay I Save JS
PaylessCasi JS
PascattreeOre JS
PacettreeOre JS
Pacettre Sourcentral 1.04
butter Cong Ges
Southerhard 1.72
Southerhard 1.72
Southerhard 1.72
Southerhard 1.72
Southerhard 1.72
Southerhard 1.72
Southerhard 1.73
Southerhard 1.71
Southerhard 1.71
Southerhard 1.71
Southerhard 1.73
Southerhard 1.74
Southerhard 1.75
Taylor Rent 1.6
Taylor Peoriesalifig .44a
Pelorex Corp
Penn Corp
Research Fuels
Rese 102 3734 3534 354 125 6 203 737 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 16

2242711723213522737243599145417026271709257359917154461231131977434777316

AngloAm5A 29e
Anglo AG 237o
BlyvoorGM 1.12e
Botswana Rst
BrokenHillP 33h
Burleitin Gid 2e
BurmahOll 37e
Canoninc 3a
DeBeersMin 29e
Fisons Ltd
FreeSi GM 3.80e
Fisons Ltd
FreeSi GM 3.80e
Fisons Ltd
FreeSi GM 3.80e
FullPholof 21a
GotdFiridSA 54o
HitachiLtd 1.Asc
HondaMolor 52r
IDB Bkhid gf 50e
Kansol EP 1.37r
Kirin Brew 21a
KitodfooldM 97a
MingroiRes 57e
Mitsul Ca 42r
MipponEloc 49e
Missanthot 26r
PalobaMng 1.80e
Philips Gloelpn
PolipiersPlot 77e
Pres B GM 3e
PresSiyn G 1.64a
Rank Organ 18u
Sthalera G 2.82e
ShisekAOR 33e
PresSiyn G 1.64a
Rank Organ 18u
Sthalera G 2.82e
ShisekAOR 33e
ToktoMarf 83b
ToktoMarf 83b
ToktoMarf 83b
ToktoMarf 83b
ToktoMarf 5.04e
Veol Reefs 2.05e
Veol Reefs 5.04e
Welson GA 5.6e
West DrietG 5.04e
WinDeesl v 1.37a
Win Holding 5.45e

Domestic Bonds Sales in Nat Bonds \$1,000 High Low Last ch'ga Becch CV45459
Belco CV4688
Belco CV4688
Belco CV4688
Belco CV4688
Belco CV4688
Belco CV4688
Bell Pa Pys12
Bell Pa Pys13
Benef Cp Pys38
Benef Cp Pys39
Bell Bisics Cy5439
Benef Cy5 28 -2 314+1 24 101944 -1 26 101944 -1 26 101944 -1 26 101944 -1 26 10194 -1 2 Abbit. 61:593
Addribit 99:595
Addribit 99:595
AdirRed cv3*267
AlaPew 92:000
AlaPew 99:2000
AlaPew 89:2000
AlaPe 102-2 91 54 87 89 70 55 411/2 43 58 911/2 61 43 43 43 43 44 43 911/2 971/2 970 970 970 971/2 9 100 92 13-32 97 37 32 1-15-32

107 72 70 77 77 1-15-15

108 77 70 77 77 1-15-15

109 77 77 77 1-15-15

109 77 77 1-15-15

109 77 1-15-15

109 77 1-15-15

109 77 1-15-15

109 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 77 1-15-15

100 Amta T 84.500
ATT 87.5207
ATT 77.527
ATT 77.527
ATT 77.527
ATT 77.527
ATT 77.527
ATT 77.527
ATT 77.5201
ATT 74.525
ATT 74

UNITED STATES TRUST INVESTMENT FUND Registered Office: LUXEMBOURG, 14 Rue Aldringen,

Shareholders are hereby convened to an

EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

to be held on 15th November 1974 at 3 n.m. at the registered office of the Fund, 14 Rue Aldringen, Luxembourg with the collowing agends:

Confirmation of the authority of the Board of Directors to issue additional shares within the authorized capital for a further five year period.

"or for setting off any realized or unrealized capital

So that such amended Article 22 reads as follows:

"The board of directors may create such reserves from time to time as it thinks proper, apart sod aside from the reserves required by law, and shall create an extraordinary reserve from funds received by the Corporation as issuance premium on the sale of its shares, which reserve or reserves may be used to provide for the payment for any shares of the Corporation that the Corporation may redeem and repurchase from its share-Corporation may redeem and repurchase from its sharebolders, or for leoding or guaranteeing the obligations
of any Subsidiary of the Corporation in corporation
ninety per cent or more of the outstanding shares of
stock of which is owned by the Corporation referred to
herein as a "Subsidiary" which may be engaged in the
purchase of shares of the Corporation, or for setting
off any realized or unrealized capital losses."

Shareholders are notified that resolutions on the above agenda
may only be taken if at least 50% of the shares outstanding

Shareholders are notified that resolutions on the above agenda may only be taken if at least 50% of the shares outstanding are represented at the meeting. Should such quorum condition not be fulfilled or should the Board so decide for other reasons, a second meeting which will not be subject to such quorum requirement will be called by additional notices. In such event the vote on all items of the sgenda will be adjourned to such second meeting which, if required, is expected to be beld on 20th December 1974.

In accordance with Luxembourg law, in both meetings, resolutions will be subject to a majority of 2.3 of the shares.

In accordance with Linxembourg law. In both meetings, resolutions will be subject to a majority of 2.3 of the shares represented at the meeting, provided, however, that at the second meeting, shares represented will in a number not exceeding 1.3 of the total number of the outstanding shares to be deemed to vote for the resolutions proposed above, and provided further that in such latter case the resolutions must be roted by the majority of the shares represented at the operation.

order to attend the meeting, holders of bearer shares should deposit their shares oo or before 13th November 1974 with the banks listed hereafter, such deposits to be maintained and to be effective, in the event the shareholders meeting of 15th November 1974 fails for lack of quorum, also for any postponed meeting. With respect to registered shares, proxies should be deposited at the registered cifice of the Fund on or before

—Amsterdam-Rolferdam Bank N.V., Amsterdam and Rolferdam, —Julius Bar & Co., Zurich, —Banca d'America e d'Italia, Milan -Banca Commerciale Italiana, Mi-

-Banca del Gottardo, Lugano. -Banca della Svizzera Italiana, Lu-

gano. Banca Nazionalo dell'Agricoltura, Rome. Bank Lew A.G., Zürleh.

Banque de l'Indochine. Paris, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas, Paris. Banque Généralo de Luxembours. -Bangoe Scaudinare en Suisse.

-Banque Transatlantique, Paris. -Bayerisehe Vereiusbank, Munieh, -Joh. Berenberg, Gosaler & Ca., Hamburg.

- Berliner Bank A.G., Berlin. - Berlinec Handela - Gesellschaft | Frankfarter Bank). Frankfart (Main). —Calese Nationale de Crédit Agri-cole, Paris.

-Crédit Industriel d'Alsace et da

Lormine, Luxembourg.

—Crédii Industriel et Commercial,
Paris. rais.

- Newsay Luxembourg, S.A., Luxembaurg.

- Effectenbank-Warburg A.G., Frankfort (Main) Guverzeller

fart (Main).

-Gwyerzeller Zurmont Bank A.G.,
Zärleb.

-Randeis und Gewerbebank Hellbronn A.G., Heilbronn

-Lombard Odier & Cle, Geneva.

-Merrill Lynch. Plerce. Fenner &
Smith Securitles Underwriter 14mited. Geneva.

-Nedeclandsche Credictbank, Amsterdam.

—Meartabasene Crememans, amsterdam.
—Picraon, Heldring & Pierson,
Amsterdam.
—Privatbanken 1 Kjobenhavn A.S. Capouhagen, -R. Benriques Jr., Copenhagen. -Samuel Montage & Co. Limited, Loudon. -Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, Slockholm Vereinsbank in Hamburg, Ham-

The Board of Directors.

Bond Sales on the New York Stock Exchange

Sales in Net Bonds 61,000 High Low Last chige

163 411/2 371/2 391/4 11/2 391 391/4 11/2 391 391/4 11/2 391 391/4 11/2 391/4

Ramad cv8s95 Ramad cv5s96 RapAm 7/4:85 RapAm97 7:594 RapAm972 7:594 RapIdAm 6:68 Ray M 1676:575

richard Signal S

Sales in Net Bonds \$1,000 High Low Last ch'ge Sales in Ncl Bonds \$1,000 High Low Last chige MGIC CVS-23
MICHS 7-42811
MICHS 7-42811
MICHS 7-42811
MICHS 17-4281
MICHS 17-4281
MICHS 18-428
MISRIVT: 94:96
MICH 18-428
MISRIVT: 94:96
MICH 18-428
MISRIVT: 94:96
MICH 18-428
MOP 4-4228
MOP 10-428
MOP 10-428 VINYCER 4598 VINYCER 4598 VINYCH 34571 VINYCH 34571 VINYCH 37571 VINYCH 37571 VINYLW 4572 VINYNH 44627 VINYNH 46071 NY P&H 2598 2010 NY Tal 912010 NOT Tal 912010 NOT

Fore Dat V-1-280
Gard D

CrwnZell 87es
OanaCp 6597
Darf In 772596
Dary In 772597
Dayoo cv6474
Dayoo cv6474
Dayoo cv6474
Dayoo cv6474
Dayoo cv6474
Dayoo cv6477
Deerect 87457
Deer Initiario 774593
Initiario 774593
Initiario 77494
Initiario 77494
Initiario 77494
Initiario 77494
Initiario 77494
Initiario 77494
Initiario 74489
Initiario 74489
Initiario 74489
Initiario 74489
Initiario 74489
Initiario 74893
Initiario 74899
Initiario Initiario

Opening Prices for Gold

and Silver Coins at Money International 22 Ser Ool 25, 1974

Chited Pur-ham
A "larg" of U.S.
Calver coins with
\$1,000 face value \$3,482 A 1,000 trey conce "har" of .999 fine silver \$5,070 A "let" of 150 British Gold Soverigns A "let" of 20 U.S. Gold Double Engles \$5,740 \$5,900 \$4,447 83,500 A "lot" of 30 Austrian Gold

International is one of the world's larger

\$1,910

3580.33 Prem. G#3 188.00 Kerkstraat 363 Forward Contract Exchange Company Ltd. Amsterdam. Telex: 16102. Phone: 25 47 53. Cable: INDEXCHANGE

FCE Quotations - 1974 - 1975 - 1905 - 1906 - 1976 - 1975 - 1906 - 1977 - 1975 - 200 - 27 - 202 - 210 - 215 - 2 - 202 - 210 - 215 - 2 - 202 - 210 - 215 - 2 - 202 - 210 - 215 - 2 - 202 - 210 - 215 - 2 - 202 - 210 - 215 - 2 - 20

Pac G&E 5597
Pac G&E 4596
Pac GE 3597
Pac GE 3597
Pac GE 23498
Pac GE 23498 20 61 59% 66% 67% 66% 67% 67% 17% 100% 11% 100% 67% 11% 100% 100% 11% 100% 11% 100%

NorTSim 688
OakInd Cush87
Octobe Cv71486
Daden Cv5893
OhBelTT 778s13
OhBelTT 778s13
OhDelTT 778s13
OhDelT 0482
Ohio Pw 74s76
Ohio Pw 64:79
Ohi

167 100 99 1-16 99%—19-32 72 222 5√2 52 52√2— % RCA cv 4/2592 USIF. REAL ESTATE

Luxembourg Stock Exchange Quote October 25, 1974 . urg Francs 30 .(U.S. \$0.79) Information: Trust Corporation of Baham P.O. Box N-7,789, Nassau,

Listed on the

TVA 7587r
Tespore CV3-89
Tespore CV3 International Bonds

Sales in that ships Law Last chips

A.C.C. 10-79
8. Africa 8-2-22
Australia 8-86
Cassa Merrogiorno 3-2-78
Cavado 7-80
Contreta 8-2-85
CCA 8-3-85
CCA 8-3-85
CCA 8-5-85
CECA 5-4-85
CECA 5-4-85
CEFE 5-2-85
CEFE 8-2-79
Communicates Urb 3-85
Credit Nat 8-85
Credi 8.D.R. 5-86 ... SNCP 734-86 Watney 7-\$4 Deutsche Marks (Average price) .

Australia Oil 7-87 ... Copenhagen 3%-37 ... Courtaulds 6%-37 ... Courtaulds 7%-87 ... Daimler 8-85 ... Elec. Council 7%-86 ... ESCOM 6%-87 ... 75.60 54 1/2 73 59 70 61.40 69 1/2 79 77 1/2 86 1/2 75 1/2 Finland 7-83 Hammeraley 6%-Hammeraley 6%-87
IAD 6%-87
IVI 6%-87
EED 6%-87
EEM 5%-65
New Zealand 7-87
Ontario Hydro 6%-87
Quebec 6%-87

7 4% 8% 3% 6% 36% 6% 37% 140 29

41/2 11: 14: 161:

5

AmbkrinsFia 20)
AdiktLFia 20)
Amconwith Fin
Amistoelle 10
Amsquarmyfai 5
Amfedralle 10
Amistoelle 10
Amistoelle 10
Amistoelle 10
Aministra 11
Aministra 11
Aministra 12
Benefisht A

Callistra 12
Callistra 12
Consella 12
Consella 12
Consella 12
Combinat 12
Combin 103 23 Righ Lew Last Change

84/2-1 83 84/2 84/2 84/2+ 46 84/2+ 46 84/2-4 98/4-1/4 80/4-1/4

84% 85 84% 85'4 85'4 85 85 84'4 98% 82'4

American Exchange

Week Ended Oct. 26, 1974

Yoluma 9.374.835 shares. Year to date: 388.648.812 shares. Issues traded in: 1,224. Advances: 251; declines; 612; hanged: 251.

Market Averages . Week Ended Oct. 26, 1274 Dow Jones

659.82 636.18 636.13 152.74 145.62 146.28 68.99 66.98 67.29 213.10 203.40 203.83

N.Y. Stock Exchange

Week Ended Oct. 26, 1974

Sales High Low Close Char

New highs: 24; new lows: 56.

Sales High Low Close Chart

34% 9 10% 16% 15

2 38

DUTHAMILIE 88b
ERC Corp 56
Eidoradosen 5
Emelrinkar 20e
Emelrinkar 25
FANIC Corp
Family Life 5
Fam Home Lite
Farmineavy 1, 16
Farmers Grp 81
Fidel Un Life 55
FinlsecGrp 22
FstEwecutive Co
FstEwecut Issuas traded: 1,998, Advances: 585; declines: 1,204; un. :banged: 237. New highs: 19: new lows: 01. Franklin Life .76
GL Enterprises
Gen Reinsur .40
GetoWashCp .30p
GlobbetLAcc .13e
GovtEmplyin wt
Gov Emp Life .20
GI Boulty Fini
GrSouthnCp .48
Guarenty Nat
Hamilton Intil
Hamilton Intil
Hamilton Nat .10e
Hamoverlins .50
Horti Similar 1.58
Home Benef .1
HoracaMan .37e
indepLibly Lie
IndepLibly Lie
IndepLaca .50
IndianaGrp .50 75,178.480 shares 82,887,876 shares 80,738,252 shares 1.850,656,817 shares

shares shares FREE EURODEPOSIT INFORMATION For large & small accounts from U.S.\$1,000, write to: ESU LTD 96-100 New Cavendish Street, London WIM 7FA, England.

8.215.297.465

3,360,508,889

1077

Vale Pw 2*2575
Virsiry Incides
Wabash 7*2677
Wap E1 678-34
Wabash 7*2677
Wap E1 678-34
Wabash 7*2677
Wap E1 678-34
Wabash 6 8*2575
Weanul cv5*291
Wash 6 8*2575
Weanul cv5*291
Whath 4*22612
Whath 6 8*2575
Whe Eloc 7*2512
Whath 6 8*257
Wh Eloc 7*2516
Who C 8*2577
WU Cp cv5*297
Who Eloc 7*257
Weste E1 8*257

Foreign Bonds

E. Africa 8-85
CECA 8-85
EN E L 74-85
Enroftms 74-85
Interfrigo 71-86
For trading to DM Luxembourg Francs French France Art Liquido 0,4-81

BASP 713-67

CNT 713-67

EIB 773-61

New Zeal, 713-67

Osin 74-67

Quebec 713-67

Rensult 713-67

Rehant 713-67

Rehant 713-67 Guilders* ABN 915-78
AMBO 915-78
Arbed 915-78
Arbed 915-80
EP 8-79
Eurofina 5-16-79
ERF 915-78 Govett 613-79

St. Brands 64-79 86 Kredletlux Indices

Oct. 18 90.1 85.4

F. Lux. 76
F. Lux. 78.
F. Lux. 78.
These are last week's
The current figures were no abla for this edition. Insurance Stocks

> Interfinct 28
> Idfil.Helfolding s
> Interslated 20
> Inversional 20
> Inversional 10
> Inv 2 744 + 15 2744 + 15 2745 + 16 2745 39 13 La Sou Lite
> LayalAm Lieins
> Alanhait in 35e
> Manhait in 35e
> Masagen Lite
> Alexangen La Sou Lite LoyalAm Lifeins 474 276 5 9 334 — 14 354 + 36 314 + 16 314 — 16 314 — 16 314 — 16 3% - Va 27% + 30 12 5 22 15 - Va 58 -1 15% - Va

\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2 PreferdRisk 10e
Pres Life
Pres Life
Pres Life
ProvifeNO 25a
Relable Life .40a
Reponal Life .25
Saleco Cp 1
SiPaulcos .72
Saleco Cp 1
SiPaulcos .72
SecurAmlife .20r
SecurAmlife .20r
SecurAmlife .30
Southland Fin .30
Transport Life
Unitality .10e
TimeHofilms .30
Transport Life
Unitality .16e
Unitality

Euromarket —

Continued From Page 9) ie sixth year and the second ie eighth year. Previous Lasues

e loan is expected to carry mon of 10 1/4 per cent pricper. Managers point to the that previous issues by th borrowers with a life of o seven years are yielding under 10 per cent on the dary market. However, some as observe that the expectupon may be just a shade

scheduled to be offered week is a 12-million Unit count losn for Copenhagen. five-year issue is expected ry a 10-per-cent coupon. dle East banks are parting in the underwriting of

the deutsche-mark sector, continue to advance by beone and two points and the flow of private placements

Treasury Bills

	-,		
	Bid	Ask	C
1974	10.00	7.06	7.
	6.10	6.75	6.
	6.05	6.35	- 6.
	8.10	6.30	6.
ganadi Muumau	7.63	8.95	6.
*****	7.38	6.26	8.
	7.04	6.18	6.
) - n n - nq nepp y a n)	7.04	6.18	€.
	7.01	8.13	8.
***********	7.04	81.3	6.
1975	7.11	6.23	6.
	7.06	7.32	7. 6.
***********	7.72	7.48	
*	7.70	7.30	7.
II 0	7.79	7.59 7.74	7.
46-44-464 Bightons	7.82	7.50	3.
	7.83	7.53	7.
	7.83	7.55	7.
	7.82	7.54	7.
******	7.81	7.51	7.
	7.82	7.52	7.
***************************************	7.81	7.40	7.
ooblearanes barr	7.81	7.49	7.
***************************************	7.79	7.51	7.
	7.83	7.52	7.
	7.83	7.54	7.
	7.84	7.56	7.5
************	7.81	7.57	7.
	7.78	7,60	7.
	7.31	7.61	7.
	7.81	7.61	8.0
Demanda	7.32	7.74	8.3
***********	7.64	7.38	7.
	7.67	7.41	7.4
2010010101010	7 78	7.70	8.
1000 1 100 pd 100 ta	7.66	7.46	7.8
1000 0 152 54 154 154	7.67	7.45	7.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7.85	7.41	7.1
100-0-00-0-0-0	7.61	7.41	7.5
	7.47	7.39	7.3
DBscs seasted		122	

Stock Quotations (Closing prices he week's trading

and modern a commonly	,.,		1
		lake d	ı
ICA	311/4		ı
orporation	24	33	ı
CTUOL, I AN DER PROPERTY	3134	33 4	ľ
nk Corporation	301/2	3134	I
sporation Pa	221-1	23 -	ŀ
BOCP	22 71	24	ı
Jinn	17%	1834	ł
poration	3415	36	ł
k Cp. Chic.	4315	80%	l
ank & Trust Phil.	195.	20-/4	ı
at Banks.,	1714	1744	ł
Bank Pitts	39 1/4	40	
Dorporation	22	2314	1
ad March Boston	1024	113.	
ie Mai Corp	2174	2214	
Corporation-	2217	28.	
Corporation	1717	181/2	
Corporation	133	137.4	1
ss. Boston	2814	2374	
nk Boston	20	2172	
inkshires	12	12%	
£ Bank	1434	15%	i
the Internative conservation	44.74		

continues. Oslo is reportedly the latest borrower, with a five-year loan of 25 million DM. The coupon is said to have been 10 1/4

per cent. Scheduled to be priced this week is the Canadian-dollar issue for the Quebec Urban Community. The \$10-million loan is expected to be priced at par with a coupon of 10 3/4 per cent.

Rabobank of Holland sold 50 million guilders of five-year notes last week at 99 1/2 with a coupon of 10 3/4 per cent.

Price Declined The expected flow of new issues from Japanese borrowers is expected to be delayed in light of the performance of the Mismi convertible issue, which was registered for sale in the United States. The size of the issue was cut to \$20 million from the anticipated \$25 million. The loan carried an 8 1/2-per-cent coupon and a conversion premium

of less than 2 per cent, but the price fell to 97 1/2 bid-99 1/2 asked as the stock price in Tokyo declined from 304 yen to 290 (about \$1). The bonds are convertible into common stock immediately.

Elsewhere in the convertible sector, Standard Oli of Indiana is calling its Amoco International \$50-million issue floated in 1969. The bonds are currently trading at a premium of \$1.114 for each \$1,000 face-valued security and bondholders will have until Nov. 29 to exercise the option to convert into Indiana's common stock. Investors failing to do this will have their bonds redeemed at \$1,004 the premium over par that the company is obliged to pay for calling the is-

International Institutions

(7-15 Years) Oct. 23: 11.61 %, Oct. 16: 11.74 %. Industrials (7-15 Years) Oct. 23: 11.94 %, Oct. 16: 11.96 %. Industrials (3-7 Years) Oct. 23: 8.87 %, Oct. 16: 9.10 %.

Market Turnover Oct. 25 Oct. 18 \$185.5 mil. \$146.2 mil. Cedel Euroclear \$153.6 mil. \$142.0 mil.

Farmers in Iowa Kill Calves in Price Protest

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Oct. 27 (Reuters) -About 1,000 calves were slaughtered here yesterday as part of a farmers' protest against falling profits. The meat will go to Honduras hurricane violans.

Explaining the protest, a spokesman for the National Farmers Association said: "It's cheaper for farmers to give the calves away than continue feed-

Cattlemen in neighboring Wisconsin recently killed 650 calves and threw their carcasses into a ditch in a protest against what they said were falling prices and

London Mart Seeks Funds For Investors

Protection in Case Brokers Go Under

LONDON, Oct. 27 (AP-DJ) .--The London Stock Exchange has called on each of its 4,500 members to make an additional contribution of £350 to the ex-

change's compensation fund. The fund is used to protect investors from losing their money when brokers fail.

The new call is to cover the anticipated claims on losses from the six firms which have failed in the past 13 months.

The call is expected to produce about £1.5 million. It is believed that claims on the fund for the failure of member firms will approach 23 million. Embange members have already paid in £300 each to the fund in the past

A stock exchange spokesman said the recent series of failures "has certainly been the worst since the 1930s depression era."

The six brokers who have failed since July 1978 are J. H. Summerfield & Co., James O'Comor & Co., Mitton, Bulter, Priest Ltd., Chapman & Rowe, Davey & Candy, and Tustain & 12strange. Another six firms have ceased business and there have been about 25 mergers this year be-cause of rising expenses and falling prices.

In a letter to members, chairman George Loveday said the stock exchange is carrying out "a detailed study of possible alternative methods of financing the compensation fund."

Shell Finds Oil Gas in Sea Off South Vietnam

SAIGON, Oct. 27 (NYT) .- A Shell Oil Co, subsidiary announced yesterday that it had struck oil and gas in its second wildcat well off the South Vietnamese coast in the South China Sea.

A press release issued by Pecten Vietnam, a wholly owned Shell subsidiary, disclosed that one zone in an exploratory well drilled to more than 13,000 feet has been tested at a rate of 1,514 barrels a day."

A spokesman for the firm said that the find did not establish that commercially exploitable oil had been discovered.

The spokesman emphasized that further exploration in the vicinity of the present well would be necessary to determine whether a valuable geological structure had tapped or merely a small

Ohio State Sets the Pace As Powerhouses Have Easy Day

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (UPI).-The nation's top college football teams were expected to win easily yesterday and, for a change, that's what happened.

Ohio State, Michigan, Alabama, Auburn, Notre Dame, Southern California and Oklahoma each won without trouble.

Ohio State 55, Northwestern 7 At Evanston, Ill., Archie Griffin rambled 173 yards on 19 car-ries to match a National Collegiste Athletic Association record and lead top-ranked Ohio State to a 55-7 rout of Northwestern. Griffin, Who scored once before leaving the game midway in the third quarter, tied the record of 17 consecutive 100-yard

rushing games set in 1968-69 by Oklahoma's Steve Owens. Griffin also raised his se rushing yardage to 1,050, making him the first Buckeye runner in history to surpass 1,000 yards two years in a row.

Alabama 41, TCU 3 At Birmingham, Ala., quarter-backs Robert Fraley and Jack O'Rear directed highly-ranked Alabama to a 41-3 victory over Texas Christian. Fraley scored once and threw two scoring pas-ses and O'Rear ran 21 yards for

another. Fraley triggered the Crimson Tide, now 7-0, on an 83-yard drive on its first possession. He scored from the four.

one touchdown and passed for

Home Run Challenge Leads Aaron to Japan

TOKYO, Oct. 27 (AP).—The world's home run king, Hank Aeron, and Sadaharu Oh, Japan's slugger who threatens to take away that title in from three to four years, meet at Oh's home ground Saturday, to decide who is the best slugger at the

Rules for the home run contest and such details as who will pitch will be discussed between the two fencebusters after Aaron arrives on Friday.

But the location—Tokyo's 50,000-sest Korakuen Stadium—favors neither the right-handed Aaron nor the left-handed Chinese-Japanese first baseman whose name comes out Oh in Japanese, Wang in Chinese and King in English translations. Both the right and left-field fences are 300 feet from home

plate, while a center field home run requires a blast of 390 feet Still to be agreed is how the championship will be decided -by home runs within a given time, or home runs within a set number of swings. Oh has said he favors counting swings. The prizes also are uncertain. Aaron has been guaranteed \$50,000 and Oh \$30,000 by a U.S. television network, which will televise the contest to the United States.

The contest is to precede an exhibition game between Oh's Yomiuri Giants and the visiting New York Mets. Aaron, 40, became the world's home run king on April 8

when he surpassed the long-standing career record of 714 set by Babe Ruth. He now has 733. "Win or lose, it will be an honor to compete against him," said Oh, who has 634 homers after belting 49 this year. If he keeps up his present pace, he will have 780 home runs by

the end of the 1977 season. Oh, a 34-year-old star, counts on staying active until 1980. Oh won his second consecutive triple crown this year, Besides taking the Central League home run championship for the 13th straight year, he led the league in batting average, 322, and runs batted in, 107. Since 1963, he has hit less than

40 home runs a year only once, when he belted 39 in 1971. "I look like a one-legged swinging scarecrow," the 5-foot-10. 180-pound Oh once said of his raised-right-leg batting stance.

But lifting the leg helps his coordination, he says. He says his power comes from his wrists, which he developed by swinging bamboo swords, Samurai-warrior fashion.

New European Champ

MILAN, Oct. 27 (Reuters),-

Italian boxer Franco Udella

knocked out Spain's Pedro Molie-

do in the fifth round to win the

European flywe

At Auburn, Ala, quarterback Phil Gargis, who usually stays with a running game, caught Florida State off guard with a passing attack as Auburn came to life in the second half and walloned the Seminoles, 38-6. Gargis threw for two touchdowns and scored on a 16-yard run as the undefeated Tigers dealt FSU its 19th straight defeat.

Notre Dame 38, Miami (Fiz.) 7 At South Bend, Ind., quarterback Tom Clements engineered five first-half scoring drives and seventh-ranked Notre Dame raced past highly-regarded Miami of Florida, 38-7. The Irish, now 6-1, quickly made a shambles of what had been expected to be a rugged defensive battle by marching 79 yards in six plays the first

time they had the ball. Clements lofted a perfect pass to tight-end Pete Demmerle, who took it in stride at the 10-yard line and scored for a 47-yard touchdown play only 2:09 into the game

USC 31, Oregon State 18

At Los Angeles, Anthony Davis, 5-foot-9-inch tailback for Southern California, slashed through Oregon State 26 times for 135 yards and scored twice to set a Pacific-Eight Conference touchdown record as the Trojans won, 31-10. The high-stepping senior scored the Trojans' first touchdown on a 13-yard tackle-breaking run late in the second period, It was the 41st touchdown of his career and it broke the record of 40 set by California's Duke Morrison from 1920-1922

Michigan 49, Minnesota 0 At Ann Arbor, Mich., wingback Gil Chapman scored two touch-downs while tailbacks Rob Lytle and Gordon Bell combined for 283 yards rushing to lead third-ranked Michigan over Minnesota, 49-0, in a Big 10 game, Chapman scored on a 29-yard run in the first quarter and on a five-yard scamper in the third as the Wolverines coasted to their fourth conference triumph, and ran their overall mark to 7-0.

Oklahoma 63, Kansas State 0 At Norman, Okla., led by halfback Joe Washington and quar-terback Steve Davis, Oklahoma smashed Kansas State, 63-0, in a Big 8 game. Washington, who went into the game averaging 8.8 yards a carry, scored one touch-down and ran 123 yards in 17 carries in a first-half Sooner string Somer backs did not play after intermission against the outclassed Wildcats, who dropped to

Texas 27, Rice 6

At Houston, Texas quarterback Marty Akins rushed for 188 yards on 23 carries and scored two touchdowns to lead the 13th-ranked Longhorns to a 27-6 Southwest Conference victory over winless Rice.

Ga. Tech. 27, Tulane 7

At Atlanta, Rudy Allen en-ineered three first-half scoring drives as Georgia Tech knocked Tulane from the unbeaten ranks, 27-7. Allen, who left the game after an injury in the closing minute of the first half, scored Tech's first touchdown on a twoyard run and sparked two other drives that produced field goals of 29 and 33 yards by Danny Smith.

Allen completed five of six passes for 89 yards and added 51 yards on five runs.

At Nashville, Tenn., Jamie O'Rourke scored twice and Jay Chesley scoted 66 yards for a touchdown on an interception return as Vanderbilt beat Mississippi, 24-14, in a Southeastern Conference game. The victory was Vanderbilt's first over Ole Miss

since 1951 and extended the Rebel losing skid to four games. Army 13, Holy Cross 10 At West Point, N.Y., Mike Castelli's 24-yard field goal with 18 seconds left lifted Army to a 13-10 victory over Holy Cross, snapping the Cadets' five-game losing streak. Castelli's second

field goal of the game came five minutes after Jerry Kelly of Holy Cross had tied the score with a 34-yard boot. Pittsburgh IX Navy II At Annapolis, Md., Tony Dorsett, Pittsburgh's star back, made up for three fumbles with a 108yard rushing performance and a clutch touchdown as the Pan-

thers beat Navy, 13-11.

College Football Scores

Amhersi 17, Wesleyan 7,
Army 13, Holy Cross 10.
Boston Coll. 55, Villanova 7,
Bowdoin 27, Colby 6.
Colgate 24, Lafayette 16.
Columbia 38, Benchell 23,
Conn. 10, Mass. 8.
Fortham 20, Johns Hopkins 10.
Harvard 17, Dartmoath 15.
Hobart 29, Union (NY) 18.
Ithaes 34, Bridgeport 14.
Juniats 34, Unsels 5,
Lehigh 35, Maino 28,
New Hamp. 34, Northeastern 14.
Norwich 16, Bates 0.
Oswego 22, Niegara 18,
Fenn 28, Princeton 18,
Pann 8t. 21, West Virginis 12,
Pittsburgh 13, Navy 11,
Rhode Island 13, Boston U, 7,
Hutgers 20, Air Force 3,
Seton Hall 14, Hoftra 12,
Temple 31, Delaware 17,
Vermont 21, Rochester U, 12,
Williams 27, Tuffs 7,
Yale 27, Cornell 3.
Bosth

Alabams 41, TCU 2,
Auburn 38, Florida St, 6,
E Carolina 34, Daytoo 6,
Florida 30, Duke 13,
Furman 21, Wofford 10,
Georgia 24, Kentucky 20,
Georgia Tech 27, Tulane 7,
Gravabling 51, 36, Jackson Georgia Tech 27, Tulane 7,
Grambling St. 26, Jackson St. 12
Howard 13, North Car. A.T. 0,
Maryland 20, North Caro. St. 10,
Mississipp St. 38, Louisville 7,
Morehead St. 14, Tenn. Tech 7,
Morehead St. 14, Tenn. Tech 7,
Morena St. 21, Delnware St. 7,
South Caro. Sl. No. Carolina 23,
Tennessee 29, Clemvon 23,
Tennessee St. 17, Florida ArM 14,
Tulsa 31, Tampa 21,
Virginia 14, Wake Porest 8,
Vanderbilt 24, Miss. 14,
VMI 31, William-Mary 26,
Virginia Tech 41, Richmond 7,
Waah, Lee 24, Sewanes 7,

South

Bowling Green 28, Marshall 3, Capital 17, Ohio Wesleyan 12, Evansville 41, Valparaiso 15, Iowa 14, Illinois 12, Iowa 14, Illinois 12, Iowa 15, 27, Kansas 6, Kent St. 61, Akron 16, Miami (Ohio) 28, Toledo 22, Michigan 49, Minnesots 0, Michigan 61, 31, Purdne 7, Missouri 30, Colorado 24, Nebraska 7, Oklahoma 61, 2, Notre Dame 38, Miami (Pla.) 7, Ohio 8, 58, Northwestera 7, Ohio U, 26, Western Mich. 3, Wisconsin 25, Indiana 25, Eonthwest

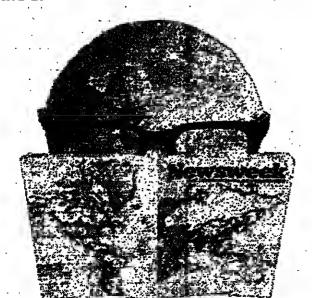
Southwest Arkansas 43, Colorado St. 3, Arkeness 47, Colorado St. 3, Brigham Young 37, Arizona 13, Drake 29, New Mexico St. 23, Ell Texas 31, SF Austin 2, Lamar 10, So. Miss, 7, Memphis St. 41, No. Texas St. 8, Oklahoma 63, Kansas St. 6, Texas 27, Rice 6, Texas A-M 20, Baylor 0, Texas Soothern 35, Mo. Valley 34, Texas Tech 20, EMU 17. West

West
Idaho St. 10. Weber St. 2.
Montana 24. Portland St. 14.
Montana St. 26. Idaho 21.
Nevada-Los Veças 33. Hawaii 2.
Pacific 29. San Jose St. 27.
San Diego St. 27. Long Beach St. 17.
Southern Calif. 31. Oregon St. 10.
Sianford 20. Washington St. 18.
UCLA 28. California 3.
Utah 87. 21. West Texas St. 16.
Woshington 36. Oregon 0.
Wromiog 31. Utah 13. Wyomiog 31. Utah 13. Utah St. 21, West Texas St. 18.

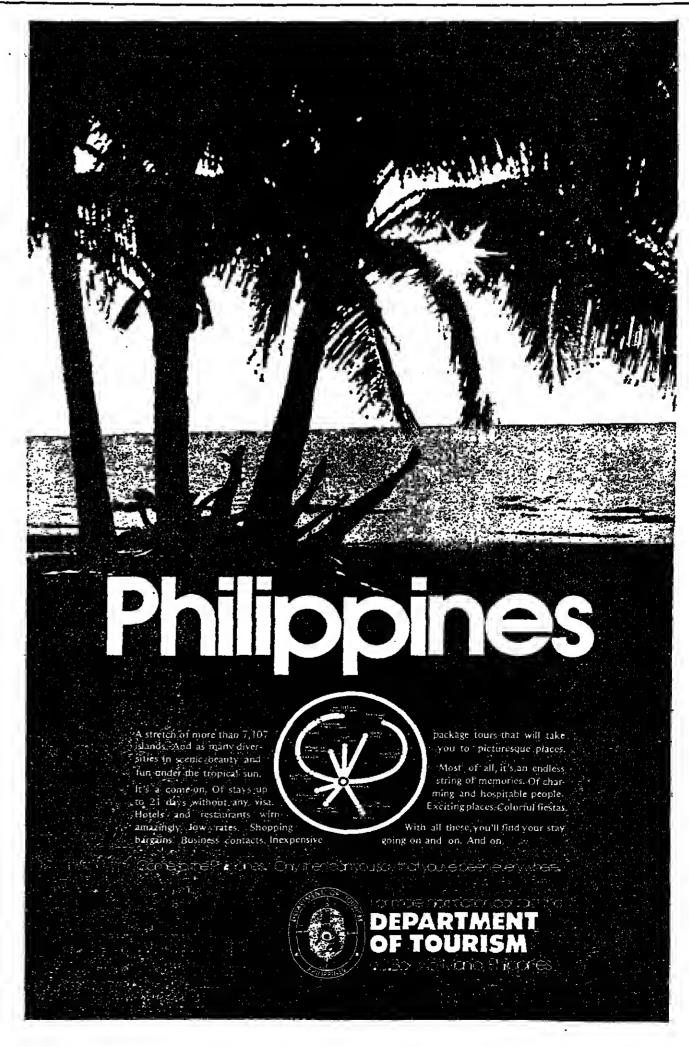
More Sports News On Page 13

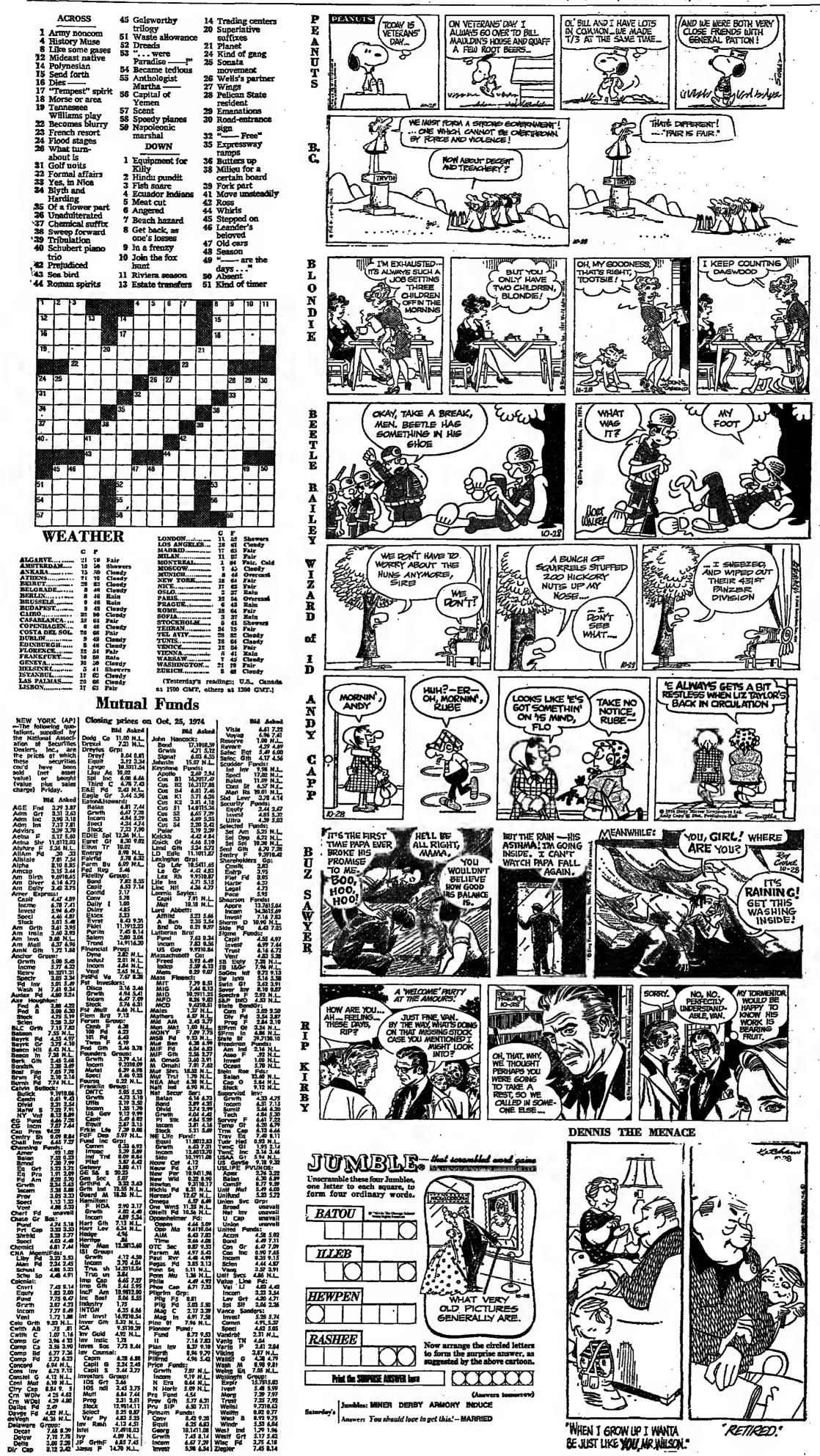
The fact that Newsweek is the only cover-to-cover international newsmagazine is only the second reason you should advertise in it.

The first reason is that Newsweek is read by business and government leaders around the world. They rely on us for in-depth reports on business trends worldwide; for hard and factual analysis of fast-breaking political developments. They can be reached by your ad in any issue of Newsweek on any page. Week after week. Cover to cover. And that's one more reason to advertise in...



The International Newsmagazine For more information call Michael Mays or Michael Warburton 01-839 6166.





BOOKS

THE GLORY OF THE HUMMINGBIRD By Peter De Vries. Little, Brown. 276 pp. \$6.95. Reviewed by Anatole Broyard

ACCORDING to Frenc's theory in the bresistible speciacle of A of wit, the pleasure we take second meal More comedy dea in it is the result of an unexpect—with her delaying the "hydraul exigencies resulting from ed saving of energy. A joke is a double duty. shortcut across common sense-When Tickler admits to his wi that he has "feet of clay" a replies oh, so cleverly, "It's n "brevity is the soul of wit"-and since we have prepared ourselves to go the long way around, the surplus energy flushes through us what my head is made of." An like a feeling of liberation or finally, there is this mot catharsis. Now, although Freud did not discuss the unsuccessful desperately striven for as the th atomic bomb: "Living with joke, I think his analysis can be extended to include it. When wit adolescent, you see, my dear cha is like spelling pfcffernüsse. 1 does not work we suffer an unone really knows how to do i expected expenditure of energy. We not only have to unravel the failure of the joke—what it was intended to do and why it mis-carried—we also have to use up a certain amount of feeling in expressing our disappointment or

If catharsis is the reward of a good joke, then constipation is the penalty of a bad one. This, in my opinion at least, is why unsuccessful comedy—like Peter De Vries's "The Glory of the Hummingbird"—is so fatiguing to read. We have to agonize over each of the author's mistires. If we are charitable, we are obliged to pity him; if we are not, our impulse is to recriminate.

Since the plot of Mr. De Vries's latest book is negligible—to use one of the more restrained adjectives that come to mind-and the characters all paper-thin re-gardless of age, sex or occupation, I can only suppose that the author put most of his hopes into his humor, for which the novel form functions as a mere excuse or occasion. Let's examine, then, some examples of this humor. We might as well begin with ths protagonist, Jim Tickler, and his hilarious name. When Jim Tickler visits his future in-laws. he is asked to take the lettuce outside and shake it in a wire basket until it is dry. The basket flies open, of course, and we have pages of stapstick in which he grabs up anything growing, as well as another passage on the ensuing "confusion" at the table.

Tickler has a date with a predatory female. She is an hour and 25 minutes late, so he goes ahead and eats. When she arrives just as he is finishing, he panics, tossing his plates onto a tray and racing them into the kitchen in order to conceal his perfectly natural action. Then he joins her

Solution to Friday's Puzzle

Much of Mr. De Vries's hum seems to consist in the affect tion of a formal or convolut prose style—the kind that s hances the element of timing say, Samuel Johnson's witticism But while Johnson builds at pense, increases tension, with I pauses and accretions, Mr. I Vries first condemns the joke hang fire, then strangles it in I knotted constructions. Here, 1 example, is a kind of syntax joke or scene can survive: looked around semi-wildly as M

Flamsteed had for me, spottr her installed in a booth on t side opposite that in which I h so copiously fed, waved as strolled over." In his pursuit of humor, h De Vries seems to have neglectimany of the other sentences th go to make up his novel. He us the word "vouchsafe" eight time and because his prose style to difficult to identify, I don't knowhether he thinks it's a comic word or one serviceable enough to warrant that many repetition Here are a few more typical bi and pieces: "I sighed heavily the thought of such a job work." . . I hightailed it f.

[the bank] without delay." At party Tickler finds the punk "very excellent." In speaking i his brother, Tom, the has grow fat, he "resists visual recourse. his tummy." All through "The Glory of the Hummingbird," the jokes are ;

tepid that we can't be sure the are not serious lines, and th serious lines suffer a similar fat Even the author's quotation seem to betray a bad ear. For b title, he has fished out of ol scurity one of T.S. Eliot's lease memorable images: to "glithe with the glory of the humming bird." And then, to nail dow this impression he quotes this trom Ellot: "Some way incomparably light and deft, some wa we both should understand, Even if Mr. De Vries's joke

were better, I don't thist the would come off, because the have such an air of being strains for that some stubborn instinct us rises up to resist them. The idea of an intelligent man's work ing so hard to get a halfhearte laugh out of us is not funny, b.

Mr. Broyard is a New You Times book reviewer-

KORCHNOI/BLACK

THE MEN

量金融 圖 超金

Position after 17 . . . N-B4

terattack 17... N-B4 could not be handled by the fork 18 P-KN4, P-QR3; 19 PxB, PxN, 20 Q-N4, since 20... Q-

B3 costs White the exchange by 21 RxB, NxR to extricate the trapped queen.

Correct Defense Used

Nor could Karpov dare try
18 B-B4, BNN: 19 PxB, N-R5:
20 B-N3 (20 BrB loses outright to 20 ... QxP, with mate
to follow), NxPch: 21 K-N2,
Q-B3: 22 RxB, N-KBch: 23 KB1, Q-R8ch: 24 K-K2, KRKlch: 25 K-Q2, N-B6ch: 26
K-B2, R-K7ch and mates next

Nevertheless, Karpov found the correct defense with 18 QxBP, for, although Korchnol-could break up the white kingside by the exchanges at moves 18 and 19, he had nothing left for the attack; but his gueen and all that exch

but his queen and all that got

him was perpetual check.

Neither side could avoid that after the 23d move, because 24 K-K2, Q-N7ch: 25 K-Q3, Q-N3ch: 26 N-K4, KR-K1, with threats of 27...QR-B1 or 27...P-QN4, is impossible for White to weather.

On the other hand Korche

On the other hand, Korch-

to go into 25 K-B1, QxP, since Karpov could then organize a defense with 25 Q-K4, which might allow him to

Thus Karpov retained his two victories to none lead over Korchnol, but he still

cannot be content, for Korch-

exploit his extra piece.

him was perpetual check.

By Robert Byrn

A CA

special to The New York Times MOSCOW, Oct. 14-Viktor pov drew the 12th game of their final Candidates Match for the world championship in a rapid-fire 1 hour 38 min-utes for 23 moves in Tchaikowsky Hall tonight.

The draw, coming after a dramatic piece sacrifice by Korchnoi, amounted to a setback for Karpov, whose much vaunted skill against the French Defense was again topped by Korchnoi's pro-found handling of this difficult opening.
Will Korchaoi's fine per-

formance with the French spark its revival? Paul Keres, who is the author of two of the most important books on the theory of this defense, thinks not. He told me, "It. just isn't for everyone. It takes the extraordinary grasp of a great player such as Korchnoi to survive its many pitfalls."

A Safe Haven Found

Korchnoi had no trouble surviving tonight, however. Indeed, Korchnoi has discovered safety in all the French Defense even-numbered games in this match and won't give it up now. His game two venture into the Dragon Sicilian and his game six venture into the Petrov Defense were the two games in which he did not use it and they were both disasters for him. Karpov is renowned for his

anti-French play with the Tarrasch Variation, 3 N-Q2, in which White saddles Black with an isolated queen pawn by the exchanges at moves 4 and 9. But his newest wrinkle tonight, 12 B-K3, departing from his immediate retreat of the king bishop in the 10th sema ran into the 10th game, ran into super-sharp play from Korch-noi.

Refusing to take time out for the prophylactic 14...P-QR3, Korchnoi sailed in at once with 14...N-B5, unafraid of the reply 15 N-QN5, even though that led to a rook pin of the black king

bishop after 17 KR-Q1. Korchnoi's defense-coun-

noi's play is getting stronger as the match progresses. DEFENSE FRENCH Korchm P-K3 P-Q4 P-QB4 KPxP N-QB3 B-Q3 PxP Karpey 1 P-K4 2 P-Q4 3 N-Q2 4 PxQP 5 KN-B3 6 B-N5 7 0-Q Korcha O-O B-KN5 B-R4 O-B2 N-R4 N-B5 Q-Q2 PxB Karpev 17 KR-Q1 18 QxBP 19 PzB 20 PzN 21 NzB 22 K-B1 23 K-K1 Drawn Karpov 9 QNxP 10 P-B3 11 Q-R4 12 B-K3 13 P-KR3 14 B-Q3 15 N-QN5

حكامن الاعل

WHEN I GROW UP I WANTA

BE JUST LIKE **YOU MR WILSON."**

RETIRED."

es: MINER DERBY ARMORY INDUCE

wer: You should love to get this! – MARRIED

Funds: 8.42 9.20 6.25 6.83 10.1411.08 7.45 8.14 6.67 7.29 5.98 6.54

Group: 7.68 8.39 7,12 7.78 3.60 3.28 3.12 3.42

omas A. Johnson SA, Zaire, Oct. 27 2 one of the largest, d latest weigh-ins in it boxing history, George Foreman tilted pere last night at 220 d challenger Muhamgistered 216 1/2 pounds. and the bout, was held er 11 pm. last night 1 of May Stadium beenthusiastic African f 12,000 persons.

incide with s telecast and to the United s the furthest along o the actual boxing t the fighters bave Originally schedoled here, the heavyweight dp match was post-. Oct. 30 (0400 GMT) je Foreman suffered a

eye during a sparring

night weigh-in was

Africans started ato the newly renovatearly yesterday evefilled one section of a that was made to cople and they spilled her sections and onto grounds, where some le seats have been set

From Weather of newsmen, sides

s crowded in at ringp.m. An aluminum n constructed to cover ringside seats, the he television equipo protect it from the d rain. wnpours of the rainy

normally begin in but, so far, they l stmosphere gripped last night. A local

and a male chorus orge Foreman and Ali, you are not ut sons of Africa." ed black American player, known pro-s "Big Black," who and horn-rimmed it steadily on the

d Ali, the challenger, st of the fighters to ame about 10:15 p.m. xploded in cheers and, li led the crowd in uli Bomay!" This is opression for "Ali kill ng a green shirt with of Zaire President : Seko and the words der one leader," Ali nt the ring, flicking

; an imaginary op-

5 Winner

Nontitle Bout RR. Oct. 27 (AP).niddleweight chamed out a unanimous ecision over Vinny dull nontitle bout t at Madison Square

Colombia, cut jously unbeaten, on the second round I him in the seventh. tble to stop his inex-

ponent. And ha said, as he climbed from the ring, 'My crowd, ponent my crowd.

Flexing His Museles

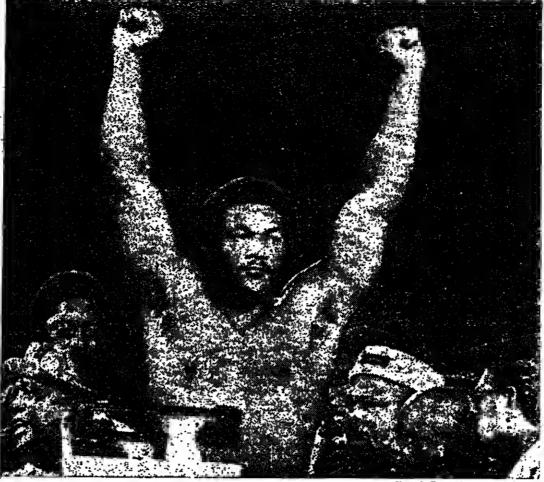
Less than 10 minutes later Foremsn came into the stadium to thunderous applause and cheers. He waved to the crowd. Foreman wore a long, brown African robe called a boubou. Then the fighters left the stadium area and the band went

on playing. The drummer went on drumming.

Then to keep time with the telecast, Ali came back into the ring to weigh in at 216 pounds Foreman followed, weighing 220 pounds. Immediately after weigh-in, Foreman took off his robe and flexed his muscles and the crowd again roared its ap-

Both boxers now were in the crowded ring at the same time. They were surrounded by scores of their aides and officials. For a brief moment, Ali acted as if he wanted to fight Foreman right sway. He yalled and screamed and lunged through the crowd with his clenched fists. There was never any danger of the two men tangling, however; the crowd of aides and officials was too large. There was a danger perhaps some of the people in the ring being trampled. The crowd shifted back and forth, making it difficult for either of

Heavyweight champion George Foreman shows fans at weigh-in Saturday the weapons he's going to use to stop Muhammad Ali, bottom photo, in their title bont. Ali hit the scales at 216 1/2, while the titleholder was at 220 pounds.



Test Wisdom of Zaire Fight Will

By Dave Anderson

KINSHASA, Zaire, Oct. 27 (NYT).—Shortly after Muhammad Ali arrived here several weeks ago, B visitor to the ivory market in this tropical city of 1.2 million people obtained a carved statue worth about \$250 in exchange for one Ali button and two All shirts. But the Zairian traders have learned. "No buttons," they say now.

"No shirts." And so Zaire continues to emerge as an African nation. At 4 o'clock bere Wednesday morning, in order to display George Foreman and Ali at 10 o'clock Tuesday evening in the United States, Zaire will emerge even more, or it will slightly submerge. Under an aluminum canopy in an 80,000-seat soccer stadium, the gladiators will serve as the most expensive public relations men in

the history of world government.

Not far from the stadiom

women wash clothes in a shallow stream. But each gladiator has been guaranteed \$5 million by Zaire for his presence in Africa's first world heavyweight title For better or worse, the nation once known as the Belgian Congo will have experienced the boxing husiness. If it's an ies, the World Boxing unblemished spectacle. Zaire will profit in stature. If it's a mess. Zaire will be remembered as another victim of boxing plunderers, right up there with Shelby, Montana, and Lewiston,

Maine. High Stakes The bout is advertised here as a "gift from President Mobutu to the people of Zaire" but it's

reelly a gamble, not a gift,

Mobutu Sese Seko has bet \$10

million of his nation's future on this fight. Let those high-rollers in Las Vegas top that.

President Mobutu won't appear at the Stade du 20 Mai, named for the 1967 date when the Peo-ple's Revolutionary Movement was formed. He will watch his \$10 million bet on a special TV hookup in his palace. But the President, in a leopard hat and leopard scarf, will stare down st the ring from a 30-foot-by-15-foot poster perched atop the stadium. His face is everywhere bere on billboards, walls and television. And his messages, in yellow French and English letter-

also are everywhere: "A fight between two blacks in a black nation, organized by blacks and seen by the whole world, that is a victory of Mo-

ing on pale-green roadside signs

"The country of Zaire which has been bled because of pillage and systematic exploitation must become a fortress against imperislism and a spearbead for the liberation of the African conti-

"We want to be free. We don't want our road towards progress to be impeded: even if we have to forge our way through rock,

Foreman Favored STATELINE, Nevada, Oct. 27 (AF).-Harrah's Tahoe Racebook Friday made heavyweight champlon George Foreman an 11-5 favorite over former champion Muhammad All in their Oct. 30 title fight in Kinshasa, Zaire.

we will forge it through the

"It is not enough for us to condemn colonialism, imperialism and racism, but it is also necessary to measure our capacity and our weakness and be united in order to face the challenge of development."

"The Foreman-Ali fight is not B war between two enemies, but a sport between two brothers." The last sentiment is an ideal-

istic political philosophy, but not a realistic boxing theory. George Foreman doesn't think of Muhammad Ali as B sportsman might. He thinks more of him as an executioner might. George Foreman just might be the heaviest puncher in the history of the heavyweight division. In his three title fights, he has demolished Joe Frazier, Joe (King) Roman and Ken Norton in B span of 11 minutes and 35

seconds over parts of five rounds. Ali haan't demolished an opponent since he was champion. And that was more than seven years ago. He once levelled Cleveland (Big Cat) Williams, who had a Texas highway patrolman's bullet in him, and he flattened Zora Folley, old and weary. All doesn't have a punch to keep reman away from him. Foreman will walk through Ali's weak jab and demolish him as soon as he hits him with his best punch. That could happen in the first

All might confuse Foreman for a few rounds by dancing. But he can't avoid the champlon for 15 rounds.

Ali's lovalists remember how he slashed Sonny Liston with his jab in winning the title. But that was more than 10 years ago. Ali was young then, Liston was aging. But now Foreman 15 young, only 25 years old. And now Ail at 32 is aging.

All surely will try to reopen the wound above Foreman's right eye that caused the postponement six weeks ago. But if Foreman thinks he might lose his title on a cut he might become even more devastating. Rocky Mar-ciano was like that.

Alt-watchers also have noticed his negative thinking. Instead of bragging how be will handle Foreman, be keeps talking about how Foreman can't really punch, as if trying to convince himself. He keeps talking about how Foreman's victims are never counted out, conveniently ignoring that they don't have to be counted Norton, for example, didn't know if he was in Caracas of Carolina. Ali realizes that Fore-

man can demolish him. In boxing, there is always the suspicion of a fix. Cynics contend that if boxing is to prosper, All must win, Foreman there-fore would have to dive into the nearby Congo River. Bot that would not be too wise. Crocodiles

swim there.
The only unknown factor is how the giadiators will react to competing at 4 o'clock to the morning. To compensate for it, they both are expected to take a nap around 3 o'clock in the evening. Ali will take another nap later on. In his white satin

Gymnastics Led By Japan, Russia

SOFIA, Oct. 27 (AP).—The Soviet Union, with four gold medals, and Japan, with three, were the big winners on the final day of the 18th world sympastic championships at Varna today. The Soviet Union's Ljudmilla

Turishcheve won two of the gold medals at stake in the women's

division, taking the titles on the beam and in the floor exercises. Her compatriot Olga Korbut won a gold in the vault and East Germany's Annelore Zinke was first on the asymmetric bars. In the men's division, Japan's standing gymnast, taking the titles in the floor and long horse competition. His fellow-countryman Eizo Kemntso von B gold on the parallel bars while Nikolai

Andrianov, Soviet Union, shared the title with Romania's Dan

Green on the flying rings.



Friday's Game

Caturday's Games

Quebee 4, Phoenix 1 (Houle, Cloutier, scoute, Bernier; Connort,

The Scoreboard

BOXING-At Tokyo, Antonio (Pam-

bete) Cervanies of Colombia retained bis World Boring Association junior wellerweight title by knocking out Japanese challenger Yasuati Kadota in the eighth round of a scheduled 15-round bout. The knockout came at 1 minute 42 seconds of the round.

More Sports News

On Page 11

NHL Standings

OAKLAND, Calif. Oct. 27 (UPI).—The California Seals beat Stanley Cup king Philadelphia. 4-1, Friday night in a game halted for 40 minutes by a near-riot involving both squads and result-

The fight erupted halfway

Orenst Kindrachuck Jumped into penalty-box fracas between Philadelphia's Bob Kelly and the Seals' Mike Christie. At that point, the benches

It was the first California victory over Philadelphia since October, 1972, and the first victory on the home ice against the Figers since January of 1972.

French Training Helps Colt to Win Race in England

by American Mrs. Pierre Wertheimer, yesterday became the first French-trained horse to win the Observer Gold Cup, easily taking the 3-year-old race over one mile at Doncaster.

Green Dancer, a Nijinsky colt trained by Alec Head and bril-Hantly ridden by his son Freddie, earned £27,316 (\$63,632) with B powerful finishing burst.

by a half-length from the fast-finishing Irish challenger Sea Break, ridden by French jockey Yves Saint-Martin.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 27 (AP). The Pittsburgh Pirates said

Pro Hockey, Basketball Results ABA Standings

ning score.

W L T Pis GF GA 5 1 1 11 39 15 6 3 1 11 29 25 4 3 2 10 31 21 4 2 1 9 28 23 Kentucky 5
New York 2
Si. Louis 2
Virginia 2
Memphis 2 Division Two 5 3 0 10 23 16 4 3 2 19 26 26 2 4 2 0 15 21 2 4 2 6 23 29 0 6 1 1 15 01 Minnesota St. Louis Division Three Friday's Games 4 2 3 11 26 5 3 0 10 27 3 2 3 9 28 2 3 1 5 24 1 6 1 3 14 Los Angeles Detroit Montreal Piltsburgh Utah 105, Son Diego 88 (Boone 31, Enkius 17: Greet 27, Jones 25). St. Louis 21. Kentucky 88 1Bernes 25. S. Jones, Pryer 12; Issel 20. Dam-NY 113, Ban Anionio 63 (Erving 27, Faults 20, Cale 17; Cervin 28, Jones 191 Julius Erving scores 21 points in second balf. Division Four 4 3 1 9 28 29 3 4 3 9 30 38 2 2 3 7 25 25 2 3 3 7 30 31 Buflelo Culifornia Bostuo Salarday's Games Priday's Games

Virgiola 116, St. Louis 194 (Billiogly L. Irvius, Twardzik 19; Gerard 27. Virgiola 110, St. Laura 25, Virgiola 27, Estres 73).

Barnes 73).

Deuver 137, San Diego 191 (Simpson 22, B. Jones 20; C. Jones 19, Orant 17, San Actonio 191, Drah 68 (Freeman 25, Elias 21; Boone 16, Majona 15).

New York 104, Memphis 31 (Keoon 26, Pauliz 18; Mount 19, Daniels 181, Kentucky 107, Indiane 95 (Issel 28, Gilmura 16; Joree 25, McGinnis 23). Vancouver 5. Kansas Cily 3 (Ververgaert, Gould, Monahon, Broder-leaux, Gould; Deadmarsh, Palemeott. Oakland 4. Philadephia 1 (Weir, Patey. Gilbertson, Johnston; Mac-Leish). Minnesota 3, Allanta 2 (Goldsworthy, Stanfield; Manery, Murray). Gilmure 18; Joyce 25, McGinnis 23).

Saturday's Games Los Angeles 5. California 1 (Nevin 2, Berry, Widing, Carr; Weir). NBA Standings Philadelphia 3, Vanconver 2 (Walson, Clemeol; Galley, Gould). EASTEEN CONFERENCE AUauue Division Buffalo 2, St. Louis 0 (Dodley 2). Montreal 4, Beirolt 2 (Golney, Lambert, Laffeur, Wilson; Dionne, Oranti, Chicago 8, Toronto 3 (Redmond, Hull 2, Mikita 2, Bordeleau, Gegnon, Pappin, Martin; Sittler, Perguson, Ecclestuce). Central Division Woshington 5 0 1.000
Cierciand 3 3 .500
Atlanta 2 3 .400
Bouston 2 3 .400
New Orleons ... 0 0 .000 NY Rangers 5, Pittsburgh 4 (Vickere 2. Sanderson, Thousuk, Irvine; Procoyost 2, Kelly, Apps). WESTERN CONFERENCE WHA Results

Pacific Division Torooto 2, Winnipeg 1 (Dillon, Simpson, Nedomansky; Hull). Onlden Siate ... 3 2 609
Seattle ... 3 2 600
Phoenix ... 2 2 500
Portland ... 2 3 400
Los Angeles ... 1 2 333 1/3 Bouston 2, Minutsons 2 (Labassiere, Eughes, Presiou: Tannahill, Waltou). New Sugland 0, Indianopolis 1 17 Abrahamsson, Ley, Caliery, Flean, Kar-lander, Sheehy: Andragely. Los Angeles 1 2 Friday's Games

Detroit 110, Los Angeles 107 (Bing 5, Rowe 22; Goodrich, Price 21, Smith 8). Seattle 196. Phoenix 97 (Haywood 27, Dx 13; Malchioni 20, Baninn; Scott 15).

Golden State \$9, Portland \$7 (Barry 34, Johnson 16: Wiets 27, Johnson, Watton 15: Charley Johnson's jumper with 1 second left wins game, Boston 116, Atlanta 109 (Havheet M. Siles 21: Hudson 36, Brown 16: Honston 110, Philedelphin 85 (Tomichowich 21, Riley 16; Boyd 12, Collins 15).

151.
Washington 111. Milwaukee 95
(Chemier 29, Rayes 21: Allen 21, Thompson 19).
Kansas City-Omaha 112. Chicago e1
(J. Walker 20, Archibald 15; Wilson 18, Thurmond 17) Baturday's Cames

Golden Gata 165, Detrois 164 (Barry 34, Beard 16; Bing 26, Lamier 21) Butch Seard's layup with 15 seconds left wins game.

Buffalo 195, Chicago 104 (Meadon 41, BlGregorio 25: Sloan 24, Wolker 21) Former Chicago gnard Bob Weiss wine game with two free throws with 2 ceonds left. Washington 101, Milwaukee 95 (Hayes

31, Riordan 25; Alien 28, Hestani 141. New York 97, Boston 86 (Frazier 26, Monroe 28; Havileck 25, Clyde 16). Cleveland 90, New Orleans 85 (Carr 23, Walk 12; Barnett 30, Green 16).

a 41-yard field goal with 9 seconds left to give the Lions B 19-17 victory over Green Bay. The winning field goal came less than two minutes after Green Bay linebacker Ted Hendricks blocked Mann's try from the 27. But the Packers were held on downs and forced to punt, giving the Lions the ball on their own 41, where the winning drive began.

TD With 3 Seconds Left

Pats Beat Vikings

On Plunkett's Pass

BLOOMINGTON, Minn., Oct. 27 (UPI) — Jim Plunkett hit tight-

end Bob Windsor with B 10-yard

touchdown pass with 3 seconds

left in the game today to give the New England Patriots s 17-14

victory over the Minnesota

Plunkett's second touchdown

pass of the game spoiled a fourth-quarter rally in which the Vikings

came from a 10-0 deficit to take

the lead. Quarterback Fran Tar-

kenton capped the comeback by

racing three yards around left end for B touchdown with 1 min-

ute 25 seconds to go to put the

The Patriots then went 86 yards in seven plays to raise their won-

lost record to 6-1. The loss drop-

Saints 14, Eagles 10

At New Orleans, Jess Phillips slammed off left tackle with 1:14

left to give the Saints a 14-10

Phillips' touchdown dive was set

up by a 26-yard pass from Archie

Manning to rookie tight-end Paul

Seale and capped a 78-yard drive

Cards 23, Redskins 20

Wehrli ran back B pass intercep-

tion 53 yards for another score

to lead the Cardinals to their

seventh straight victory, 23-20,

sen brought Washington back

from 16 points behind to within

three twice in the second half.

in the game, be hit Larry Brown

with a 13-yard tonchdown pass

to make it 23-20, but St. Louis

used a ground game to use up

the clock and remain the only

unbeaten team in the National

Oilers 34, Bengals 21

Elvin Bethea picked up a fumble

in the fourth quarter and lumber-

ed 38 yards for a touchdown and

Dan Pastorini then hit Billy

Parks with a 35-yard touchdown

pass to seal Houston's 34-21 upset

The Oilers, a 17-point under-

dog, had piled up a 20-7 lead be-

fore linebacker Steve Kiner hit

Bengals quarterback Ken Ander-

son with 13:54 remaining and

forced a fumble, Bethea, 6-2, 250,

scooped up the ball and ran 38

yards for the first touchdown of

The victory was only the second

in seven games for Houston, while

Cincinnati's record slipped to 4-3.

Lions 19, Packers 17

his career and the game's win-

victory over the Bengals.

At Cincinnati, defensive end

Football League,

With more than six minutes left

over Washington, Sonny Jurgen-

At St. Louis, Jim Hart threw

o touchdown passes and Roger

victory over Philadelphia.

that took just six plays.

Vikings ahead, 14-10.

ped the Vikings to 5-2.

Vikings,

Browns 23, Broncos 21

At Cleveland, second-string quarterback Brian Slpe scored his second touchdown of the game with 1:56 to play to give the Browns B 23-21 upset victory over Denver. With one yard to go at the two-minute warning. Sipe tried to go through the middle, then swung right when the bole closed for the winning touch-

Dolphins 17, Colts 7

At Miami, Don Nottingham, subbing for injured Larry Csonka. went around right end on a twoyard touchdown run with 3 minutes 30 seconds left in the third period to revive the Doloffense for B 17-7 victory over Baltimore.

Until the 5-foot-10-incb Nottingham, called the "bowling ball," scored against his former teammates, the once-feared Miami attack could do little. After Nottingham's scorer, the Dolphins came right back in the final period with a 79-yard march in nine playe, with rookie Benny Malone breaking loose on B 23yard scoring run.

Miami led, 3-0, at the end of the half on B Garo Yepremian 23-yard field goal two and onehalf minutes into the second period. But other drives were thwarted by two penalties, Mike Curtis's theft of a Bob Griese pass and Csonka fumbling the ball to linebacker Dan Dickel. The blg fullback sprained an ankle on the play and limped out of the ball-

Minmi held the Colts outside their 20-yard line in the first half but gave them a thirdperiod touchdown when Nottingham fumbled and Fred Cock recovered at the Miami 11. From there, Don McCauley flipped a halfback pass to Glenn Doughty for the tonchdown with 6:13 left in the third quarter.

Cowboys 21, Giants 7

At New Haven, Conn., widereceiver Drew Pearson caught a pass for a touchdown and, as the middle man in a "flea-flicker play," threw for another to lead Dallas to a 21-7 victory over the New York Giants.

Pearson made a juggling catch At Detroit, Errol Mann booted of a 32-vard pass from Roger Staubach for the Cowboys' second touchdown, late in the second quarter, and then teamed up with Staubach and Golden Richards for the Cowboys' third

TD in the third quarter. The Giants cut the Cowboys' lead to 14-7 midway through the third quarter when defensive end Roy Hilton rambled 71 yards after recovering a fumble Cowboy workhorse Calvin Hill, who carried the ball 22 times for

71 yards. However, on the Cowboys' next series, Dallas started on its own 42 and moved to the Giant 46 when Staubach threw B laterBi to Pearson in the flat and the two-year veteran from Tulsa then lofted a 30-yard pass to Richards. who was ten yards behind the Glant secondary and continued unmolested into the endrone.

Rams 20, Jets 13 At New York, Charlie Stukes returned an interception 41 yards to the one and Lawrence Mc-Cutcheon then blasted over for his second touchdown in the fourth quarter to rally Los Angeles to a 20-13 victory over the

On the second play after Los Angeles tied the score at 13-13, Stukes picked off Joe Namath's pass intended for Jerome Bar-kum and sped down the left sideline before being piled up at the one. McCutcheon, who did not bave a rushing touchdown this season, drove over left tackle on the next play to lift the Rams abead for the first time since the second period.

Bills 16. Bears 6 At Orchard Park, N.Y., Larry Watkins rushed one yard for B touchdown in the first quarter and John Leypoldt booted three field goals to lead Buffalo to its fifth victory in B row, beating Chicago, 16-6. The Bills, tied for first place in the American Conference East going into the game, took a 10-0 first-quarter lead, then beld on to win their sixth game against only one loss this season. The Bears are now

British Women Overwhelm U.S. In Wightman Cup

DEESIDE, Wales, Oct. 27 (UP1). Britain's tennis giris won two of yesterday's three matches to finish with B 6-1 victory over the United States in their annual Wightman Cup match.
This was britain's best perfor-

mance in the last 50 years of this competition. The United States had won 38 of the previous 45 contests and held the trophy since

Britain, holding s winning 4-0 lead after the first two days, Bppeared on the way to a sweep by taking yesterday's opening two singles matches.

ipaldi Winsa Race of Champions

DE, Calif., Oct. 27 ld driving champion ttipaldi of Brazil yesthe wreck-marred of the \$200,000 intertace of Champions

ison, an American car reated and released ide Community Hosaly casualty of a pileeconds after the race

ar was demolished, as driven by 1974 nang champion Bobby τ escaped injury and kup car in the race. ace went to George American road racing third to five-time napion A. J. Foyt. s matches 12 world

s in identically-pre-

roict Camaro coupes. st month.

uled for Daytona Beach, Fla., in the first outing in Pebruary. Fittipaldi now leads the standings with 27 points; Follmer and Pearson have 26 cach. l race in the four-wlli be beld bere to-Fittipaldi, who captured his

Loses in Australian Golf

ionstrators Upset Player

fed Ball won his sect Wills Masters golf at the Australian oday, depriving South y Player of his 98th victory after what ribed as "the most nditions I have ever theid demonstrators

reir campaign against old South African tong slogsns like "Raat him as be batc lead. He finished some demonstrations ayer in yesterday's —in which he took a

uad for Sale), Oct. 27 (AP).— go Accs of World

is announced Priday anchise is up for sale tions are under way al interested groups. rew poorly in WIT's cason this year.

Oct. 27 (Reuters).- one-stroke lead-police today removed several people from tha course who had become involved in scuffles with spectators and course officials.

Ball fired a 2-under par 70 for

Emerson Fittipaldi

day, with the fourth heat sched-

... in front again.

a 281 total to defeat Player and Australian Ian Stanley by two Player said yesterday that he

was extremely upset by the pro-testers. "What they were saying was just untrue. They have been fed a lot of lies about South Airica. They don't know what they are talking about," Player

Sucad Leads

PINEHURST, N.C., Oct. 27 (AP),—Sam Snead survived what he called "a lousy round of golf" resterday to add a stroke to his lead as he shot a third-round par 73 for a 213 total in the PGA

club pro championship. Snead, 62, was two shots ahead of Roger Watson and Bob Benson, the first-round leader, going into the final round of the \$110,-000 tournament.

second Formula One world driving title this year, started seventh on the grid and gradually worked his way through the field as stock car driver David Pearson and Sonth African Jody Scheckter alternated in leading the race.

The 27-year-old Brazilian drove past leader Pearson on the 22d lap around the 2.54-mile Riverside International Raceway road course and won the 30-lap event with room to spare.

Finishing behind Fittipaldi, Follmer and Foyt, in order, were Pearson, Richard Petty, Scheckter, Ronnie Peterson, Cale Yarborough, Johnny Rutherford, Graham Hill and Unser.

Fittipaldi drove the 87.5 miles at an average speed of 99.297 miles an hour.

The start was delayed more than two hours, first by foul weather that kept the raceway closed earlier in the day, and then by the first-lap wreck that involved six cars.

The pileup occurred seconds after the 12 loosely-bunched cars received the green starting flag. Several of the cars got together in the narrow entrance to the first turn, about 100 yards past the start-finish line. Allison and Unser, who had started near the back of the field, were in the

middle of it. Allison's car left the ground after colliding with the outside guard rail. It landed on its wheels badly mangled Allison, national driver of the year in 1972, climb-ed out unaided but sprawled on the groud until an ambulance

arrived. A hospital source said extensive X-raye revealed no injuries. The driver got back to the track in time to watch the finish and promised he would be back in the lineup today.

Brazilian Wins Sprint RIO DE JANEIRO, Oct. 27

(AP).—Ruy Pereira da Silva of Brazil won the 200-meter sprint yesterday, the second day of the international track meet in Rio's new stadium. Da Silva clocked 21.1 seconds and came in ahead of Karl Zont of West Germany and Maurice People of the

Flyers, Seals Hit Penalty Record In NHL Action

ing in eight ejections.

A National Hockey League record of 232 minutes in penalties was called in the contest as the old enemies exploded in their worst fight yet. Only players, and not fans, were involved. The old penalty record of 204

minutes was set by Toronto st Montreal in 1953. through the third period when the Flyers' Don Saleski and

cleared and order was not restored until 40 minutes later.

DONACASTER, England, Oct. 27 (UPI).—Green Dancer, owned

The 7-2 second choice overhauled 100-30 favorite No Alimony inside the final furiong to win

No Alimony, ridden by Pat Eddery, was third.

Pirates Ask Waivers

minute 42 seconds of the round.
Cervantes, 28, making his eighth defense uf the title, floored the Japanese boxer eight times before the knocknut e! Tokyo's Nihon University Audionium. The Colombian entered the ring n elear favorité to heid on to the orown he won from Panamarian Alfonto (Papparaini) Pracer in Panama City in 16th-round imockeut on Oct. 23, 1672. Priday they asked waivers on catcher Mike Ryan to give him his unconditional release. The Pirates said they have offered Ryan, 33, a managing job in their minor league system. Ryan has not yet decided if he will

Observer

Acute Pointlessness

By Russell Baker

brains, roll down your socks and let's play "campaign," the game that asks the question: Is anything really going on here, and if so how can you tell?

Today's contestants are playing for a New York seat in the United States

Senate. On my left is the barefoot boy from Texas, Ramsey Clark. Say "howdy," Ramsey.

"Howdy, y'all." And on my other left, a gen-uine New Yorker who has never mugged, Jack Javits. What accounts for your

mugged-free record, Jack? "For the past 37 years I have been in Washington talking to the United States Senate. Under Senate rules the mugging of senators is out of order on the

You really know those Senate rules, Jack. As you have said repeatedly in this game, New York cannot afford a senator who doesn't know the rules at this astoundingly crucial moment in the tide in the affairs of men which, taken at its flood, can give the entire nation a pretty good eyewash. How do you counter Jack's move to sew up the big

"Howdy, y'all."

I didn't tell you to say "how dy" again, Ramsey. I asked how you planned to counter ...

"Ah'm counterin' it by sayin' 'howdy.' Ain't many things a man can say in this world more honest than 'howdy,' and Ah'm sayin' it right now. Howdy, East Side. Howdy, West Side. Howdy, all around the town."

What a move, Ramsey! Honesty The most novel idea to hit New York since Stuyvesant swindled the Indians. What is your next move, Jack? Do you think honesty is too radical a concept for New York?

"I want every voter to know

Bordeaux Trial Opens Today in Wine Scandal

BORDEAUX, Oct. 27 (AP).— France's wine- scandal trial opens here tomorrow with 18 defendants charged in frauds involving the most prestigious and expensive French wines,

The charges include mislaheling cheap wines with top-class Bordeaux names such as St. Emilion, Pomerol and Médoc, and using chemicals illegally to upgrade wine good only for vinegar.

The frauds vere discovered in mid-1973, at the height of the Bordeaux boom when prices doubled and tripled over previous years, and which has since become a bust as the scandal sapped confidence.

PLACE YOUR CLASSIFIED AD

OR ENTER YOUR

SUBSCRIPTION

at our office nearest you

AUSTRIA: Mr. McKim White, Bankgasse 8, Rm 215, Vienna 1 (701.; 65-84-8.)
ERLGIUM: Mr Bill Finnarty, 73
Eug Lebeau, 1000 - Brussels
(721. 627-34-2.)
ERITISB ISLES, SCANDINAVIA:
Comiant: Paris Office for subscriptions. For advertising only contact: Jeanette Dulleu, 181. T. 28 Great Queen Street, London, WCZ. (721. 26 5593.)
GERMANY: Contact: Paris Office for subscriptions For advertising only contact: Miss Caspari, 181. T. Grosse Exchenicings
Strasse 43. t. Frankfurt-Main (721.) 22 38 78 Telex: 416721
BHT D., GREECE, FURREY. YUGOSLA-

BET D.; GREECE, TUEREY. YUGOSLA-VIA, ISRAEL: Mr 'ean-Claude Rennesson, Pindarou 36, Athens. (Tel.: 618-397.) (TALY: Mr. antonto Sambrotta, 55 Via della Mercode, 00187 Rome, (Tel.: 678 24-37.)

Gralf Mr. antonto Sambrotta. 55 Via della Mercode, 60187 Scome. (Tel.; 678 34-37.) MIDDLE SAFT: Mr. 4afeek G. Shaheen, P.O. Hox 155,178. Scirut, Lobanon. Tel.; 347 764. 20 GOCCIO: Mr. R. A. Sagel, 2 Enc Murdoch, Casablanca. Tel.; 73-5,85 or 22.00,98 NETHERLANDS: Mr. A. Tresing, Den B. (elektrast 12, Amsterdam 1015. (Tel.: 020-225585) Telex: 13441.)

Den Ritelstraat 12, Amsterdam 1015 (Thel: C20-23555) Telen: 12441 (Thel: C20-23555) Telen: 12441 (Thel: C20-23555) Telen: 12441 (Thel: C20-23555) Telen: 25 Run das Japaisa Verdes, Liston (Thel. 67278) & 602741 (These Concert of Valle de Suciol. 7-3- Madrid ID (Thel. 47.44.00.) SWITZELLAND II Televrice (Theorice Capacité (Place Concert of Circula Concert (Thele C20-235-10) Televrice (Thele C

* Classified Ads

AMERICA CALLING

MESSAGER, October 25
AVSOLEB IDNOTAB NWT10FS
ESSOSED JLCOGCS EWEDLES
ESCOTOR KWN05AG TNTMAC
HECOGEW RISTORE WEDGLE

BEGOTLE LITYOURA REMOCE SIZOUS HPJ02HB REMOCE TFLIOVL

AMIGOS MIOS: NOW is the time to come to NUEVA ANDALUCIA, the coller's and yachtsman's paradise in harbeila. Spain's Costa del Soil. Marina for 1,000 bosts. 3 golf courses, beachs, tennis Port, beach and colf homes. All modern appliances, parking, berraces, pools Prom \$17,500 cash discount. Syyear payment. Rentals. Herst Fronto! PEGGY DONOVAN. NUEVA ANDALUCIA. Monte Esquines. 4, Madrid 4, Spain. Tel.: 419,37,00. CELIA CHADWICE in Marbella Sales Office, T.; 811140.

MESSAGES, OCT. 26

* Subscriptions

W/ASHINGTON.—Turn off your that I not only endorse hon-Wow! This is dynamite, folks! . But that I also wear socks.

> This is something, folks. Really, something! Jack has taken the gloves off and shown us he has socks on. He's playing rough,

And not only socks. I also wear

"Howdy, Syracuse. Mowdy,

Utics." Ramsey! Jack has moved decisively to setze the big covered-feet vote. How do you, as the barefoot boy from Texas, plan to block Jack's daring move, particularly in view of the fact that under Senate rules it is out of order for a member to address the Senate in bare feet?

"Ah'm proud of my bare feet. Those bare feet are a badge of honesty. They prove to Buffalo and Gloversville and Pelham and Staten Island that no fat cats like Rockefeller can buy Ramsey with shoe-and-sock money."

Ingenious, Ramsey. Jack will have to do some heavy undressing to overcome that tremendous gain you've just scored with the anti-fat-cat bloc. "Howdy, Bronz. Howdy there,

Mulberry Street." Jack, how are you going to regain the confidence of the voters who want evidence of your poverty to support their absurd belief that poverty means hon-

"Under the rules of the Senate. poverty is out of order. In order to conduct New York's business there as effectively as possible, I agreed to sacrifice a small part of \$15,000 contribution from Nelson Rockefeller to buy socks. Those socks-and I want everyone here to see this, so I'm holding them up—here they are, ladies and gentlemen—those socks are full

Holey socks! The mark of the true pauper who is, nevertbeless, too proud, too worthy and dignified to walk into the Senate without any socks at all on! Is there any way you can possibly counter this dramatic coup of Jack's

"Howdy, Harlem. Brooklyn Heights." Does that mean, Ramsey, that

you are ready to make the most daring move of all and discuss issues confronting America? "Howdy, Coxackie."

How about you, Jack? Do you want to risk everything by turning our attention to an issue of importance? "I came here to play a game, not talk shop." "Howdy, Schnectady."

Correction

In the IHT of last Wednesday, the Observer column wrongly ascribed the authorship of "Guidelines for Equal Treatment of the Sexes in McGraw-Hill Publications" to 'Timothy Yohn. In fact, the document was the work of a dozen men and women emogies to them all.

PERSONALS

JOHN R. MAY: Call home, Dallas, Texas, 214-327-6914.

SHOPPING

TABAC RHEIN TOBACCONIST

at 1 Rue du Mont-Blanc, GENEVA Phone: 3297 64.

BEAT THE POSTAL STRIKE. Cour-rier to England, once cally. Mon-day onwards. Paris: 238-21-84. TAX PROBLEMS: Will any exper-please contact advartaser. Tel.

BOOKS

AMERICAN OISCOUNT book center Lowest prices in Amsterdam.

You have a date with us

TO SPEAK FRENCH!

TO SPLAN FRANCE

"Render-yous en France"
in aedievisual course with the
call user of the trial
PARIS: ELINES LANCOUS
21 Rue CL-Marot (8e)
25-86-11.

SUBURB: OUEST LANGUES
Vaucrenson, 2 Rus Ambriet,
970-10-09,
Boulogne, Pons de Sèvres,
61 Avenue du Général-Leclore.
223-89-21.

FRÊNCH LESSONS & Conversation quick method. Paris: 633-71-81.

USED AMÉRICAN CARS FOR SALE. Late model, low mileage, any make Wholesale priced Export Autos. 1473 Jerome Ave., Broaz, N.Y.

OLLS ROYCE 1971, left hand drive. Scychelles blue/silver, under 5,000 kms. See at Paris. Offers wanted. Tel.: Paris, 335-11-01.

1921 DELAGE, straight 8 coupe by Pigoni and Palaschi, running order \$9,000. Nice (093) 06 50 72.

OFEL & GM
and other leading makes.
Worldwide delivery Registration &
delivery from same day on.
ICZKOVITS.
Clavidensis: 38, CH-9037 ZURIOR
Tel.: 25-76-10. Teles: 53444.

ALCI. TAX-FEER CAES,
All European makes with European-Canadian and U.S. specs. The
shortest delivery in Europe Rus
Bonneds, 15, 1049-Erussela, Tel.:
219-30-53 Teler: Amicar 25734.

BOOMERANG MOTORS ATHENS. Tay-free cars Exporters. Factory prices. 129 Vas. Sophias, Athens 512. Tel.: 6438516. Telez: 21-4774.



Mosaic picture, pieced together from hundreds of underwater closeup photographs, shows remains of the Monitor.

Pictorial Proof: It Really Is the Monitor

By Ken Ringle

WASHINGTON (WP).—The U.S. Navy has made public the first complete pictures of the wreck of the ironclad U.S.S. Monitor, which was found last year off North Carolina's Cape Hatteras 111 years after it dis-appeared in a New Year's Eve gale in the midst of the Civil

The pictures show the growthencrusted wreckage of the famed "Cheesebox on a Raft" overturned on the ocean bottom under 220 feet of water, its hull broken in many places, its distinctive round turret askew be-

The mossic portrait of the wreck was compiled by the Navy from hundreds of pictures taken last April from the research vessel Alcoa Seaprobe that hovered over the sunken vessel for several days photo-graphing it with sophisticated underwater cameras.

The expedition confirmed the initial discovery of the Monitor intendent of the Duke University oceanographic program. Carolina state archaeologist. Watts and Newton found the wreck in August, 1973, and rephotographs and murky tele-vision tape that appeared to

show some features of the long-lost ironclad. After months of study, Watts and Newton realized that the ship they were viewing was unside down.

For the return voyage to the site last April, William J. Anda-hasy, of the Naval Research and Development Center in Annapolis, prepared a sketch to show the Mozitor as it should appear in the configuration claimed by Newton and Watta By comparing the Scaprobe's

photographs with Andahasy's sketch and detailed Civil War blueprints of the vessel, the team was able to confirm the wreck's identity as that of the

the Monitor at the water line as protection against ramming They also show part of the vessel's propeller and skeg keel and its bow portion which is

Much of the vessel's hull, however, has been staved in and broken, possibly by the action of depth charges dropped during World War II on sonar contact with what were thought to be German U-boats hiding off Cape Hatteras. Efforts are now under way by the Interior Department to make the Monitor wreck site

third-place winner for saving the life of 7-year-old Raymond Sump-ter of Saratoga Springs, N.Y., who had fallen through the ice. In Messins, Sicily, a gerbe person has found a giant mush-room weighing nine kilos while

a long time."

its fangs.

was breaking camp, after a week-

Another comper shot the snake.

Skippy received a rattlesnake an-

ti-venom shot and was placed in

intensive care. Three days later,

Two other dogs, Rex and Joe, have also received awards for their fests. They, too, are mixed

Rex, who according to his owner, 14-year-old Angels Jones

of Davenport, Iowa, is "mostly terrier," was credited with find-ing a 2-year-old boy trapped in a garbage pail. Joe was named

he was able to go home.

end outing near Santa Ans.

Archishop Felion Sheen, at age 79, says he never will retire. "When I go to Heaven, I'll rest a day or two and then ask the good Lord to send me back," he said during a lecture in Indian-

walking in the woods. Experts said

The archbishop spoke on changing attitudes toward love and said Sigmund Freud "changed the Greek meaning of eros to erotic and now the fig leaf which once was over the secret parts of man and woman is over the face." "When true concern for eros

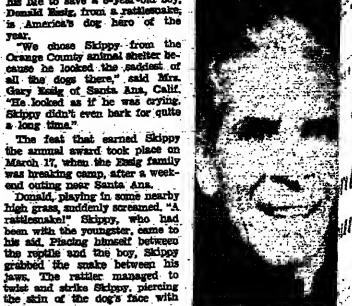
vanishes, it becomes a case of when the experience, the tarill, is gone, love is gone," he added. "This has developed into pornography, the abstract use of something for which the con-crete use has been forgotion. Pornography has taken over the ides of love, instead of marriage and the raising of children."

In Hanover, N.H., a book that was 67 years overdue at the Dartmouth College Library has been

A New Hampshire woman discovered the book, "John Bright on America," among the belong-ings of her late husband's father. The book, written by Bright, a 19th-century British orator and statesman, has 106 years.

Even a slow reader, therefore,

Mixed-Breed Skippy U.S. Dog of the Year A mixed-breed dog that risked his life to save a 6-year-old boy. Donald Essig, from a rathescale, is America's dog hero of the



Fulton Sheen

could get through it bands

67 years, pacing himself we reading one page every 231 a library spokesman said. in raging demand. It was be ed once previous to the 190 date—in February, 1902," he If late fines had been as they would have totaled \$12 The spokesman said the has been recatalogued an back on the library shelves ing for its third borrower,

A 19-year-old Polish gig been awarded 6,000 zlotys (a ly 33,100) by a Warsaw ; which said that a local fit had been negligent. The was sitting in the seventh watching a performance beavant-garde theater group. Sajiki, when an actor league to her lap. In the backs auditorium, the maked began testing at her ave and bra, the court was of the performance. The was later treated for shock.

Betty Ford resumed her as White House hosters W day night when she and dent Ford gave a farewell d party for Brig. Gen. Alon Halg jr., who after serving presidents as White House of staff, has returned to dity he becomes command Affect Forces in Europe on I. It was Mrs. Fort's social event since bit in my on Sept. 28.

Sounkman Myel Male tour Jepen next spring and jump Mount Puji in his Ski Papanesa promoter 190e has amounced, Top Rank the firm which promoted I vers much ballyhoose but u conful attempt to jump & River Canyon in Ideho in tember, will coordinate Km arrangements for closed-o TV appearances in Japan. him he would tackle Pull. were technically feasible.

-SAMORL JUST

ext. 6535, afternoon.
EMPERIENCED MERNS ST.
Emelish, speaking Italian,
position, Paris. Cal: 254-51

BAPID TYPEST Dictaphone.

English, French, secks jo 6 hours daily. Cell: 604-39-20.

YOUNG MALE graduate, do a take anything legal, go as Box 9,780, H.T., 28 Great St., London, WC2B 58B

A Study of Backgrounds of German Murderesses

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

BUSINESS

SHARE

PARIS AREA FURNISHED

STAYING IN PARIS

Be at home with a furnished His class apartment while dwner; absent Minimum rental, I month Also fists & houses for sale. IFVER: UEBES, Paris (3e). Tel.: 622-46-30, 324-43-70

16th, TROCADERO

PANORAMIC VIEW lendid double living + 2 bed mas kitchen, bath, phone, carpet carlous design furniture. Price Fr. 3,500 ngt. — 526-11-34

MARAIS IN 19th CENTURY flat, quiet sud comfortable, 1 fed-room, 1 salon + dining, beardful maids room, Fr. 2,500 net. Call: 387-32-59, rectning.

CEUILLY: Small house, 6 rooms garden, garage, on 3 floors. Fr. 5,000 MONOSAU: 5 rooms. Fr. 3,000. VIC TOR-HUGO: 6 rooms. Fr. 4,500 Tel.: 346-60-60 or 260-38-89.

JUNEARIBOURG: Figh class building incury studio, all comfort, impec-cable. Price: Fr. 1,000 + charges Call: 267-55-71.

GEULLY: INKERMAN: In private mansion. Luxury double living. 60 sq.m. all comfort, phone. Price; Pr. 1,600. — 637-45-71.

CONCORDE, & S. Cambon, 299-38-39 Rooms, studios, private shower carper, phone, service included From daily Fr. 40.

QUAI D'ANJOU: Artist's studio | bed room, luxuriously furnished, phone Fr. 2,250, charges incl. 520-29-82

BY OWNER: 42 Ave. Fosh, moder studio, phone, bath, kitchen. Price

NEUILLY: Studio, high class, phone

PARIS AREA UNFURRISHED

American Advisory Service YOUR real-estate agent in Paris 7 Avenue Grande-Armée. — 727-13-29.

6th: 7 ROOMS, high class, all comfort, newly redecorated, telephone, 200 sq.m. Fr. 0,000 + charges Call: 267-17-47.

CAU: 207-17-47.

SREE HUMAN BEING to the apartment, BOULOGHTE, All to fort with telephone. Call: GLASER, 285-45-80.

AVE. VICTOE-HUGO (Etoile):

Drawing, by William J. Andahazy, shows original outline of ship from the same perspective as that of the mosale.

BONN (UPI).—A woman professor of forensic medicine at University of Dusseldorf went into a number of West German women's prisons to stu-dy the background of mur-

Elisabeth Trube-Becker's find-ings are published in a book called "Women Who Murder," "The man is usually the center of any investigation into crimi-

nality," Mrs. Trube-Becker said. "References to women as criminals are usually incorrect or unobjective." Mrs. Trube-Becker published these findings;

• Women are able to murder mon belief that women prefer life.

CAR SHIPPING

CAES — IMPEX
are the shipping specialists
Household effects foo.
Quotations without obligation.
IMPEX SHIPPING LID.
North Side, Royal Victoria Dock,
London E.16.
Tel.: 81-474-21-61. Telex: 887117.

TRANSCAR SHIPPING, 10 R. Pergo lese. Paris-16e. Tel.: 701-42-84/92-59

MOVING

NTERNATIONAL MOVERS, Specialists of the Door-to-Door Con-tainerized service by surface and by air. TEDI, 124 Avenue Emile-Loia. Paris-15e, Tel.: 578-98-89.

FOR SALE & WANTED

DIAMONDS

BUY DIAMONDS

At Delow wholesate prices han and diamond center of the world. Quality diamonds guaranteed by certificate. Compare our prices first write for free brochung or visit as.

INTERNATIONAL DIAMOND SALES, Diamond Source. 31 Sevenierstrast.

2000 ANIWERP, EELGIUM.

Tel.: UKI-51.92.95.

DIAMONDS

ne diamonds in any price use at lowest wholesale out direct from Antwerp Full Guarantee, i free price list write; Josehim Geidenstein, Diamontexpert,

Diamantexpert, P.O. Box 84, 2000 Antwerp, Belgium. Tel.: 21-32,26,69.

HOTELS-RESTAURANTS

NIGHT CLUBS

PARIS—UNION HetelskickNN 44 R.
Hamelin (Ave Kleber) 1, 3, 3room flate baths, kitchen 553-14-95.
PARIS—EIFFEL ELYSEES Hötel, 3 Bd
Grandle 578-14-31. River view, Free
parking. Dbie/bath, 518, Quad. \$25.

AMSTERDAM Hons Brinker's Low Budget Hotel. Centre of city. Prices: Dfl. 11-48 bed and break-rast, Stay 7 pay 5 days! Kark-strast 136. Phone: 030-230687.

· Women often see no solution to their problems other than murder because of lack of · Victims are usually family

members, primarily busbands and · Murderesses in Germany are often given longer prison terms

A 38-year-old who smashed her husband's skull told the court she could no longer stand living with him. He frequently beat her and kept her pregnant. She had had seven children and eight miscarriages. The woman— Mrs. Trube-Becker did not reveal

HOTELS-RESTAURANTS

PORTUGAL

ALBUFETRA ALGAEVE HOTEL D. RALAIA & K.A. Also conference facilities. Telex: 18298 Balais-E

HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL

YOUR OWN BLUE LAGOON at Har-ry's Bar, Falkenturnst, 9, Munich

LOW COST FLIGHTS

The International Herald Tribs counct wouch for the reliability of the low cost flights abortised below.

WORLDWIDE JET FLIGHTS

S.A. 1st floor, 87 Begent St., ndom, W.1. Telephone; 724-294/5/6 iseregracht 831 Amsterdam 25711.

NORTH AMERICAN TRAVEL CLUB Worldwide economy Tights. Bokin 34. AMSTERDAM, T: 250253. 16 Oxendoc 8t., London SWI, 980-7707

WHEN FLYING contact Miss Ingri-Wehr for low cost fares to U.S.A. Australis, Africa and Far Rast in scheduled carrier Also selected destinations of Europe, Mayfal Travel (Airline Agent), 31-32 Hay market, London, S.W.L. Tal., O. 539 1591 44 lines: teles: 516197.

AR KAST. 238; AUSTRALIA. 5198; New York. 2395; India/Africa. CNA 70 Old Brompton Ed. London S.W.7 Tel.: \$81-1956

ECONOMICAL FLIGHTS to various destinations. Contact: East West Travel 38 E. de Lisbonne. Paris-Se. Tel.: 523-82-10. 287-58-62.

BUSINESS

OPPORTUNITIES

FUNDS REQUESTED IN UNITS of \$5,000 for 3-4-year investments. Clients respond to Mr. Campbell, Taghraundarvaj 4, 2400 Copen-

husband's death, she said, because he kept telling her of his mistresses. The crime went un-solved and the woman went to live with her lover. After nine years, the lover confessed to police that he bowed to the woman's demands and shot the husband. He was sentenced to five years' imprisonment and pardoned after one year. She got life.

Of the 36 women interviewed by Mrs. Trube-Becker, 32 beat their husbands to death-using hammers, bare hands, bricks, lamps and even a mop -15 killed by strangulation, three drowned their victims, two used children die of starvation. Others are always forgotten."

In her book, Mrs. Trube-Becker called for better educa-

tion. Most of the murderesses she interviewed had little schooling and had married men of little intellect who generally were aggressive and abusive. After women have served their

sentences, Mrs. Trube-Becker sald, they can find no place in society. Their families reject them and, because they have no training, they are unable to find

While men's prisons have job training, women's institutions offer virtually none, she said.

SPAIN

COSTA DEL SOL.

Phally after years of perseveran
iy friends, guests and club membe
the famous Marbella Club is makithe famous Marbella Club is makithe famous Marbella Club is makithe famous Marbella Club is makito frame come true for many. Vtra now building in our grounds
new APART-HOTEL-VILLAGE
(OPENING JULY, 1975).

REAL ESTATE TO LET. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

SHARE

PARIS AREA UNPURNISHRI

Fr. 3.500. — 954-36-49.

ENVALIDES: New, double living, 2 befreens, 139 sq.m., all confort, phone, parking. Fr. 5.500, 552-51-55.

INCILLAZ, MAURICE-RARRES: Spicadd 150 sq.m. maid's room, garage.

255-50-60 dc 250-38-59.

16th: Enradious new studio, parking. Fr. 1.500 net. — 350-35-37.

INCILLAZY (26018): Magnificent new 0/8-bedroom flat. — 350-14-34

FRENCH PROVINCES

FENTON: Modern studio, SEA PRONT. Pantastic view. \$39 month ly. No Agency. Paris: 252-07-69, a.m.

GREAT BRITAIN

and houses comple the Special PHILIPS KAY AND LEWIS-01-629-5811.

KOLLAND

ABSTERDAM RENTHOUSE INTER-NAT for 1st cl. secommodation and offices. 163 Amsteldik. Tel.: 000-448751 (4 lines), A-1 references.

NTL BOUSING SERVICE, For the hest furnished houses & flat Amsterdam, Tel.: 020-729332/725849

NEW YORK SUBLET Jan. It to Apr.

16, 1975, lovely owner-furnished flat
overholding Central Park. Stanhope Hotel, Hving-room, small kitchen, large bedroom. Pull maid
service. \$1,500 a month. Box 11,182.
Herald, Paris.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

PARIS AND SUBURBS

EUR DE L'ODEON: charm, Left Bank, clegant reception 69 sq.m., d sq.m., 3 bedrooms, elevator. Call: 683-29-17.

SAINT-CLOUD: Exceptional view, very insurious apartment, 100 sd.m., double living + 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 parkings. Call: 692-67-12.

The AVE. BOSQUET: Become 3/4-

7th. AVE. BOSQUET: Revent 3/4
room spartment, 140 sq m., on high
floor, parking maid's room Call:
538-92-19
HLE ST-LOUIS: Original sumptions
dupler: 130 sq.m., beams, fireplace,
"sometic" tiles, phone, terrace,
Justified high price. — 583-92-19.
HERER MARTIN: 5/6 rooms, high
class, sunny. — 975-82-88.

GBEAT EBITAIN

CENTRAL LONDON LUXURIOUS 1-

room garden flat. £12,500. 22 year lease at £10 per year. Phone: (01)289,1973:

SHINGTON, D.C. Alex

PERSONNEL WANTED SITUATIONS WANT GOOD LOOKING guys and gale have fun and earn \$1,000 by Christmas as a product demon-Architecturs. DPLG.

Roglish & German, seeks ps
job in architectural office in
Call: 325-67-81. Christmas as a product demonstrator in American FES (relati stores) Europe. Send resume and photo to: Box 11,157, Herald, Paris. ENGLISH SECRETARY, 26, training french/German, soebs position. Carl. Paris, 50 cat. 0526, afternoon. AMERICAN FIRM IN PARES to looking for a qualified Telex operator with work permit. English language essential. Call: 720-12-11. Mr. Schrantz.

URGENT: Lew firm seeks bilingual typist/general office work 2 p.m. 9 p.m. Perfect knowledge \ of English required. Paris: 742-05-99. Englian required. Paris: 742-05-98.
FILM AND PROTOGRAPHY AGENCY
requires models for photographic
fishion and film work, fee or commission. Paris: 722-30-57, 8:30-8:30
p.m. MERICAN COLLEGE in German

DOMESTIC SITUAT STUATIONS WANTE

FRENCH/AMERICAN YARD quires a namy to take two small children. Te LEGT TO PARIS, 244-28-3 WANTED URGENTLY PAR au-pair to help young con heby. — Call: 567-53-01.

Be a NEW SUBSCRIBER and

Save up to 46% of the newsstand pr (depending on your country of residence)

Libya (a)r) S 77.50
Madagescar (a)r) S 47.50
Mactico (a)r) S 47.50
Nigeria (a)r) S 47.50
Parkistan (a)r) S 49.50
Persian Guff (a)r) S 49.50
Saodi Arabia (a)r) S 7.50
Sierra Leono (a)r) S 49.50
Sierra Leono (a)r) S 49.50

Contact: Marbella Club Hotel. J.L. Anton Marbella, Spain. 323593. Telex: 7/819. COSTA DEL SOL: Marvellous small Spanish villa, best situation see and south side. Rebuilt area St sq. yards. Mee garden, fully fun nished, from private. \$35,000. Ap-ply: Mr. R. Matthes, P.O. Box 891, CH-4001 Basel 1, Switzerland. NEW YORK, Upper East Side, 2 cr posures, breatbaking view of river, humfour, air conditioned 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, formal dining-room, 34-bour docume, \$68,000. Box 11,155, Harald, Paris, PERSONNEL WANTED SECRETARY ASSISTANT for American senior partner in-ternational law firm CHAMPS-ELYSSES area. Position requires experisnos and dependability. Top remuneration. Write to: Box 85.55. Earlie, Paris. KELLY GIRL recruits orary help compar bilingual shorthand secretaries. Call: OFFER Office, 770-95-46. MONTRACMASSE Office: 538-72-30 LONDON: 61 491 7353. URGENT Qualified English teachers required by school located in Paris Sand C.V., recent photo and salary expected. Write: Haves Contact: 156 Hid. Haussmann, 1500s-Paris, No. 60,260. SALESMEN: Sell proven GUARANTEED SWISS FINANCIAL PRODUOT based upon individual
ownership with long-term guarantees for your clients. Rapid
advancement for those capable of
creating and managing their own
sales terms. Raply in confidence
with phone number to: Box 11,150,
Herald, Paris.
INTL Ca. has openings for 2 men
& women Start now, salest +
commission. Training, transportation paid. Apply: Mrs. Maclinfrom 1-5 p.m., 2nd floor 10 Pac
Richepanse, Paris-Se.
INTERGOVERNEENTAL ORGANIBATION PARIS seeks bilingual aborthand typis; Prench English,
English mother tongue, for permannar position. Cell: Paris,
172-13-15, ext. 82%.

SITUATIONS WANTED FOUNG ENGLISH ADMINISTRATOR, 30, wishes to live and work in France. Eas reasonable knowledge of France and the French innguings and is prepared to consider any offer of work. Box 0.772, H.T., 28 Great Queen St., London WCZB SHE. FRIENCH WOMAN, 24, speaking English, seeks job—typing—switch, board of telex. Please, contact at Paris: 270-24-14.

Members Without

\text{Virice, Frencht}
\text{Community (oir) \$ 31.50 \$0.00}
\text{Africa, South (air) \$ 40.50 \$91.50}
\text{Aigeries, Yunisia}
\text{Morocce (air) ... \$ 21.06 \$52.00}
\text{Amorocce (air) ... \$ 40.50 \$91.50}
\text{India (air) ... \$ 40.50 \$91.50}
\text{Iran, Iraq (air) ... \$ 37.50 \$70.00}
\text{Ispan, Kores (air) \$ 60.00 \$12.00}
\text{Lebanon (air) ... \$ 37.50 \$70.00}

THIS OFFER FOR FIRST-TIME SUBSCRIBERS

MAPORTANT: PAYMENT MUST &E ENCLOSED WITH (to: International Haraid Tribune, 21 Rue de Betri, 75386-Cedex 08, France. For accounting purposes, Pro-forma involc